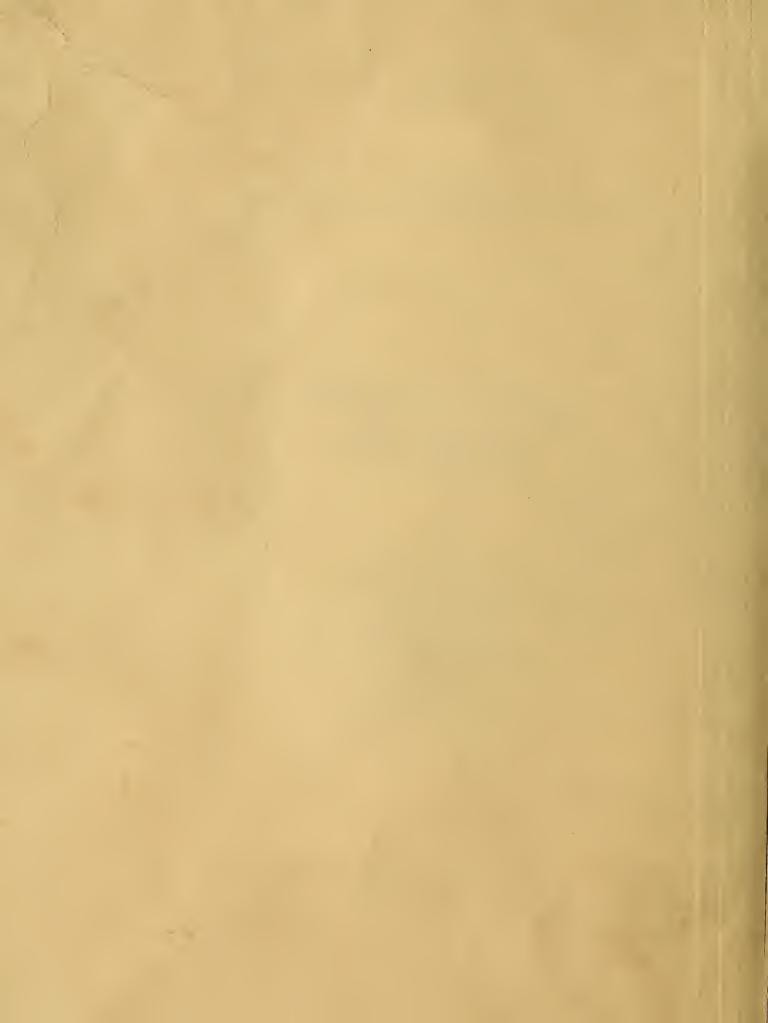
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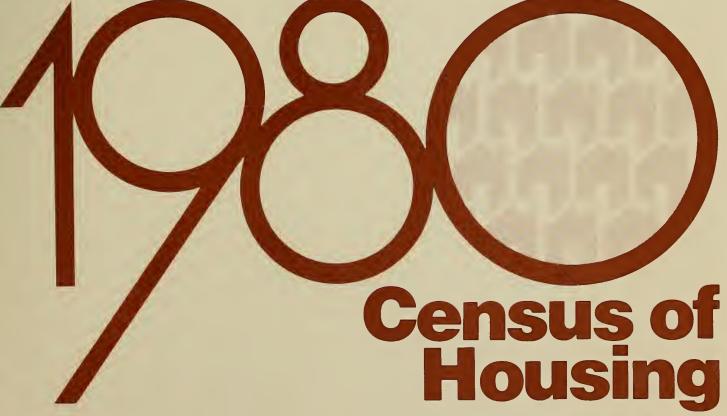
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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ALTOONA, PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA



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VOLUME 2

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Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ALTOONA, PA.

HC80-2-65

Issued October 1983



Economic Affairs

U.S. Department of Commerce

Malcolm Baldrige, Secretary

Robert G. Dederick,

Under Secretary for

BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

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BUREAU OF THE CENSUS
C. L. Kincannon, Acting Director

HOUSING DIVISION Arthur F. Young, Chief

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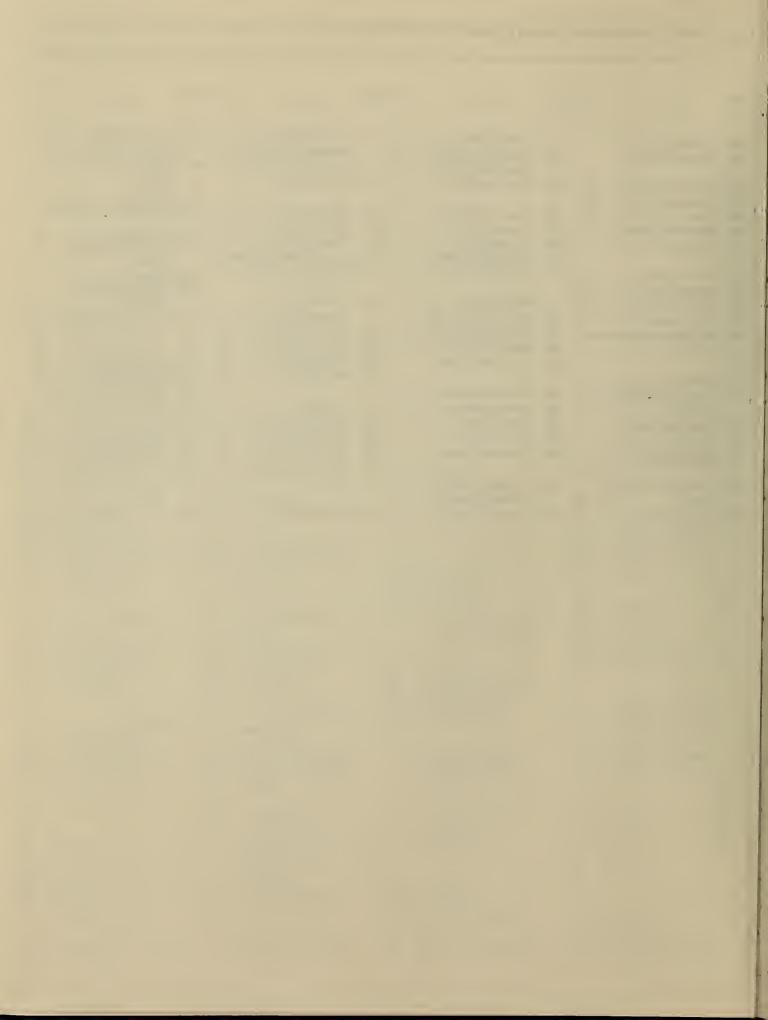
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10	Not assigned	30	West wilding	86	Bay City, Mich.	121	Cincinnati, Ohio-KyInd.
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14	Idaho	54	Not assigned	89	Benton Harbor, Mich.	124	Colorado Springs, Colo.
15	Illinois	55	Not assigned	90	Billings, Mont.	125	Columbia, Mo.
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306	Rochester, N.Y.	325	Santa Cruz, Calif.	345	Stockton, Calif.		Calif.
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309	Sacramento, Calif.	327	Sarasota, Fla.	347	Tacoma, Wash.		
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311	St. Cloud, Minn.	330	Sharon, Pa.	350	Terre Haute, Ind.	0.00	lowa
312	St. Joseph, Mo.			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	368	Wausau, Wis.
313	St. Louis, MoIII.	331	Sheboygan, Wis.	351	Texarkana, Tex	369	West Palm Beach-Boca
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В.	Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics
C.	General Enumeration and Processing Procedures
D.	Accuracy of the Data
E.	Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages
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GENERAL

This report is part of the *Metropolitan Housing Characteristics* series and presents cross-tabulations of sample data on housing and household characteristics from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing. Legal provision for this census, which was conducted as of April 1, 1980, was made in the Act of Congress of August 31, 1954 (amended August 1957, December 1975, and October 1976), which codified Title 13, United States Code.

The content and procedures of the 1980 census were determined after evaluation of the results of the 1970 census, consultation with a wide variety of users of census data, and extensive field testing. A number of changes were introduced in 1980 to improve the usefulness of the census results. The changes do not, however, affect to any appreciable extent the comparability between the 1980 data and the 1970 data. Further information on comparability appears in Appendix B, "Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics."

More detailed information on the technical and procedural matters covered in the text of this report can be obtained by writing to the Director, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233. Such information will also appear in other publications of the 1980 census.

The Metropolitan Housing Characteristics series consists of a United States Summary report and individual reports for each of the 50 States, Puerto Rico, and each of the standard metropolitan statistical areas (SMSA's) in the United States and Puerto Rico. The abbreviated identification for this report is HC80-2 (i.e., Housing Census, 1980, Volume 2) followed by a number representing the State or SMSA.

In the SMSA reports, data are published for the following levels of geography: the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 or more population. In the State reports, data are shown for the State, that part of the State inside SMSA's, and inside central cities. In the United States Summary report, data are published for the United States total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities, and for the four census regions, the region total, inside SMSA's, and inside central cities.

CONTENTS OF THE REPORT

This report contains text (this introduction and six appendixes), a table of contents, one or more maps, and a series of detailed tables. The detailed tables are organized to provide a set of 68 tables for each geographic area (State, SMSA, central city, etc.) covered in the report. As shown in the "Index of Tables" on page IX, the set of tables for each geographic area is identified with a unique letter (A, B, C, etc.) prefix in the table number. In the SMSA reports, the SMSA is presented first, followed by the sets of tables for the central cities and places, all in alphabetical order.

For each particular area, the 68 tables consist of: 13 tables for the area in its entirety, 44 tables for occupied housing units classified by the racial group of the householder, and 11 tables for occupied housing units with householders of Spanish origin. More specifically, tables

1 to 13 are for the entire State, SMSA, central city, or place; tables 14 to 24 are for housing units with a White householder; tables 25 to 35 are for units with a Black householder; tables 36 to 46 are for units with an American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut householder; tables 47 to 57 are for units with an Asian or Pacific Islander householder; and tables 58 to 68 are for units with a Spanish origin householder.

The race and Spanish origin tables are presented for SMSA's and places only when certain population-size criteria are met. Tables 25 to 35 (Black); 36 to 46 (American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut); and 47 to 57 (Asian and Pacific Islander) are presented only when the particular area's population contains 10,000 or more persons of the given racial group or when the persons in the given racial groups constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area. If any of these 3 sets of tables qualify to appear for an area, tables 14 to 24 (White) are also presented. The Spanish origin tables (58 to 68) are shown if there are 10,000 or more Spanish origin persons in the particular area or if such persons constitute 10 percent or more of the total population of the particular area.

Appearing last in the report are the appendixes. Appendix A describes the various area classifications (e.g., standard metropolitan statistical area, census designated place). Appendix B provides definitions and explanations for the subjects covered in this report. Appendix C briefly explains the residence rules used in counting the population and describes the data collection and processing procedures. Appendix D presents information on the sources of error in the data and on editing procedures. Appendix E contains facsimiles of the 1980 census questionnaire pages and respondent instructions. Appendix F summarizes the data dissemination program of the 1980 census.

DERIVED FIGURES (Means, Medians, and Percents)

This report presents means, medians, and percents, as well as certain rates and ratios. The median—a type of average—is the middle value in a distribution; i.e., the median divides the distribution into two equal parts: one-half of the cases are below the median and one-half of the cases are above the median. Percents and other derived measures which round to less than 0.1 are not shown but are indicated as zero (i.e., "—").

Medians for rooms are rounded to the nearest tenth; for age, to the nearest year; for persons, to the nearest hundredth; for value, to the nearest hundred dollars; and for income, selected monthly owner costs, contract and gross rent, to the nearest dollar. In computing medians for rooms and persons per housing unit, the whole number is used as the midpoint of the interval so that, for example, the category "3 rooms" is treated as an interval ranging from 2.5 to 3.5 rooms. In computing median rent, units reported as "no cash rent" are excluded. The median is computed on the basis of the distribution as tabulated, which is sometimes more detailed than the distribution shown in this report. For example, median age is based on a distribution of five year intervals from 15 to 85 years. When the median falls in the lower terminal category of an open-ended distribution, the method of presentation is to show the initial value of the next category followed by a minus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "Less than \$10,000," it is shown as "\$10,000-." When the median falls in the upper terminal category of an openended distribution, the initial value of the terminal category is given followed by a plus sign; thus, for example, if the median falls in the category "\$150,000 or more," it is shown as "\$150,000+."

SYMBOLS AND GEOGRAPHIC ABBREVIATIONS

The following symbols and geographic abbreviations are used in the tables:

- A dash "-" represents zero or a percent which rounds to less than 0.1.
- Three dots "..." mean not applicable, or that the data are being withheld to avoid disclosure of information for individual housing units. (For further information on disclosure, see the section below on "Suppression of Data for Confidentiality.")
- CDP is census designated place.
- SMSA is standard metropolitan statistical area.

SUPPRESSION OF DATA FOR CONFIDENTIALITY

To maintain the confidentiality promised respondents and required by law, the Census Bureau takes precautions that its published data do not disclose information about specific individuals and housing units. To accomplish this, the Bureau suppresses data for characteristics which are based on a small number of persons and/or housing units in the geographic area. Under certain conditions, both primary and complementary suppression, as defined below, may take place.

The general rules of primary suppression of sample data are as follows: esti-

mates of total population by race and Spanish origin are never suppressed; other characteristics for persons are shown only if there are 30 or more persons in the geographic area; estimates of total housing units, vacant housing units, year-round housing units, and occupied housing units are never suppressed; characteristics of year-round housing units which are not classified by occupancy status are shown only when there are 10 or more year-round housing units in the geographic area; characteristics of families, households, or occupied housing units are shown only if there are at least 10 occupied housing units within the geographic area; and distributions of data for owners or renters are shown only where the number of owners is at least 10 and the number of renters is also at least 10. These primary suppression criteria are applied independently of one another. The comparable figures for complete count (100-percent) data are 15 or more persons and 5 or more housing units of the specified type.

Population and occupied housing unit characteristics cross-classified by race or Spanish origin (of the householder in the case of occupied housing units) are subject to an additional level of examination. This requires that the 30 person or 10 housing unit criterion stated above be applied individually to each race or Spanish origin category.

Finally, complementary suppression is applied to prevent the derivation of primary suppressed data by subtraction. For example, housing unit data shown by tenure may require complementary suppression when the number of owner-occupied or renter-occupied housing units is less than 10.



Metropolitan Housing Characteristics

ALTOONA, PA.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREA HC80-2-65

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This report presents a set of tables for the SMSA, each central city, and each place of 50,000 inhabitants or more. The report is organized to provide a set of 68 tables for	for each geographic area appear and the pages on which data for the various race/Spanish origin house-holders appear	IX
each geographic area. There are 11 tables showing data for all households in the area, 2 tables showing data for vacant units, 11 tables for householders of each of four separate race groups, and 11 tables for householders of Spanish	List of Tables—shows the table numbers and titles for each of the 68 tables	X
origin. The race/Spanish origin tables are, however, shown only when certain population criteria are met. See page VII of the Introduction for further information. To assist the reader in using this report, the listings are presented as	Table Finding Guide—shows the tables in which the various subject cross-classifications presented in the report appear	XII
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SMSA total Altoona	A B	1 to 12 13 to 24	_	=	Ξ		=

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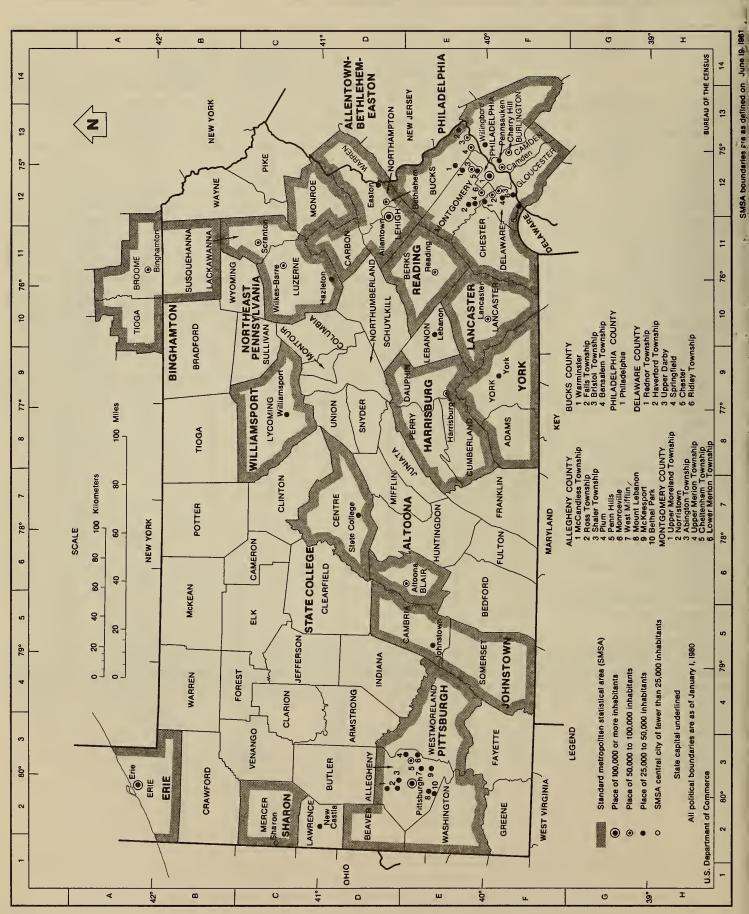
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Table Finding Guide — Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

d monthly r costs for mortgaged using units							
	not mo	Selected monthly owner costs for mortgaged housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of renter-occupied housing units	Income and poverty status in 1979 of owner-occupied housing units	Gross rent	Value	Subject
_ 6		_ 5	_ 4			1	OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium
6 6 - 6		5 5 - 5	- - - 4	- - - 3	2 - 2 2	1 - 1 1	UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms
- 6 -		- 5 -	=	=	2 2 2	- 1 -	STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure
_		-	4	3	2	1	PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities
6 6 - 6		5 5 5 7	4 4 4 4	3 3 3 3	2 2 - - -	1 1 - -	EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel.
6		5 —		_ _ _	-		FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value
6 - -		5 - -	_ _ 4 4	- - -	- - - -	- - -	Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income
_		-	4	-	2	_	Gross rent as percentage of household income Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of
		_		3	_	1	HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS
6 - -		5 - -	4 - -	3 - -	2 - 2	1 1 1	householder
							The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gr
19 30		18 29	17 28	16 27	15 26	14 25	White Black
41 52 63		40 51 62	39 50 61	38 49 60	37 48 59	36 47 58	Aleut
	00 or more pluction on p	5 — 5 — 5 — 5 — — 5 — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — 5 — — — — — 5 — — — — — 5 — — — — — 5 — — — — — 5 — — — — — — 5 — — — — — — — 5 —	4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	2 2	1 1 1	Plumbing facilities EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment Air conditioning. Vehicles available House heating fuel Water heating fuel Water heating fuel. FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value Price asked. Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs Selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. Contract rent Gross rent Rent asked. Gross rent as percentage of household income. Mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income. HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder Income Income below poverty level The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the growth of t

Table Finding Guide—Cross-Classification of Subjects by Table Number

Subject	Year structure built	Units in structure	Size of household (persons)	Household composition by age of householder	Age and sex of householder in one-person households	Duration of vacancy	Price asked and rent asked
OCCUPANCY CHARACTERISTICS Condominium	_ 7	8 8		_	=	-	<u>-</u>
UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS Rooms	7 7 - 7	8 - 8 8	9 - - 9	- 10 - -	- - -	12 - 12 12	- - 13 -
STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS Units in structure	7 - -	- - -	9 –	-	11 - -	12 12 —	13 13 —
PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS Plumbing facilities	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
EQUIPMENT AND FUELS Heating equipment	7 7 - 7	8 8 8 8		-		12 - - - -	1111
FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS Value	- - -	- -	9 - -	= -	_ _ 11	_ 12 _	= -
percentage of household income Contract rent	- - -	-	9 - 9 -		11 - 11 -	- - - 12	- - -
household income	_	-	9	10		-	
HOUSEHOLD CHARACTERISTICS Household type by age of householder	7 7 7	8 A 8	9	- - -	_ 11 11	- - -	- - -
The table numbers listed above show data the race or Spanish origin group, or if the gro							
White	20 31 42 53	21 32 43 54	22 33 44 55	23 34 45 56	24 35 46 57	= =	= =
Spanish origin	64	65	66	67	68	-	_



CORRECTION NOTE

Any corrections to the 1980 census counts of the total population and total housing units made after this report was printed are available by writing to Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, washington, D.C. 20233.

NOTE TO USERS:

The "Not computed" line for Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as Percentage of Household Income in 1979 for not mortgaged units includes households with zero or negative income and households reporting no housing costs; that is, not mortgaged units with no utility, fuel, tax, or insurance payments required. Households with no Selected Monthly Owner Costs are normally excluded from the "Not computed" category.

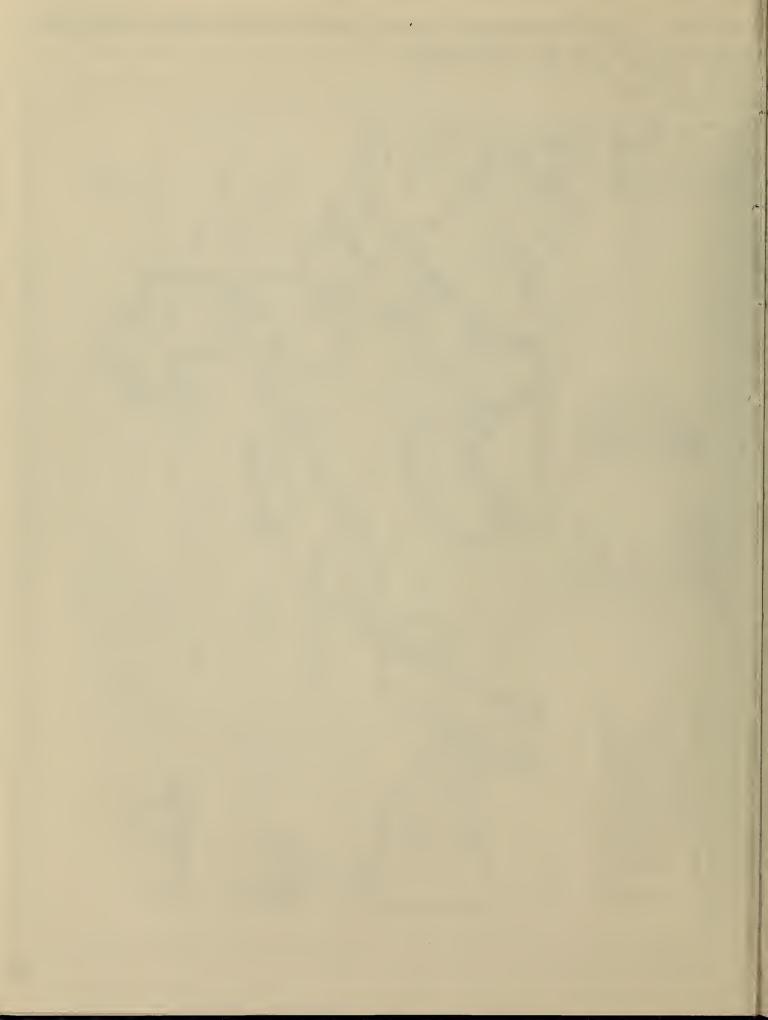


Table A-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estimo	res basea on	a somple, sei	e Introduction	. For meonin	g of symbols	, see introduc	tion. For det	initions of ter	ms, see appen	dixes A and B		
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 to \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	29 291	2 165	6 268	7 028	4 939	3 724	2 318	2 199	366	224	60	28 400	33 100
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Made householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 64 years 55 years ond over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 46 years and over Median age	21 523 548 4 141 4 096 8 955 3 783 1 905 259 95 259 254 507 790 5 863 33 321 379 2 082 3 048 53.2	1 138 33 88 150 462 405 323 30 97 178 178 704 - 39 239 426 63.4	4 056 125 710 598 1 686 468 26 555 46 129 212 1 744 20 117 90 591 926 57.3	5 204 173 959 832 2 196 1 044 346 17 37 51 94 147 1 478 13 93 91 486 795 54.3	3 770 111 750 791 1 549 266 23 37 40 77 89 903 - 56 60 392 395 52.1	2 910 50 619 633 1 238 370 261 112 78 34 69 69 69 69 69 40 44 211 258 49,7	1 982 30 450 508 787 207 132 20 22 22 22 22 24 12 107 47.1	1 886 19 468 430 797 172 76 - 19 23 14 20 20 237 - 11 31 31 74 47.3	341 7 7 59 98 136 41 10 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	195 	41 17 13 11 13 3 5 6 6 - 6 48.8	30 900 25 000 33 800 35 800 36 800 24 500 23 300 29 900 21 600 20 300 21 600 25 600 23 900 21 600 21 600	35 200 29 200 37 400 39 200 29 300 29 500 35 400 33 800 27 500 27 200 26 500 19 100 27 200 27 200 31 300 27 200 31 300 27 000 27 000 27 000 27 000 27 000
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 876 5 104 4 425 6 394 11 492	69 164 172 385 1 375	223 829 852 1 248 3 116	364 985 1 113 1 583 2 983	358 899 793 1 034 1 855	314 821 564 866 1 159	224 558 377 597 562	271 650 407 550 321	32 106 84 80 64	8 80 60 40 36	13 12 3 11 21	37 900 36 400 30 900 29 800 23 300	40 700 39 600 35 900 34 300 27 200
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	343 2 117 5 522 10 940 5 636 4 733 6.1	121 2 264 537 773 261 209 5.7	108 600 1 111 2 687 1 025 737 6.0	39 531 1 402 2 803 1 412 841 6.1	20 393 1 101 1 865 928 632 6.0	33 197 798 1 417 743 536 6.1	13 92 370 703 557 583 6.5	9 38 169 623 628 732 6.9	- 20 59 40 247 8.1	- 2 5 10 39 168 8.5+	- 9 - 3 48 8.5+	14 000 22 600 27 400 26 300 31 200 39 100	20 300 25 500 29 800 30 200 35 300 45 300
BEDROOMS Non: 1 2 3 4 5 ar more	35 661 6 356 16 873 4 649 717	7 137 693 1 037 258 33	15 253 1 571 3 473 852 104	167 1 675 3 911 1 172 103	7 28 1 177 2 852 776 99	6 35 714 2 326 542 101	27 271 1 577 358 85	5 215 1 413 474 92	- 17 183 107 59	- 20 94 79 31	9 3 7 31 10	13 500 17 700 24 800 30 100 30 500 42 000	20 600 22 400 27 800 33 800 37 100 48 700
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	2 183 1 564 3 118 3 602 2 321 16 503	8 40 62 89 122 1 844	47 82 156 326 497 5 160	169 139 455 675 601 4 989	276 299 472 818 591 2 483	493 292 721 772 272 1 174	481 285 508 498 132 414	548 331 568 334 95 323	79 43 126 43 6 69	57 50 45 31 - 41	25 3 5 16 5 6	51 700 47 500 45 700 38 500 29 000 21 900	54 300 49 300 47 100 40 600 31 000 24 700
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499. \$12,500 to \$14,999. \$15,000 to \$19,999. \$20,000 to \$24,999. \$25,000 to \$34,999. \$35,000 to \$49,999. \$50,000 or more. Median.	2 533 4 450 2 590 2 332 5 117 4 822 5 056 1 668 723 \$17 716 \$19 347	488 580 239 185 285 216 117 55 - \$10 152 \$12 114	776 1 326 703 579 1 200 821 672 163 28 \$13 921 \$15 112	627 1 197 700 614 1 293 1 269 999 267 62 \$16 403 \$17 546	337 742 456 379 981 952 814 224 54 \$17 682 \$18 372	150 363 239 356 676 596 973 282 282 89 \$20 560 \$21 697	104 128 153 142 340 470 673 230 78 \$23 114 \$24 318	39 99 96 57 294 418 664 345 187 \$26 237 \$29 320	6 4 2 10 38 46 91 71 98 \$32 946 \$41 649	6 11 2 8 4 31 44 31 87 \$41 558 \$48 456	- - - 2 6 3 9 - 40 \$55 468 \$65 761	20 000 22 200 24 200 25 400 28 200 31 000 39 100 44 000 64 500	23 300 24 800 27 300 28 900 31 400 34 600 40 600 45 500 73 100
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 10 to 14 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 20 to 24 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median Not mortgaged Less flow 10 percent 10 to 13 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	12 890 4 087 3 315 2 066 1 159 655 1 564 44 18.5 16 401 1 132 958 429 1 484 159 12.0	486 142 110 73 36 355 90 19.6 1 679 445 349 240 240 288 288 24	2 045 681 604 228 161 95 259 17, 17,8 4 223 1 578 8 300 579 371 274 107 426 58 13.0	2 796 965 7484 214 214 120 299 4 232 1 783 910 513 295 295 286 377 2911.7	2 366 755 602 408 1771 138 291 1 18.6 2 573 623 310 310 201 165 64 188 299 12.2	1 915 585 442 362 181 109 234 2 19.2 1 899 899 195 61 1119 42 100 111 10.1	1 422 413 379 252 159 50 151 18.8 896 402 247 2 32 28 19 68 8	1 431 411 325 234 189 91 181 - - 19.7 768 453 149 72 72 26 5 5 31 32 - 10—	251 94 62 28 27 15 5 25 17.5 115 68 28 13 6	145 33 31 37 8 2 34 - 21.1 79 58 8 - 7	33 8 12 - 13 - - 18.5 27 19 - 2 6 6 - - 10—	34 800 33 200 33 700 33 7100 39 900 34 600 27 100 24 600 24 900 24 900 21 500 23 200 20 600 19 500	38 300 37 200 37 600 39 800 42 400 37 700 37 800 35 400 29 000 29 000 29 000 26 600 24 900 24 100 23 200 24 100 23 200
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Hearling equipment Central hearling system Air conditioning Central system Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	29 098 493 193 10 29 284 27 962 6 405 1 153 1 925 6.6	2 061 49 104 4 2 165 1 968 238 9 392 18.1	6 198 139 70 6 6 268 5 902 842 32 579 9.2	7 011 75 17 7 021 6 758 1 305 78 474 6.7	4 939 120 4 939 4 759 1 168 117 218 4.4	3 724 58 3 724 3 585 1 027 203 113 3.0	2 318 39 - 2 318 2 230 695 223 97 4.2	2 197 13 2 2 199 2 122 789 306 35 1.6	366 	224 	60 - - 60 60 36 21 -	28 500 27 600 10000— 10 800 28 400 28 600 37 000 54 400 19 800	33 200 28 500 11 700 10 500 33 100 33 300 41 200 60 900 23 700

Table A -2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto are estimat	es based on a	sample, see In	troduction. Fo	or meaning of	symbols, see Ir	atroduction. F	or definitions of	r terms, see ap	pendixes A and	18]	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 546	1 150	1 883	3 132	2 395	1 476	950	375	244	78	863	195
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	4 747	89	364	1 149	1 064	737	520	241	150	35	398	225 212
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	887 1 709	20 21	81 86	270 333 104	259 445	180 264	272	129	10 36	16	107	212
35 to 44 years	647 887	7	46	104	445 135 147	264 104	59		66	10 5	72	248
45 to 64 years65 years and over	617	25 16	86 46 67 84 430 63 32 46	220 222 508 165 164 43 64 72	78	138 51	59 272 59 104 26 122 14 50 22 24	44 35 33 34	36 66 24 14 30	4	107 72 122 89 131	240 248 225 185 186 193 217 201 150 135
Male householder, no wife present	2 311 450	284	430 63	508 165	411 83	337	122	34	30 17	24	131 15	186 193
25 to 34 years	450 592	24 11	32	164	171	122	50	20	13		0	217
35 to 44 years	297 534	43 90	160	43 64	55 68	73	22	12	-	11 6	31	150
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	438 5 488	116	160 129 1 089 83	72	34 920	62 122 46 73 34 402	12	100	- 64	19	31 37 39 334	135
15 to 24 years	610	777 34 54	83	1 475 265 288 149	111	68	308 39	100	_	-	5	192
25 to 34 years	1 097 567	40	139	149	299 145	144 77	104 47	31 24	16 17	13	16 23 120	192 208 215
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 159 2 055	111 538	304 531	320 453	158 207	45 68	52 66	27 13	22		120 170	163 139
Median age	41.0	68.4	59.8	37.5	32.4	31.8	33.1	35.3	39.5	37.1	54.8	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT												
1979 to March 1980	4 675 4 040	255 401	418 639 346 329 151	1 132 1 076	1 050 773	800 409 198	550 285 77	223 101 29	135 90	44 34	68 232 130 152	222 188 176
1970 to 1974	1 955 1 017	324 82	346	502 267	773 330 100	198 55	77	29 16	19	_	130	176 153
1975 to Nation 1978 1970 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	859	88	151	155	142	14	16 22	6	_	_	281	164
ROOMS												
1 room 2 rooms	407 438	284	150	6	5 32	3	18 5 47	_	_	20	8 26	91 118
3 rooms	2 284	326	568	748		160	47	6	6	- 6	62	165
4 rooms5 rooms	3 644 2 628	144 326 219 119	348	659	574	364	254	114	37 51 101	17	62 137 116	209
6 rooms 7 or more rooms	1 992 1 153	37 21	63 150 568 553 348 147 54 3.8	68 748 1 146 659 398 107	361 788 574 402 233 4.5	444 364 320 172	254 266 243 117	6 60 114 113 82 5.6	101 49	26 9	205 309	165 193 209 240 252
Median	4.4	3.0	3.8	4.1	4.5	4.8	5.1	5.6	5.8	5.3	5.9	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM												
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979 All income levels in 1979	12 546	1 150	1 883	3 132	2 395	1 476	950	375	244	78	863	195
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 546 12 059 7 840	965 649	1 883 1 761 1 305	3 056	2 350 1 445	1 469	950 947 505	375 375 207 159	244	78	814	197 190
0.51 to 1.00	3 930	311	417	2 050 930	856	921 509 34	505 410 32	159	113 117	78 23 50 5	622 171	212
1.01 to 1.50	254 35	5	39	61 15 76 52 24	47	34	32	9	14	5 -	13 8	212 220 176
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	487 226	185 67	122	76 52	45	7	3		-	_	8 49 24	118
0.51 to 1.00	253	118	74 42	24	34	7	3	_	_		24 25	99
1.01 to 1.50	6 2	_	6	_		_	_		_	_	_	123 99 135 238
Income in 1979 below poverty level	2 847 2 669	513	651 595	631	_	240	134	52 52	30	n	118	165
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 669 121	451	595	631 612 39	467 452 29 15	233	134 14	52	30	11	99 7	169
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	178	62	21 56	19	15	7	-	-		-	19	193 108 118
1.01 or more persons per room BEDROOMS	١	_	١	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	178
None	494	314	97	17	12	3	18	-	-	20	13	92
2	3 695 5 076	511 246	874 655	1 241 1 421	600 1 112	255 676	82 442	174	110	5 22	121 218	165 204
3	2 562 582	71	655 204 48	1 421 371 76	543 105	420 103	442 343 64	135 45	120	22 27	328 125	165 204 244 246 260
5 or more	137	-	5	6	23	19	ី រី	15	6	4	58	260
UNITS IN STRUCTURE		. 10										
1, detached or attached	4 369 2 739	169 164	345 574	753 934	850 614	677 236	487 107	229	150 14	28 4	681 71	233
3 and 4 5 to 9	1 777 1 273	153 149	389 241	642 381 196	217	134 100 171	62	34	16	-	30	175
10 to 49	995	139	100	196	177	171	113 119	33	16 18 28 10	5 23 18	30 3 9 15 54	175 183 213 120
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	943 450	369 7	201 33	101 125	243 177 77 117	84 74	46 16	34 20 33 22 16	10	18	15 54	120 211
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT									- 77			
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	1 128 1 587	149	137 166	86 216	159	195 171	238	83	46	21	14	256
1960 to 1969	994	388 72 39	86	215	303 196	187	61	83 59 46 26 55	25	12 18	88	200 217
1950 to 1959	786 1 388	58	76 143 1 275	240 505 1 870	158 233 1 346	124 188	238 167 61 59 91	55	46 63 25 2 32 76	_	14 42 88 62 83 574	202 196
1939 or earlier	6 663	444	1 275	1 870	1 346	611	334	106	76	27	574	185
STORIES IN STRUCTURE 1 to 3	11 677	799	1 676	3 004	2 293	1 451	930	369	234 10	73	848	199
4 or more With elevator	869 769	351 345	207 187	128 83	102 81	25 17	20 20	6	10	73 5 5	15 15	110 l 104 l
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD	707	043	107	03	01	17	20		10		13	104
INCOME IN 1979												1.77
Less than 15 percent	1 868 1 967	243 148	324 240	680 558	381 467 289	168 318	160 167	47	7 29	10	•••	177 203
20 to 24 percent	1 733	243 148 232 204 136 123	324 240 307 203 136	430	289	204 163 99	167	6 47 73 47 43 86	20	11 14		188
30 to 34 percent	903	136	136	164	322 191	99	136 82 150	43	20 23 46 53 66	16 7	• • •	205
30 to 34 percent 35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed	1 737 1 963	123 56	313	680 558 430 274 164 485 508 33	310 401	210 305	150 206	65	53 66	l 25 i	***	203 188 202 205 195 210
Not computed	989 25.8	23.9	29 26.4	33 23.6	34 25.7	26.3	28.6	31.2	34.7	31.3	863	184
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	100	20.7		20.0	20.7	10.0				31.0		
Harrian aculoment	12 546 11 725 2 869	1 150	1 883 1 753 272	3 132 2 904	2 395 2 219	1 476 1 417	950	375	244	78 74	863 774	195
Central heating system	2 869	1 085 290 149	272	2 904 449 71	441 106	459 129	950 920 412 185	375 340 157 77	239 111	74 58 40	220	195 231 261
Central system	962	149	110	71	106	129	185	77	53	40	42	261

Table A=3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Н	ousehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollors)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Owner-occupied housing units	35 909	3 476	5 636	3 282	2 986	6 305	5 584	5 839	1 944	857	17 064	18 802	2 714
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	25 959 855 5 004	929 30 136	2 796 86 273	2 213 98 409	2 187 125 443	5 146 283 1 360	4 900 140 1 266	5 223 77 924	1 781 11 161	784 5 32	19 725 16 702 19 634	21 501 17 079 20 152	1 182 47 241
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	4 947 10 613 4 540 2 558 147	79 375 309 413	223 783 1 431 601 35	301 634 771 292 16	352 617 650 235 21	986 1 852 665 401 47	1 209 2 005 280 243 18	1 252 2 711 259 254 9	393 1 133 83 69	152 503 92 50	21 859 22 535 11 719 12 269 15 039	23 725 1 24 602 14 149 15 265 15 041	205 442 247 215 6
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	381 316 693 1 021 7 392 57	25 - 97 290 2 134	37 29 101 399 2 239 24	34 51 89 102 777	64 38 50 62 564	112 75 104 63 758 15	42 54 110 19 441 6	53 48 83 61 362	6 15 35 13 94	8 6 24 12 23	16 138 17 222 15 699 7 356 8 180 8 661	17 445 19 987 18 103 11 096 10 547 10 795	25 76 108 1 317
15 to 24 years	478 507 2 593 3 757 53.1	74 99 474 1 475 68. 1	149 128 738 1 200 66.2	99 83 324 271 57.4	34 53 291 186 53.5	69 45 324 305 46.4	48 51 187 149 44.7	29 183 146 48.2	1 19 51 23 51.1	21 22 52.1	8 661 10 404 10 798 10 652 6 173	11 118 12 315 12 783 8 689	12 139 127 371 668 59.3
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	2 580 6 610 5 649	116 375 377	309 629 639	242 491 462	210 613 496	551 1 525 1 138	476 1 357 1 115	480 1 170 956	125 306 325	71 144 141	18 759 19 032 18 730	20 588 20 253 19 924	195 384 437
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	7 655 13 415	618 1 990	881 3 178	665 1 422	507 1 160	1 293 1 798	1 349 1 287	1 566 1 667	532 656	244 257	19 522 12 753	20 901 16 074	1 178
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room Heating equipment Centrol heating system	35 540 664 369 15 35 902 33 874	3 327 20 149 - 3 476 3 059	5 503 40 133 6 5 636 5 289	3 266 95 16 - 3 282 3 088	2 966 46 20 - 2 986 2 790	6 292 143 13 3 6 298 5 914	5 562 135 22 - 5 584 5 336	5 827 136 12 6 5 839 5 660	1 940 45 4 - 1 944 1 896	857 4 - - 857 842	17 180 19 508 6 032 16 875 17 061 17 310	18 910 20 461 8 413 18 986 18 802 19 068	2 604 83 110 6 2 714 2 331
Air conditioning Centrol system Vahicles available 1 2 or more	7 705 1 363 33 142 12 861 20 281	474 74 2 155 1 558 597	886 130 4 602 3 273 1 329	622 64 3 122 1 877 1 245	622 54 2 904 1 373 1 531	1 418 196 6 203 2 334 3 869	1 141 157 5 562 1 359 4 203	1 585 313 5 808 834 4 974	575 174 1 934 212 1 722	382 201 852 41 811	19 419 25 183 18 078 12 130 21 704	22 254 30 680 19 823 13 627 23 753	366 71 1 952 1 185 767
House heating fuel. Utility gos Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	35 902 21 474 141 2 389 9 850 2 048	3 476 2 162 7 119 983 205	5 636 3 422 46 216 1 621 331	3 282 1 891 9 190 997 195	2 986 1 742 6 151 881 206	6 298 3 657 40 438 1 785 378	5 584 3 280 1 491 1 490 322	5 839 3 519 25 517 1 461 317	1 944 1 266 171 429 78	857 535 7 96 203 16	17 061 17 106 15 272 20 818 16 239 16 104	18 802 19 002 22 379 22 342 17 792 17 177	2 714 1 423 7 132 967 185
Median rooms Specified owner-occupied housing units	6.0	5.5 2 533	5.7	5.8 2 590	5.9 2 332	6.0 5 117	6.1	6.3 5 056	6.6	7.5 723	17 716	19 347	5.6
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS With a mortgage	12 890	402	951	903	939	2 717	2 943	2 788	877	370	20 816	22 447	561
Less thon \$200 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	1 409 2 400 2 653 2 086 1 478	42 97 107 51 35	236 213 187 160 62	110 246 190 141	178 215 172 108 89	339 581 692 427 264	299 519 625 550 440	162 433 520 456 351	34 94 130 147 114	9 2 30 46 45 90	16 916 18 750 19 863 21 197 21 966	19 149 18 933 20 463 22 430 23 314	93 125 111 70 71
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more Medion	1 708 644 358 154 \$300	44 26 - - \$279	68 22 3 - \$257	78 74 37 21 6 \$275	112 26 31 8 \$272	307 83 20 4 \$282	343 103 43 21 \$303	535 176 116 39 \$331	135 141 67 15 \$365	90 30 57 61 \$451	23 133 25 482 28 600 27 963	25 398 28 510 34 937 46 330	55 36 - - \$278
Not mortgoged. Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124	16 401 55 467 2 180 4 513	2 131 35 142 511 666	3 499 9 133 601 1 172	1 687 5 47 295 503	1 393 - 45 147 386	2 400 4 45 218 637	1 879 23 177 523	2 268 2 25 163 480	791 - 7 56 139	353 - - 12 7	14 086 4 219 8 327 9 798 12 080	16 911 6 113 10 427 12 057 14 214	1 364 35 83 313 435
\$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Median	4 055 3 782 958 391 \$131	666 382 276 85 34 \$114	795 586 144 59 \$121	503 354 395 75 13 \$125	386 436 290 72 17 \$132	706 625 124 41 \$135	456 575 85 40 \$137	635 672 226 65 \$143	233 240 82 34 \$146	58 123 65 88 \$190	15 390 17 909 18 056 23 365	17 426 19 717 22 975 37 030	244 165 61 28 \$114
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	No. 200							0.700	400	200	00.024	00.447	
With a mortgage Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent	12 890 4 087 3 315 2 066 1 159	402 - - - 5	951 9 27 74 113	903 6 55 197 216	939 95 190 247 125	2 717 420 1 029 603 404	2 943 1 049 1 056 560 180	2 788 1 527 755 340 98	877 659 174 39 5	370 322 29 6 13	20 816 27 135 21 513 19 302 16 421	22 447 31 760 22 813 19 563 17 083	561 - 8 13 30
30 to 34 percent	655 1 564 44 18.5 16 401	353 44 50+ 2 131	124 604 40.7 3 499	183 246 - 29.5 1 687	103 179 — 23.7 1 393	146 115 - 19.6 2 400	57 41 - 17.0 1 879	42 26 14.4 2 268	- 11.9 791	- - 10- 353	12 998 8 724 2500— 	14 438 9 118 -522 	31 435 44 50+
Less than 10 percent 10 to 14 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	6 690 3 533 2 016 1 132 958	2 13 77 122 271	47 522 1 076 794 652	196 822 478 155 30	368 756 230 34	1 276 964 123 25 5	1 540 310 27 2	2 126 137 5 -	784 7 - -	351 2 - - -	24 693 13 854 9 468 7 590 5 940	27 434 14 627 9 864 7 892 6 021	9 19 56 31 113
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	429 1 484 159 12.0	224 1 267 155 39.5	194 214 - 20.7	13.9	5 - 12.2	3 4 10—	10—	10-	10—	10—	4 892 3 584 2500—	5 256 3 566 90	88 893 155 45.4

Table A-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

					Но	usehold incor	me in 1979						
The SMSA	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,500 to \$14,999	\$15,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$25,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Medion (dollors)	Mean (dollars)	Income in 1979 below poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	13 179	3 249	3 780	1 606	1 049	1 913	849	595	101	37	9 328	11 029	2 991
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	5 175 947 1 835 745 988	333 98 102 28 42	1 320 265 366 118 240	728 171 298 87 52	478 102 175 64 82	1 201 225 502 205 216	571 50 211 131 169	439 36 164 93 122	86 - 13 14 59	19 - 4 5 6	13 580 11 615 14 664 16 716 16 573	14 712 12 102 14 983 17 052 17 701	663 175 232 116 82 58
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	660 2 393 461 599 297 557 479 5 611 618 1 130	63 584 132 63 52 127 210 2 332 242 257	331 734 186 111 59 173 205 1 726 214 401	120 290 71 113 32 70 4 588 61	55 188 33 86 29 34 6 383 30 153	53 343 23 159 63 59 39 369 53 102	10 127 10 52 16 39 10 151 6	24 101 6 15 29 46 5 55 12	- 8 - 5 3 - 7	4 18 - 12 6 - - -	8 954 9 120 7 391 12 863 12 974 9 283 5 563 6 110 6 067 8 757	10 588 11 009 7 965 12 979 15 422 12 610 6 877 7 640 7 283 9 634	58 485 123 78 51 115 118 1 843 273 319
35 to 44 years	602 1 179 2 082 40.8	187 391 1 255 62.8	182 341 588 44.6	115 150 113 33.6	41 92 67 33.4	55 117 42 33.4	22 47 17 37.0	36 39.6	51.0	43.2	7 763 7 814 4 520	8 345 9 295 5 524	223 356 672 41.9
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	4 837 4 258 2 056 1 069 959	1 052 986 600 326 285	1 420 1 125 653 268 314	635 594 215 97 65	447 365 101 85 51	739 686 256 124 108	303 269 124 80 73	198 191 92 67 47	24 34 15 20 8	19 8 - 2 8	9 784 10 076 8 074 8 819 7 531	11 198 11 241 10 200 11 228 10 792	1 175 872 469 243 232
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less. 0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50	12 646 8 162 4 181 263 40 533 248 273 10	3 017 2 300 677 35 5 232 132	3 620 2 386 1 138 84 12 160 67 91 2	1 561 961 560 35 5 45 16 22 5	1 010 671 323 16 - 39 15 24	1 883 1 019 809 55 - 30 5 25	830 422 372 31 5 19 11 5	592 330 246 3 13 3 2	96 51 45 - - 5 - 5	37 22 11 4 - -	9 508 8 566 11 230 10 893 11 500 5 725 4 813 6 426 11 500 11 250	11 174 10 307 12 724 12 511 17 240 7 584 6 583 8 237 13 790 11 440	2 805 1 604 1 069 115 17 186 91 92 3
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	13 176 12 254 2 946 970 9 609 6 460 3 149 13 176 8 917 182 1 349 2 228 500	3 246 2 943 611 273 1 278 1 137 141 3 246 2 268 43 325 480 130	3 780 3 482 688 273 2 593 2 067 526 3 780 2 501 53 381 698 147 4.3	1 606 1 527 304 69 1 131 298 1 606 1 083 18 134 334 37 4.6	1 049 999 262 57 967 702 265 1 049 30 103 119 28	1 913 1 812 534 1 820 887 933 1 913 1 302 21 177 335 78	849 800 279 75 810 345 465 849 525 17 135 125 47 5.3	595 563 195 66 578 143 435 595 376 71 124 24 5.4	101 97 51 11 101 40 61 101 64 - 23 9 5	37 31 22 12 33 8 25 37 29 - 4 4 4	9 330 9 501 11 431 8 534 11 633 10 057 16 653 9 330 9 273 9 632 9 594 9 401 9 063	11 031 11 115 13 246 12 493 12 985 10 834 17 396 11 031 10 896 10 019 11 714 11 032 11 954	2 988 2 708 410 146 1 359 1 113 246 2 988 2 045 34 259 475 175
Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 546	3 127	3 592	1 536	1 013	1 809	799	551	86	33	9 290	10 934	2 847
CONTRACT RENT Less thon \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 or more No cash rent Median	2 749 3 338 3 247 1 265 736 216 63 44 25 863 \$146	1 226 956 532 168 74 21 7 -5 138 \$110	840 1 020 997 337 83 35 7 14 - 259 \$140	181 405 479 235 77 21 7 - 7 124 \$158	135 238 342 126 102 5 13 - 52 \$159	214 431 590 179 206 42 6 5 7 129 \$158	98 133 149 164 120 39 5 9 6 76 \$186	47 133 133 46 60 38 12 12 70 \$167	8 13 17 10 10 13 - - 15 \$165	- 9 8 - 4 2 6 4 - - **	5 663 8 142 10 493 11 356 15 625 17 031 14 519 23 333 17 679 10 696	7 714 9 849 11 503 12 488 15 944 18 630 29 484 23 876 12 293 12 714	1 021 854 611 167 41 19 7 4 5 118
GROSS RENT Less than \$100	1 150 1 883 3 132 2 395 1 476 950 375 244 78 863 \$195	770 780 696 402 176 110 27 17 11 138	248 704 1 022 660 393 191 68 47 259 \$184	55 150 428 378 172 131 58 21 19 124 \$208	23 74 316 229 129 104 49 37 - 52 \$211	49 103 426 439 332 204 65 55 7 7 129 \$226	51 136 130 158 130 75 23 20 76 \$266	5 16 102 133 84 66 27 37 11 70 \$243	5 6 20 24 3 6 7 - 15 \$264	- - 4 8 11 - 10 - \$320	4 236 5 870 9 148 10 896 12 456 13 534 14 260 15 000 20 455 10 696	5 296 7 077 10 221 11 990 13 625 14 587 15 389 16 339 29 944 12 714	513 651 631 467 240 134 52 30 11 118 \$165
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent	1 868 1 967 1 733 1 386 903 1 737 1 963 989 25.8	7 50 186 238 209 591 1 582 264 50+	109 271 594 572 460 967 360 259 31.3	125 319 371 319 125 132 21 124 23.5	171 364 191 135 65 35 - 52 19.3	608 634 291 97 38 12 - 129 16.8	369 242 81 25 6 - 76 14.9	375 87 19 - - - 70	71 - - - - - 15	33 - - - - - - 10—	19 302 14 859 10 583 9 080 7 656 6 050 3 552 9 380	21 230 14 989 11 082 9 153 8 008 6 288 3 588 11 070	15 73 106 172 206 531 1 500 244 50+

Table A -5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Data die estatic	iles basea on a	adilipie, ace illii	odoction. Tor in	ediling of Symbo	ols, see infroduct	ion. For decimal	ons of ferms, se	e oppendixes A	dia oj	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	12 890	1 409	2 400	2 653	2 086	1 478	1 708	644	358	154	300
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	772 2 679 2 867 3 546 1 895 667 341 123 3.54	143 363 284 318 183 59 39 20 3.20	159 509 593 581 338 121 87 12 3.40	183 622 499 703 413 162 56 15 3.53	141 377 512 592 291 85 62 26 3.52	57 248 399 467 185 81 27 14 3.57	76 334 320 542 271 94 42 29 3.73	7 132 126 189 139 29 22 - 3.80	57 100 113 58 17 6 7 3.69	6 37 34 41 17 19 - - 3.50	273 288 306 314 302 297 290 328
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years ond over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 45 to 65 years and over Fermale householder, no husband present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	11 107 517 3 754 3 173 3 420 243 675 80 234 168 109 84 1 108 228 227 459 178 39.3	1 064 45 270 269 437 437 101 102 29 29 25 12 26 244 41 41 41 42 22 93 88 88	2 008 101 581 579 688 49 109 18 28 30 26 7 7 283 10 56 58 115	2 302 157 715 650 720 60 101 6 39 26 24 6 6 6 6 6 119 20 39,33	1 759 64 649 4622 531 33 156 34 43 16 20 171 - 26 34 91 20 39,3	1 356 56 576 441 250 333 60 32 22 22 26 6 - - 8 29 19 19	1 534 58 568 450 444 105 12 36 24 13 20 69 - 28 32 9	598 30 221 200 147 - 23 - 8 10 5 23 - 8 8 7 - 37.7	344 6 123 76 136 3 14 - 6 - 8 8 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	142 	305 286 323 310 290 275 308 356 314 303 284 307 255 240 264 288 288 259 201
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	1 628 4 186 2 973 2 855 1 248	37 273 388 420 291	131 600 607 768 294	222 831 660 682 258	215 751 528 420 172	351 543 306 179 99	312 741 304 265 86	215 229 99 64 37	110 142 51 52 3	35 76 30 5 8	380 326 287 268 258
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	89 585 2 027 4 626 2 823 2 740 6.3	39 91 263 624 253 139 6.0	24 165 380 999 471 361 6.1	13 133 484 1 000 567 456 6.2	13 101 310 777 528 357 6.3	45 263 509 309 352 6.3	29 244 472 405 558 6.8	- 13 57 171 207 196 6.9	- - 7 62 74 215 7.9	- 8 19 12 9 106 8.1	211 264 288 284 311 358
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	1 840 1 134 1 705 1 271 1 019 5 921	29 55 88 139 118 980	79 94 243 201 246 1 537	140 232 400 235 266 1 380	323 199 314 197 127 926	339 200 162 176 134 467	504 188 275 233 96 412	199 110 103 74 23 135	145 30 96 8 9 70	82 26 24 8 - 14	402 347 319 315 277 266
VALUE Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$79,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	486 2 045 2 796 2 366 1 915 1 422 1 431 251 145 33 \$34 800	166 441 516 178 50 39 19 - - \$21 700	185 610 713 497 262 95 32 6 -	84 549 741 535 370 225 149 - - - \$28 900	38 285 411 432 376 282 241 18 - 3 \$37 300	107 214 406 323 255 142 24 7	13 41 138 263 390 307 442 98 16 \$50 200	12 54 44 108 135 238 35 18	- - 9 28 69 134 52 52 52 \$68 200	- - 2 8 15 34 18 52 25 \$100 000	221 248 261 297 337 364 428 475 691 750+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed Median	4 087 3 315 2 066 1 159 655 1 564 44 18.5	902 216 123 86 20 62	1 160 570 262 130 100 172 6	931 858 347 151 74 280 12 17.3	500 724 308 181 134 239 —	264 384 409 137 94 178 12 21.0	195 373 423 290 102 317 8 23.3	65 116 141 94 66 156 24.9	37 65 37 67 55 97 -	33 9 16 23 10 63 -	249 301 349 361 350 358 367
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearling equipment	12 883 3 799 7 211 1 181 78 614 3 051 2 500 12 883 7 970 43 1 325 2 959 586	1 409 282 2 985 12 29 101 185 12 173 1 409 1 081 10 12 185 121	2 400 643 1 563 49 15 130 538 28 510 2 400 1 752 13 55 460 120	2 646 816 1 532 151 8 139 587 65 522 2 646 1 726 177 626 117	2 086 611 1 219 176 8 72 560 95 465 2 086 1 281 2 209 504 88	1 478 420 785 200 2 71 280 44 236 1 478 774 9 209 424 62	1 708 606 679 345 16 62 482 143 339 1 708 784 - 370 515	644 192 273 161 	358 155 130 57 16 123 62 61 358 201 - 69 72	154 74 45 30 - 5 86 54 32 154 79 - 39	300 313 285 401 233 277 319 416 305 300 283 244 400 321

Table A-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Octo ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		s based on a samp								
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 or more	Medion (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	16 401	55	467	2 180	4 513	4 055	3 782	958	391	131
PERSONS IN UNIT								157		
1 person	3 783	34 19	207	739	1 227	766	607	163 301	40	119
2 persons3 persons	6 957 2 654	19	180	739 957 274	1 976 676	1 752 762	1 604 647	208	168 49	130
4 persons	1 680 830	2	207 180 38 25 15	140 48 22	676 369 173	470 197	647 480	144	50	141
5 persons6 persons	316	=	2	22	58	73 35	264 100	144 95 19	50 38 42	151
7 persons8 or more persons	123 58		_	_	19 15	35	51 29	18 10	- 4	130 136 141 148 151 157 174
Medion	2.13	1.31	1.65	1.87	2.02	2.22	2.30	2.57	2.43	:::
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	10 416	21	221	1 118	2 590	2 790	2 717	661	298	136
25 to 34 years	31 387	2	22	56	18 96	83	80	48	6 -	130
35 to 44 years	923 5 535	<u>-</u>	18 90	83 442	220 1 351	222 1 517	270 1 571	68 385	42 175	141
65 years and over	3 540 1 230	15 19	90 91 87	442 537 252	905 309	963 230	796 228	385 158 74	75 31	131
15 to 24 years	15	-	-	-	307	230	9	' -	-	158
25 to 34 years	25 86	=	2	10	30	18	16 20	- 6	_	161
45 to 64 years65 years and over	398 706	13	2 31 54 159	10 88 154 810	61 211	18 89 115	86 97	19 49	18 13	129
Female householder, no husband present	4 755	15	159	810	1 614	1 035	837	223	- 62	136 122 130 141 140 131 121 158 161 126 129 116 122 144 138 131 124
15 to 24 years	17 93	Ξ	10	7	16	11 27	33	_	6	144
35 to 44 years	152 1 623	- 9	4 19	23	39	42 371	33 26 312	13 92	5 24	131
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	2 870	6	126 67.9	23 243 537 66.7	553 1 006	584	466 59.7	118	24 27	
Median age	62.6	66.3	67.9	00.7	63.9	61.8	39.7	58.2	57.0	•••
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	240		,,,	07	(2	,,	50	15	10	100
1979 to March 1980	248 918	2	13 24 53 61 316	27 114 150 300 1 589	62 195 339 874	66 292 334 873	52 208	15 60	13 23	133 136 138 140 126
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 452 3 539	12	53	150 300	339 874	334 873	374 1 019	60 133 290	23 57 117	138
1959 or earlier	10 244	36	316	1 589	3 043	2 490	2 129	460	181	126
ROOMS										
) to 3 rooms	254 1 532	21 15	30 81	58	45	29	30	28 35	13	110
4 rooms5 rooms	3 495	17	169	285 497	1 000	333 772	30 259 868 1 357	134	38	118 127 128 138 131
6 rooms7	6 314 2 813	2	169 120 51 16	906	1 923	1 644 828	1 357	134 260 202 299	38 102 81 157	128
8 or more rooms	1 993		16	58 285 497 906 307 127 5.8	524 1 000 1 923 628 393 5.9	449	716 552	299	157	
Median	6.0	3.9	5.2	5.8	5.9	6.0	6.0	6.6	7.0	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	2.0		,,,							1.0
1975 to March 1980	343 430	2	15 11 31 73 18 319	41 41 69	54 71 219	85 109	93 155 492 680	33 19	20 24 77 73 34 163	142 146 155 141 133 124
1960 to 1969	1 413	11	31	162	219	324 671	492 680	190 176	77 73	155
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1969 1940 to 1949	2 331 1 302 10 582	16	18	162 149 1 718	496 372	313 2 553	348 2 014	52 488	34	133
1939 or earlier	10 382	26	319	1 /18	3 301	2 333	2 014	488	103	124
VALUE	1 (70	50	107	400	500	071	240	40	20	112
Less than \$10,000	1 679 4 223 4 232	53 2	107 191	430 868 589 194 61 38	508 1 297	271 912	240 717 856 635 582 362 362	48 174	22 62 43 34 32 31 74 33	112 120 125 136 145 158 177 224
\$20,000 to \$29,999	4 232 2 573		81	589 194	1 444	1 120 855	856 635	99 126	43 34	125
\$40,000 to \$49,999	1 809	-	44 37	61	1 444 685 397 127	l 518 l	582	174 99 126 182 113	32	145
\$60,000 to \$79,999	896 768	=	7	38	48	225 136	362 362	141	74	177
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	115		_	Ξ	7	18	10	47 19	33 44	224 250 +
\$150,000 or more	\$24 600	\$10000-	\$15 500	£17 500	enn 400	\$26 700	\$31 000	\$42 200	16 \$50 600	250+
Median	\$24 600	\$1000-	\$15 500	\$17 500	\$22 400	\$20 700	\$31 000	\$42 200	\$30,000	
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
	6 690	18	230 105	917	1 938	1 759	1 419	290	119	128
Less than 10 percent	3 533 2 016	24	105 48	408 296 144 118 75 185 37	1 938 889 580 294 271	954 382	908 499	195 139	74 48	128 135 129 135 130 131 131 137
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	1 132 958	- 9	48 34 19	144	294	231 295	316 169	82 59	48 31 18	135
30 to 34 percent	429		4 [75	114	1 83 1	111	37	5	131
Not computed	1 484 159	- 4	27	185 37	379 48	328 23	326 34	145 11	94 2	137
Medion	12.0	16.6	10.2	11.9	11.7	11.3	12.5	14.7	15.2	
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS										
Heating equipment	16 401 4 534	55	467 67	2 180 419	4 513 1 079	4 055 1 186	3 782 1 240	958 372	391 171	131 140
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	10 396	26	286 12	1 551	3 121	2 551	2 194	488	179	127
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	517 246	-	21	14 67	96 68	133 57	184 22	49 11	29 -	151
Floor, wall, or pipeless fumace	708 3 354	29	81 22	129 308	149 803	128 815	142 935	· 38	12 168	119
Central system	602	-	-	40	30	103	218	303 124	87	179
1 or more individual room units House heating fuel	2 752 16 401	55	22 467	268 2 180	773 4 513	712 4 055	717 3 782	179 958	81 391	136
Utility aas	11 172 46	ii	230	1 523	3 503	2 811	2 278 21	577 8	239	128
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	600	-	14	20	116	154	216	51	29	140 127 151 113 119 142 179 136 131 128 164 149 145
Other	3 572 1 011	30 14	117 106	310 322	617 271	896 188	1 166 101	314 8	122 1	145
-1										

Table A -7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		0	wner-occupied h	nousing units				Rer	nter-occupied h	ousing units		
The SMSA	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to March 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	35 909	3 116	2 700	4 223	6 620	19 250	13 179	1 177	1 621	1 030	2 258	7 093
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	25 959	2 613	2 159	3 343	5 005	12 839	5 175	457	515	408	991	2 804
15 to 24 years	855 5 004	211 1 253	102 657	97 374	166 75 0	279 1 970	947 1 835	76	88 157	408 129 59	279	375 1 010
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	4 947 10 613 4 540	541 515 93	718 548 134	724 1 714 434	669 2 544 876	2 295 5 292 3 003	745 988 660	204 37 83 57	34 116 120	59 88 62 70 165	405 136 120 51	607 362
Male householder, no wife present	4 540 2 558 147	279 23	# 172	434 292 15	450 36 74	1 365 47	660 2 393 461 599	166	282 22	165 45	51 480 157 143	1 300 228
25 to 34 years	381 316	93 279 23 71 51 89 45	26 44 37 32 33 369	15 38 62 65 112	74 48 131	154 118	297	68 7	120 282 22 79 58 51 72 824 19 123 68	45 42 14 31 33 457	143 47	450 607 1 300 228 267 171 366 268 2 989 271 525 338 708
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	693 1 021 7 392	45 224	32 33 369	112 588	141	376 670 5 046	557 479 5 611	33 49 554	72 824	33 457	47 76 57 787 205 237 103	268 2 989
15 to 24 years	57 478	224 13 31 61 78	6	8 41	1 165 26 79	218	618 1 130	554 72 139	19 123	51 106	205 237	271 525
35 to 44 years	507 2 593 3 757	61 78	109 52 129 73	58 233 248	66 475	270 1 678	602 1 179	47 62	154	46 129	103 126 116	338 708
65 years and over	53.1	41 34.7	39.2	51.3	519 55.0	2 876 57.2	2 082 40.8	234 36.8	460 57.9	125 40.3	29.5	44.1
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	2 580	1 032	215	198	388	747	4 837	707	505	394	1 076	2 155
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	6 610 5 649 7 655	2 084	674 1 811 -	700 677 2 648	939 757 1 119	2 213 2 404 3 888	4 258 2 056 1 069	470	649 467	285 219 132	699 241 157	2 155 2 155 1 129
1959 or earlier	13 415	=	=	2 040	3 417	9 998	959	Ξ	=	-	85	780 874
ROOMS	34 85	25	<u>-</u>	7	8 22	19	407 442	21	182	31	29	165 171
2 rooms 3 rooms 4 rooms	512 3 788	25 22 470	59 586	6 84 762	146 944	30 201 1 026	2 298 3 698	320 482	145 357 467	38 84 443	67 327 710	1 210 1 596
5 rooms6 rooms	7 104 12 448	813 811	713 706	1 074 1 132	1 724 2 085	2 780 7 714	2 846 2 120	206 92	322 115	246 128	520 363	1 552 1 422
7 or more rooms	11 938 6.0	975 5.8	634 5.5	1 158 5.7	1 691 5.7	7 480 6.2	1 368 4.4	56 4.0	33 3.8	60 4.3	242 4.5	977 4.8
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 540	3 084	2 685	4 208	6 557	19 006	12 646	1 177	1 616	1 025	2 134	6 694
0.51 to 1.00	23 472 11 404	1 673 1 352	1 295 1 289	2 704 1 406 90	4 385 2 042	13 415 5 315	8 162 4 181	803 359	996 594	671 316	1 295 774	4 397 2 138
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	561 103 369	47 12 32	81 20 15	8 15	112 18 63	231 45 244	263 40 533	15	19 7 5	38	57 8 124	134 25 399 182
0.51 to 1.00	285 69	22 10	15	6 7	63 50 8	207 29	248 273	-	5	5	66 56	182 207 10
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	10	=	Ξ	2 -	3 2	8	10 2	=	Ξ	=	2	10
PERSONS IN UNIT	5 897	271	261	555	1 075	3 735	5 097	459	830	425	639	2 744
2 persons 3 persons 4 persons	11 775 6 852 6 179	840 740 775	660 533 718	1 452 758 817	2 450 1 286 1 026	6 373 3 535 2 843	3 486 2 042 1 372	337 188 146	442 168 122	247 167 78	687 508	1 773 1 011 793
5 persons6 or more persons	3 152 2 054	311 179	310 218	352 289	507 276	1 672 1 092	734 448	28 19	46 13	65 48	233 99 92	496 276
Median Total persons	2.54 104 198	3.10 10 205	3.30 9 181	2.64 12 709	2.41 18 479	2.42 53 624	1.93	1.88 2 505	1.48 3 024	1.86 2 287	2.21 5 521	1.95 16 762
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached	32 195	2.411	1 000	2 540		10, 100	E 000	207	210	240	1 073	3 024
2	904 260	2 411 34 11	1 803 9 5	3 540 32 10	6 333 75 43	18 108 754 191	5 002 2 739 1 777	327 49 71	318 66 113	260 113 122	548 340	1 963 1 131
5 to 9 10 to 49	183 77	30	2	10 6	43 40 18	103 51	1 273 995	220 194	167 297	112 171	162 70	612 263
50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	20 2 270	6 624	881	1 624	າາາົ	13 30	943 450	247 69	541 119	55 197	25 40	75 25
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment	35 902	3 116	2 700	4 223	6 620	19 243	13 176	1 177	1 621	1 030	2 258	7 090
Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump	9 840 21 604	652 1 288	455 1 483	1 002 2 509	1 561 4 469	6 170 11 855	4 289 6 741	74 658	201 1 083	275 499	721 1 241	3 018 3 260 144
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace Other means	2 042 388 2 028	843 11 322	1 483 459 22 281	445 18 249	130 52 408	165 285 768	1 008 216 922	376 21 48	267 17 53	144 6 106	77 36 183	136 532
Air conditioning Central system	2 028 7 705 1 363	630 204	5 93 198	1 259 469 790	1 653 329 1 324 6 620 3 739	3 570 163	2 946 970	728 401	717 394	345 108	285 11	871 56 815
1 or more individual room units	6 342 35 902 21 474	426 3 116	395 2 700	790 4 223 1 938	1 324 6 620	3 407 19 243	1 976 13 176	327 1 177	323 1 621 999	237 1 030 552	274 2 258 1 556	7 090
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	141 2 389	722 22 974	650 24 584	19	3 /39 31 151	14 425 45 191	8 917 182 1 349	485 17 561	16 365	30 160	26 96	5 325 93 167
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	9 850 2 048	1 192 206 146	- 1 341 101	489 1 591 186	2 273	3 453 1 129	2 228 500	108	230 11	279 9	488 92	1 123 382 1 720
Percent below poverty level	2 714 7.6	146 4.7	226 8.4	297 7.0	426 433 6.5	1 612 8.4	2 991 22.7	205 17.4	389 24.0	161 15.6	516 22.9	1 720 24.2
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	3 476	90	146	393	574	2 273	3 249	309	526	183	432	1 799
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	5 636 3 282 2 986	231 243 277	380 216 219	393 453 290	951 609 561	3 621 1 924 1 623	3 780 1 606 1 049	269 115 109	428 181 100	337 143 103	677 263 216	2 069 904 521
\$15,000 to \$19,999	6 305 5 584	632 699	550 496	306 627 686	1 204 990	3 292 2 713	1 913 849	176	196 109	129 59	428 174	521 984 412 334
\$35,000 to \$49,999	5 839 1 944	669 192	476 152	905 364	1 143 371	2 646 865	595 101	95 70 24	59 20	71 5	61 7	334 45 25
\$50,000 or more	857 \$17 064 \$18 802	\$20 526 \$21 897	\$18 422 \$19 648	199 \$20 281 \$22 488	217 \$17 752 \$20 145	293 \$15 275 \$16 912	\$9 328 \$11 029	10 \$10 228 \$12 723	\$7 890 \$10 267	\$9 926 \$11 463	\$10 190 \$11 202	\$9 120 \$10 803
Mean	\$18 80Z	\$21 897	\$19 048	⊅ ∠2 488	\$20 145	\$10 912	\$11 UZY	\$1Z 7Z3	\$10 Z67	p11 463	\$11 203	\$10 803

Table A -8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	(Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
The SMSA	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or attached	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 to 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or trailer, etc.
Occupied housing units Condominium housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	35 909 18	32 195 9	1 444	2 270	13 179 69	5 002 13	2 739 2	1 777 22	1 273 19	995	943 13	450
Maried-couple families	25 959 855 5 004	23 696 557 4 404	730 37 124	1 533 261 476	5 175 947 1 835	2 711 352 959	1 034 254	465 99	399 111 145	241 36 78	141 20 9	184 75 50 8
35 to 44 years	4 947 10 613	4 542 9 981	99 300 170	306 332	745 988 ⁴	528	132 172	202 57 61	15 45	5 37	27	8 37
65 years and over	4 540 2 558 147	4 212 2 149 103	196 10	158 213 34 44	660 2 393 461 599	609 263 733 80 204 82 203 164	254 392 132 172 84 454 138 128 24 110	46 432 112	83 260 53 63	85 248 48	85 197 18	37 14 69 12
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	381 316 693	287 286 584	50 60	30	297 557	82 203		66 100	51 33	81 36 58 25 506	18 23 20 27 109	18 26 9
65 years and over	693 1 021 7 392 57	6 350 34	76 518 3	49 56 524 20	479 5 611 618	1 558 123 375	54 1 251 169 277	432 112 96 66 100 58 880 158 177	60 614 90	40	605	197 30
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	478 507 2 593	346 404 2 244	15 24 184	117 79 165	1 130 602 1 179	249 344	95 234	105 175	129 46 185	117 33 129	16 26 69	197 30 39 48 43 37
65 years and over Median age YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT	3 757 53.1	3 322 53.4	292 5 9.5	143 38.5	2 082 40.8	467 39.5	476 35.4	265 36.7	164 38.3	187 47.3	486 72.5	37.1
1979 to March 1980	2 580 6 610 5 649	2 042 5 506 4 901	116 226 154	422 878 594	4 837 4 258 2 056	1 617 1 570 750	1 018 914 346	771 469 300	533 407 180	443 331 142	231 423 283	224 144 55 22 5
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier ROOMS	7 655 13 415	7 085 12 661	256 692	314 62	1 069 959	471 594	274 187	144 93	108 45	44 35	6	22 5
1 room2 rooms	34 85 512	34 55 313	14 114	16 85	407 442 2 298	42 296	11 39 624	28 94 469	81 51 233	90 72 234	197 139 397	- 5 45
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	3 788 7 104 12 448	2 290 6 048 11 890	375 274 335	1 123 782 223	3 698 2 846 2 120	956 1 095 1 489	624 798 801 326	469 672 337 127	557 247	234 328 213 39 19	397 119 60 24	5 45 268 93 38
7 or more roomsMedianPLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	11 938 6.0	11 565	332 5.3	41 4.4	1 368 4.4	1 124 5.6	140 4.4	50 3.9	77 27 4.0	19 3.8	7 2.8	4.2
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	35 540 23 472 11 404	31 918 21 274 10 075	1 378 1 084	2 244 1 114 1 048	12 646 8 162 4 181	4 831 2 915	2 625 1 736 845	1 684 1 156	1 179 759 380	941 730 206	943 603 333	443 263
0.51 to 1.00	561 103	482 87	281 13	66 16	263 40	1 735 151 30	44	519	40	5	2 5	263 163 12 5 7
0.50 or less	369 285 69	277 231 33	66 38 28	26 16 8	533 248 273	171 110 52	114 47 64	93 51 42	94 31 63	54 9 45	=	$\frac{7}{7}$
1.51 or more	10	10	Ξ	-	10	2	3 -	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	=	-
None	40 1 224 8 751	40 756 6 917	351 431	117 1 403	499 3 751 5 250	28 531 1 696	19 1 049 1 207	35 835 731	95 374 693	100 383 435	217 540 129	5 39 359
3 4 5 or more	19 502 5 460 932	18 382 5 264 836	423 153 86	697 43 10	2 801 708 170	2 026 601 120	387 45 32	136 31 9	82 29 -	68 - 9	57 - -	45 2 -
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000 \$5,000 to \$9,999	3 476 5 636	2 895 4 862	247 294	334 480 298	3 249 3 780	841 1 276	674 808	499 536	386 384	288 281	439 338	122 157
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	3 282 2 986 6 305	2 855 2 572 5 585	129 176 215	298 238 505	1 606 1 049 1 913	629 400 956	808 382 239 397 127	536 267 121 206	138 117 157	71 99 109	71 31 33	48 42 55 19 7
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	5 584 5 839 1 944	5 213 5 516 1 879	215 154 158 40	217 165 25	849 595 101	400 956 488 326 71	127 92 10	206 70 76 2	63 28	67 52 18 10	33 15 14 -	19 7 -
\$50,000 or more Median Mean	857 \$17 064 \$18 802	\$17 659 \$19 313	40 31 \$13 239 \$15 597	\$12 742 \$13 591	\$9 328 \$11 029	\$11 526 \$13 052	10 \$9 163 \$10 490	\$8 335 \$9 601	\$8 013 \$9 298	\$8 741 \$11 922	\$5 389 \$6 907	\$8 224 \$9 021
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	35 902 9 840	32 188 9 202	1 444 552	2 270 86	13 176 4 289	4 999 1 038	2 739 1 092	1 777 980	1 273 649	995 311	9 43 219	450
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	21 604 2 042 388	19 158 1 910 345	747 50 18	1 699 82 25	6 741 1 008 216	3 025 259 164	1 359 122 29	571 132 12	420 170 6	472 185	589 109	305 31
Other means Air conditioning Central system	2 028 7 705 1 363	1 573 6 922 1 238	77 302 32	378 481 93	922 2 946 970	513 962 187	137 332 22	82 243 59	28 245 88	27 496 223	21 604 379	114 64 12
Vehicles available	33 142 12 861 20 281	29 842 11 341 18 501	1 188 570 618	2 112 950 1 162	9 609 6 460 3 149	4 123 2 444 1 679	1 944 1 274 670	1 150 863 287	864 689 175	745 586 159	408 363 45	375 241
House heating fuelUtility gas	35 902 21 474	32 188 20 187 99	1 444 996	2 270 291	13 176 8 917	4 999 3 133	2 739 2 119	1 777 1 362	1 273 870	995 739 20	943 661	375 241 134 450 33 35 50 328
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	2 389 9 850	2 166 7 767	55 336	35 168 1 747	182 1 349 2 228	48 297 1 194	22 136 358	29 181 160	28 209 154	203 25	273 9	50 328
Other	2 048 35 802 21 343	1 969 32 098 20 100	50 1 442 1 014	29 2 262 229	500 13 077 8 863	327 4 947 3 068	104 2 732 2 127	1 771 1 344	1 268 880	973 714 23	9 43 695	443 35 28 372
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	819 11 697 1 785	691 9 534 1 623	23 320 79	105 1 843 83	419 3 356 362	247 1 458 135	50 446 102	32 319 57	39 303 40	224	234 14	372 8
Other	158 29 647 13 717	150 26 948 12 312	910 326	1 789 1 079	77 7 488 4 498	39 3 728 2 384	1 472 872	19 770 470 272	653 395 252	356 134	225 50	284 193
Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	4 982 3 005 974	4 249 2 643 765	113 151 26	620 211 183	2 519 1 973 1 364	1 285 853 582	497 377 260	281 207	252 221 168 70	356 134 55 91 52 13 639	50 19 70 28	284 193 139 80 67 46
Honfamily householder throng in 1979 below poverty level	203 6 262 2 714	157 5 247 2 180	7 534 182	39 481 352	483 5 691 2 991	188 1 274 981	85 1 267 627 22.9	77 1 007 471 26.5	70 620 342 26.9	216	718 241	166 113
Percent below poverty level	7.6	6.8	12.6	15.5	22.7	19.6	22.9	26.5	26.9	21.7	25.6	25.1

Table A -9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato are eximin	les based off o	omple, see min	oduction. For the	aning of symbols,	, see introduction	n. Por deminior	is or terms, see	oppendixes A o	ia bj	
The SMSA	Totál	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 ar more persons	Medion	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	35 909 853	5 897 -	11 775 285	6 852 231	6 179 122	3 152 88	1 222 60	600 28	232 39	2.54 3.11	104 198 3 114
### ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms Median	631 3 788 7 104 12 448 6 418 5 520 6.0	367 1 078 1 307 1 789 827 529 5.6	209 1 606 2 741 4 218 1 703 1 298 5.8	44 667 1 306 2 479 1 355 1 001 6.1	362 984 2 330 1 298 1 201 6.2	7 47 483 988 778 849 6.6	20 186 406 280 330 6.5	- 8 37 185 133 237 7.0	- 60 53 44 75 6.6	1.36 2.01 2.32 2.59 3.00 3.43	992 8 327 18 751 35 849 20 514 19 765
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 to 1.50	35 540 34 876 561 103 369 354 5	5 728 5 728 - - 169 169 -	11 670 11 655 15 105 105	6 801 6 792 9 - 51 51	6 154 6 150 4 - 25 25	3 146 3 094 45 7 6 4 2	1 222 1 016 206 - - -	598 370 220 8 2 -	221 71 77 73 11 - 1 10	2.55 2.51 6.57 8.24 1.65 1.58 6.75 8.33	103 404 99 284 3 503 617 794 693 38 63
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	32 195 1 444 2 270	4 985 482 430	10 614 477 684	6 177 226 449	5 639 130 410	2 910 52 190	1 101 57 64	553 20 27	216 - 16	2.58 2.00 2.55	93 622 3 836 6 740
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999 \$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$99,999 \$150,000 or more	29 291 2 165 6 268 7 028 4 939 3 724 2 318 2 199 366 224 60 \$28 400	4 555 587 1 239 1 114 736 508 169 176 14 12 -	9 636 744 2 048 2 430 1 689 1 157 735 624 86 88 35 \$27 700	5 521 410 1 113 1 233 1 010 692 477 479 76 20 111 \$30 000	5 228 949 1 232 827 776 524 540 78 63 9	2 725 102 524 720 427 378 235 235 79 20 5	983 23 244 224 132 118 119 79 27 17	464 36 127 68 62 72 47 46 6 - \$30 100	181 35 24 7 56 23 12 20 - 4 \$34 500	2.58 2.17 2.43 2.49 2.54 3.03 3.13 3.59 3.10 2.36	84 525 4 981 17 868 18 638 14 027 12 192 7 558 7 108 1 271 723 159
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income	35 909 \$17 064 15.2 18.5 12.0 2 714 \$3 249	5 897 \$6 463 24.5 26.5 24.0 1 033 \$2 785 49.3	11 775 \$14 943 14.0 18.5 12.3 636 \$3 131 45.3	6 852 \$20 373 13.1 17.9 10— 342 \$2 789	6 179 \$21 369 15.3 18.5 10— 313 \$4 150	3 152 \$21 041 15.1 18.1 10 201 \$6 081 50.0	1 222 \$23 735 13.3 16.1 10— 86 \$7 273	\$22 917 13.9 16.5 10— 53 \$8 750 27.9	232 \$21 014 15.4 18.9 10.9 50 \$10 833	2.54	104 198
With a mortgageNot mortgaged	50+ 45.4 13 179	50+ 47.7 5 097	50+ 41.0 3 486	50 + 50 + 2 042	50+ 45.7 1 372	50+ 29.3 734 78	50+ 10- 236	27.9 - 126	24.0 15.7 86	1.93	30 099
Nonrelatives present ROOMS 1 room	407 442 2 298 3 698 2 846 2 120 1 368 4.4	402 : 359 1 553 1 583 727 315 158 3.6	481 59 597 1 251 939 439 216 4.4	176 	100 - 29 249 363 440 291 5.6	78 - 5 4 63 106 313 243 6.1	35 - 7 6 44 110 69 6.1	6 - - 5 - 27 40 54 6.3	8 - - - - 3 21 62 7.0	2.42 1.01 1.12 1.24 1.71 2.24 3.19 3.62	2 616 443 559 3 300 6 894 6 994 7 093 4 816
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	12 646 12 343 263 40 533 521 10 2	4 812 4 812 - 285 285 -	3 368 3 363 5 118 118	1 977 1 958 19 - 65 65 -	1 348 1 319 29 24 24 -	709 642 60 7 25 20 3 2	228 171 50 7 8 8 - -	119 54 60 5 7 -	85 24 45 16 1 1	1.95 1.90 5.97 6.70 1.44 1.41 6.79 5.00	29 007 27 182 1 585 240 1 092 1 000 83 9
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2	5 002 2 739 1 777 1 273 995 943 450	1 082 1 132 884 555 598 682 164	1 303 773 451 361 289 210	1 041 412 204 185 55 31 114	722 292 165 101 38 11 43	472 91 67 55 15 9	191 27 6 9 - - 3	111 6 - 7 - - 2	80 6 - - - -	2.61 1.81 1.51 1.73 1.33 1.19 2.12	14 430 5 740 3 394 2 634 1 664 1 263 974
Less than \$100 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 Specified renter-occupied housing units	12 546 1 150 1 883 3 132 2 395 1 476 950 375 244 78 863 \$195	5 005 871 1 160 1 258 745 390 213 38 33 26 271 \$160	3 341 180 372 975 692 421 225 116 80 9 271 \$200	1 897 39 148 520 457 321 188 64 19 15 126 \$218	1 251 23 123 251 281 197 172 73 44 5 82 \$231	652 32 51 71 155 81 41 34 11 95 \$243	208 5 15 44 23 24 45 17 16 12 7	108 - 14 5 34 21 12 9 11 - 2 \$250	84 - 8 8 21 14 17 7 7 9 \$302	1.88 1.16 1.31 1.82 2.15 2.33 2.70 3.02 2.97 2.77 2.09	28 085 1 654 3 384 6 260 5 701 3 718 2 927 1 236 870 259 2 076
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income leacense in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median grass rent as percentage of household income	13 179 \$9 328 25.8 2 991 \$3 625 50+	5 097 \$6 020 29.6 1 336 \$3 067 50+	3 486 \$10 732 23.0 534 \$3 376 50+	2 042 \$11 817 23.9 396 \$3 939 50+	1 372 \$13 648 21.9 309 \$4 510 50+	734 \$13 010 25.8 259 \$6 014 43.2	236 \$11 786 25.0 78 \$6 857 35.5	\$13 056 25.9 49 \$7 135 31.7	\$15 543 22.7 30 \$8 125 43.3	1.93 1.80	30 099

Table A-10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

Man		V	ried-couple	allies ;			ole househol	, no wife pr	aut				der, no husbond	a l		
9	15 to 24 Totol years	t 25 to 34 s years	14 35 to 44 rs years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 3 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Median
606	855	\$ 004	4 4 947	10 613	4 540	147	381	316	693	1 021	27	478	202	2 593	3 757	53.1
5 897 11 775 6 852 6 179 3 152 2 054 104 198	370 327 327 139 13 6 2.68	887 1 303 1 812 283 283 3.67 18 549	17 415 18 734 2 1 733 1 194 1 194 17 4.26 19 2 1 609	4 222 2 891 1 864 1 864 720 720 730 33 730	3 682 644 152 152 151 121 121 13	104 31 121 1.21 193	256 56 11.24 64 646	165 28 23 23 1,46	412 127 127 33 33 33 134 1 325	775 140 140 26 6 6 1.16 1.575	23 23 222 137	151 164 164 164 164 164	56 126 132 116 47 304 1 613	1 312 694 276 177 177 92 42 1.49 5 030	2 647 813 207 207 20 20 20 20 20 20 303	67.8 61.5 49.8 40.8 43.3
54 36 15 15 15	853	4 976 109 3	66 4 938 18 282 9 9	10 543 208 70 12	4 481 59	147	38	308	676 24 17	955 8 66	95 1 1	470 7 8	507 8 1	2 566 27 27	3 682 12 75	53.0 42.5 50.4
29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 29 2	84.7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 23 373 4 141 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	4 096 4 096 4 096 4 096 4 096 4 096 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	8 955 3 420 1 700 1 700 1 700 1 103 1 108 1 108	3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	98 80 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	\$250 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	255 268 266 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	207 109 109 109 109 100 100 100 100 100 100	522-1 7 1 9 47 1 8 2 3 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	88 86 14 175 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177 177	321 228 240 240 240 30,7 30,7 31,5 31,5 31,5 31,5 31,5 31,5 31,5 31,5	37. 22. 23. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29. 29	2 08 2 10 2 10 2 10 2 1	3 08 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	23.00 24.00 25.00
13 179	947	1 835	145	988	099	461	299	297	557	479	819	1 130	602	1 179	2 082	40.8
000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 000 00	328 440 140 31 31 2.83 2.83	425 480 615 615 3.52 8 3.52 8 6 399	25 422 116 217 2217 2217 2217 2217 2217 2217	500 227 131 131 38 92 2.49 2.49	584 57 4 4 1 1 2.07	298 88 89 51 10 11.27 744	408 139 19 17 123 25	229 42 20 20 1.15 408	351 139 139 129 129 874	409 45 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10	253 224 91 23 23 6 1.75 1 173	222 222 307 1.89 2 1.89 2 465	180 149 91 93 33 1653	720 230 143 143 57 21 2132 2 0%	1 805 244 21 7 7 1.08 2 442	29.7 29.7 31.9 35.7
12 333 646	22828	1 815 975 3 20 3 20	77 77 10 2 2 54 2 54 2	937 2	614 8 46	42 10 10 10 10	586	263 34 6	489 1 88 1	436	60 41 71	1 115 24 15	581 7 21	1 147 17 32 32 -	1 996 5 86	24.0 1.0 1.0 1.0
888 888 888 888 733 737 737 758	887 1644 129 129 120 53 99 92 92 120 120	1 709 1 709 114 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115	55 529 57 529 57 529 57 529 58 56 58 56 58 58 56 58 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 5	887 202 202 802 803 842 128 183	617 617 617 618 109 101 36 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	450 450 477 728 67 67 116 29.1	592 122 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 15 15 15	29 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 27 27 27	534 106 106 106 80 80 84 84 84 82.1	48.8 11.2 3.3 1.12 2.5 3.9 3.9 3.9 3.9 4.4	610 33 33 38 89 74 71 71 35.5	1 097 111 212 113 143 143 127 239 239 239 24 26 8	567 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	1 159 170 170 170 130 119 58 220 220 135 27.9	2 055 152 240 222 240 222 409 409 409 409 33.9	41.0 38.0 38.0 38.0 41.0 53.0 53.0 53.0

Table A — 11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

				Mole hous	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
The SMSA	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	5 897	1 712	104	256	165	412	775	4 185	19	151	56	1 312	2 647
PRUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	5 728 169	1 632 80	104	256	158 7	405 7	709 66	4 096 89	19	146 5	56 -	1 294 18	2 581 66
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or othoched 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	4 985 482 430	1 431 135 146	81 - 23	192 32 32	148 - 17	336 51 25	674 52 49	3 554 347 284	8 2 9	109 5 37	42 12 2	1 104 92 116	2 291 236 120
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999. \$10,000 to \$12,499.	2 171 2 063 524	385 497 175	1 26 15	19 29 28	16 18	83 82 57	282 344 57	1 786 1 566 349	12	6 52 44	6 24 17	405 526 168	1 369 952 120
\$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	524 336 453 166 121	156 268 126 78	6 41 15	52 95 18 13	31 34 25 27	48 69 61	19 29 7 33	180 185 40	7	21 20 8	3 -	89 74 19 16	67 84 13 27
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 to more	48 15 \$6 463 \$8 478	19 8 \$9 703 \$11 725	\$15 385 \$14 328	\$15 000 \$14 942	\$17 431 \$21 302	\$11 798 \$12 356	\$6 250 \$7 938	43 29 7 \$5 729 \$7 151	\$7 375 \$9 925	\$10 994 \$11 490	\$9 706 \$11 521	10 5 \$7 241 \$8 420	\$4 901 \$6 161
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	\$0 476	\$11 725	p14 320	φ14 74Z	\$21 302	\$12 330	φ/ 730	φ/ 131	ψ7 723	ф11 470	\$11 JZ1	\$0 420	\$0 101
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200	4 555 772	1 273 418	73 67	173 160 23	125 71 11	297 60 5	605 60 20	3 282 354 75	8	97 72 14	38 19	1 027 162 25	2 112
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	143 159 183	68 63 86	8 6	21 39 52	6 17	21 18	7 6	96 97	8	8 28	6 7 -	47 54 22	30 26 15
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	141 57 76 7	103 38 47 7	32 12 -	25	15 6 8 2	16 - - -	20 - 2 5	38 19 29 -	=	8 14 -	6	5 9 -	16 6 - -
\$750 or more	5273 3 783 34	\$295 855 19	\$366 6	\$296 13	\$305 54	\$261 237 6	\$275 545 13	\$253 2 928 15	\$225	\$275 25	\$225 19	\$258 865	\$232 2 019
\$50 to \$74 \$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149	207 739 1 227 766	80 194 188 149	- - - 6	- - - 2	10 12 12	26 51 35 47	54 133 141 82	127 545 1 039 617	=	10 - - 15	9 3 5	19 161 313 175	98 375 723 422
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249 \$250 or more Medion	607 163 40 \$119	157 52 16 \$118	\$138	11 	14 6 - \$135	54 5 13 \$125	78 41 3 \$113	450 111 24 \$119	=	\$129	2 - \$104	132 49 7 \$119	316 62 17 \$118
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	24.5	20.7	25.0		16.6	14.3	23.7	25.9	45.0	22.2	18.4	21.8	28.0
With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	26.5 24.0 1 033 17.5	25.2 18.0 182 10.6	25.9 10— 1	25.2 25.9 17.0 19 7.4	18.6	24.6 12.4 62 15.0	50+ 22.1 100 12.9	30.6 25.6 851 20.3	45.0	31.5 11.0 6 4.0	21.3 15.7 4 7.1	27.8 19.9 273 20.8	46.1 27.7 568 21.5
Renter-eccupied housing units	5 097	1 695	298	408	229	351	409	3 402	253	444	180	720	1 805
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 812 285	1 522 173	266 32	395 13	195 34	297 54	369 40	3 290 112	241 12	444	168 12	692 28	1 745 60
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 3 and 4	1 082 1 132	422 337	43 95	112 96	42 20	102 83 86	123 43	660 795 533 378	41 71	81 144	44 31	157 111	337 438 222
3 and 4	884 555 598 682 164	351 177 212 147 49	81 14 48 9 8	73 43 75 7 2	53 51 25 20 18	14 39 8 19	58 55 25 103 2	378 386 535 115	70 30 22 8 11	90 37 71 12 9	36 12 18 8 31	115 154 109 47 27	145 166 460 37
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	2 174					115	200		72 117	31	58	326 215	1 191
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	1 549 576 323	496 518 223 124 232 54 40	97 131 46 12 12	37 60 106 66 105	47 39 23 29 58	105 44 17 40 27	183	1 678 1 031 353 199	117 39 18	152 106 102	53 44 6	87 40	494 77 33 8
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	576 323 322 98 47	232 54 40	12 - -	21 13	58 6 19	40 27 3	17 5	90 44 7	7	32 21 -	11 8 - -	39 13 -	2 -
\$50,000 or more	\$6 020 \$7 433	\$8 236 \$9 460	\$6 585 \$6 882	\$12 538 \$12 859	\$12 974 \$14 010	\$7 819 \$8 958	\$5 094 \$5 832	\$5 090 \$6 423	\$6 662 \$7 295	\$10 920 \$10 906	\$7 717 \$7 913	\$5 659 \$6 795	\$4 317 \$4 902
GROSS RENT Specified renter-occupied housing units	5 005	1 642	293	408	229	339	373	3 363	245	444	177	714	1 783
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	871 1 160 1 258 745 390	256 347 376 280	24 50 112 46 35	8 22 134 127	43 39 38 41 32 13	79 114 36 36	102 122 56 30	615 813 882 465	7 43 138 32	56 118 144 62	12 12 55 45	86 218 183 83 37 32	504 484 388 161
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	213 38	184 70 15	35 - 17	134 127 72 29 7	32 13 - -	27 16 6	18 12 2 -	206 143 23 16	32 20 5	62 41 8	23 16 - -	37 32 8 7	64 49 7 9
\$500 or more No cash rent Medion	33 26 271 \$160	14 83 \$173	7 2 \$188	- 9 \$209	7 16 \$184	25 \$143	31 \$128	12 188 \$156	- \$187	6 3 \$212	6 8 \$204	60 \$153	117 \$136
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level	29.6 1 336	24.0 336	30.8 84	20.7 27	17.3 37	23.0 82	33.8 106	32.3 1 000	31.4 60	23.2 17	35.1 58	30.9 243	35.8 622
Percent below poverty level	26.2	336 19.8	28.2	6.6	16.2	23.4	25.9	29.4	60 23.7	3.8	58 32.2	243 33.8	34.5

Table A-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B1

	[Date are continu	area seece on	a sample, see	min deduction.	ror meaning or symbols, see miradochan. For deminions of	rems, see upp	chaires w olla	0)	
The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	The SMSA	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	517	89	184	244	Vacant for rent housing units	882	209	356	317
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms 4 rooms 5 rooms	19 49 100	6	11 2	8 41 18	1 room 2 rooms	23 46	3 14	7 26	13
6 rooms	170 170 94	15 26 23 19	67 53 34 17	91 37	3 rooms	238 239	72 18	71 142	95 79 83 39
8 or more rooms	85 6.0	19 6.4	17 5.7	49 6.1	5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or mare roams Median	193 118 25 4.1	44 52 6	66 27 17 4.0	2
PLUMBING FACILITIES						4.1	4.4	4.0	4.1
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	451 66	77 12	162 22	212 32	PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing far exclusive use	819	198	332	289
BEDROOMS		,			Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	63	'íĭ	24	28
None	- 46 99	_	11	35	BEDROOMS				
3	289	27 43	36 111	36 135	None	23 290	3 68	7 127	13 95 139
5 or more	81 2	19	26 -	36 2	234	358 192 13	83 49	136 79 7	64
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT					5 or more	6	-	-	6
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974	85 22	8 11	57 11	-	YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT				
1960 to 1969	60 33 30	13	37 6	10 27	1975 to Morch 1980	131 76	34 18	68 40	29 18
1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	30 287	57	2 71	28 159	1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	45 55 41	20 15 9	13 26	12 14
UNITS IN STRUCTURE					1939 ar earlier	534	113	21 188	233
1, detached or attached 2 ar more	401 78	83 6	142 8	176 64	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
Mobile home or trailer	38	-	34	4	1, detached or attached	273 172	57 49	92 53	124
HEATING EQUIPMENT Central heating system	455	77	164	214	3 and 4 5 to 9	162 102	36 46	53 62 46 88	64
Other meansNane	42 20	12 -	11	19	10 to 49	102	3 -	4	11
PRICE ASKED					Mobile home or trailer	67	18	11	38
Specified vocant for sale only housing units	374	71	142 17	161	RENT ASKED Specified vacant for rent housing units	076	200	254	210
Less than \$10,000 \$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	44 126	28 11	38 16	27 60 39	Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	875 160 228	209 47 34	356 61 74	310 52
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	66 13 29 38	"	13		\$150 to \$199	253 111	70 44	104 34	52 120 79 33 23
\$50,000 to \$59,999	38 35	13	15	10 4	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399	80 39	8	49 30	23
\$60,000 to \$79,999 \$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	14	=	- 9	14	\$400 or more	\$155	\$164	\$159	\$137
Median	\$21 600	\$29 200	\$30 000	\$17 700					

Table A-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Price asked	—5pecified	vacant for s	ale only hou	sing units			Rent aske	d— Specified	d vocant for	rent housing	units	
The SMSA	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 ta \$99,999	\$100,000 ar more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Median (dollars)
Total	374	44	192	42	87	9	21 600	875	160	481	191	39	4	155
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	356 18	39 5	190 2	42 -	76 11	9 -	21 400 65 900	812 63	135 25	449 32	186 5	38 1	4 -	156 121
BEDROOMS														
None	- 81 231 62 -	- 9 22 13 -	51 108 33	- 6 31 5 -	15 61 11 -	- - 9 - -	20 100 28 100 13 900	23 290 358 185 13 6	3 69 47 41 -	13 179 194 89 - 6	3 39 110 32 7 -	3 7 23 6	4 - - - -	154 149 159 158 223 135
1975 to March 1980	72 11 45 29 9 208	- - - - 44	2 16 23 7 144	6 11 7 6 2 10	64 - 13 - - 10	- 9 - -	64 100 42 500 49 600 17 400 13 200 16 000	126 76 45 53 41 534	8 12 2 22 116	30 41 17 23 9 361	73 20 12 28 9 49	23 7 - 1 8	- 4 - -	273 183 110 202 55 141
UNITS IN STRUCTURE														
1, detached or attached 2 or mare Mobile home or troiler	374 	44	192	42 	87 	9 	21 600	266 542 67	65 81 14	143 294 44	52 130 9	33 -	- 4 -	147 164 129

Table B-1. Value of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Octo are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

	[Doto ore estimo	ics based on	o sample, se		. 101 1/1001/111	9 01 37110013	, see initioage		minoria di lai	ma, see oppen	uixes A one of		
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$39,999	\$40,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$59,999	\$60,000 ta \$79,999	\$80,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 to \$149,999	\$150,000 or more	Medion (dollars)	Mean (dollars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 006	1 166	3 683	3 565	2 044	1 240	635	527	75	61	10	23 800	28 100
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 005	601	2 274	2 570	1 544	944	514	434	71	48	5	25 400	29 800
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	207 1 697 1 574	5 58 81	70 432 336	77 527 399	31 301 330	202 197	81 116	7 96 95	- - 5	- 15	-	21 100 26 200 28 900	25 400 29 800 32 300
Maried-couple families 15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	3 762 1 765 8 66	241 216 190	336 932 504 253 19	1 075 492 122	613 269 109	401 135 108	238 71 54	195 41 13	41 25 4	21 12 8	5 - 5	25 500 22 100 19 600	30 600 26 600 26 800
	110	_	19 23 21	6	6 13	6 31	7	6	=	- 1		19 800 35 800 21 700	23 700 33 200
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 55 years and over Female householder, no husband present	116 196 407	26 43 121	54 136	30 22 24 40 873	13 29 48	17 29 25	17 17 13	7	4	- 8	- - - - 5	20 400 16 600 20 300	25 500 25 900
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	3 135 23 163	375 - -	1 156 12 75	873 11 65	391 18	188	67 - 1	80 - 4	=	5 - -	=	20 300 17 300 20 900	23 300 21 300 22 700
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	23 163 193 1 059 1 697	31 136 208	56 417 596	51 280 466	27 151 195	17 58 113	- 10 56	11 7 58	=	- - 5	=	21 000 19 400 20 700	23 700 33 200 26 800 25 500 25 900 21 300 21 300 22 700 24 400 21 600 24 300
Median oge	54.8	63.5	56.9	54.1	52.8	51.5	52.6	50.2	59.3	58.5	65.0		
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980 1975 to 1978	687 2 086	29 76	133 520	202 547	110 392	111 225	50 153	47 143	5 15	15	-	28 800 28 000	32 600 32 300
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	1 831 2 861 5 541	67 231 763	535 706 1 789	564 801 1 451	334 417 791	167 293 444	89 181 162	65 187 85	17 38	10 23 13	- 5 5	24 700 25 400 21 000	28 400 30 400 24 600
ROOMS 1 to 3 rooms	102	55	30			6	4					10000—	16 800
4 rooms5 rooms	680 1 854	84 221	191 527 1 760	184 507 1 576	139 305	54 187 520 258	20 81 191	8 26	-	1	-	22 400 23 000 22 500	24 600 25 400
6 rooms 7 rooms 8 or more rooms	2 665 2 136	492 154 160	676 499	798 500	305 862 426 307	215	165 172	145 150 198	18 20 37 7.5	5 18 38 8.3	10	25 700 27 200	26 000 30 100 34 900
Median BEDROOMS	6.2	6.0	6.1	6.2	6.2	6.2	6.6	7.1	7.5	8.3	8.5+	•••	
None 1	7 204 2 584	7 67 314	- 89 765	- 31 691	- 11 428	245	- 6 86	- - 50	-	- - 5	=	10000 15 700 22 300	7 500 16 400 25 300
34	2 584 7 695 2 223 293	602 150 26	765 2 239 526 64	2 086 717 40	1 251 308 46	761 192 42	414 109 20	277 178 22	37 20 18	28 23	- - 10	22 300 24 100 24 900 32 600	16 400 25 300 27 900 30 900 43 200
year structure built		20								,	10		
1975 to March 1980 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	322 232 891	6	6 - 15	29 17 101	25 67 128	78 46 224	97 43 173	82 44 201	5 16	- 9 17	- - 5	51 700 46 200 48 600	51 500 48 600 50 000
1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier	937 857 9 767	6 33 1 110	87 140 3 435	143 245 3 030	207 264 1 353	255 122 515	118 26 178	76 22 102	29 _ 25	16 - 19	- 5 -	40 900 30 300 20 800	42 500 32 400 23 000
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 201	216	416	340	141	54	30	4			_	19 300	21 200
\$1,000 to \$9,999	2 130 1 194 1 051	331 115 95	727 415	545 346 306	337 197	144 68 103	18 39 55	28 14	-	_	-	20 100	22 300 23 800 24 800
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 279 2 024	160 144	333 756 450	654 677	152 373 394	182 185	105 96	39 71	6	4	=	22 100 22 900 24 800	26 200 28 300 35 000
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$55,000 to \$49,999	2 201 685 241	72 33 -	468 101 17	517 148 32	363 65 22	341 141 22	198 61 33	209 102 53 \$29 375	14 28 27	19 6 25	10	24 800 31 300 39 200 59 000	40 300 66 600
Median	\$17 103 \$18 552	\$10 783 \$12 920	\$14 628 \$15 626	\$16 724 \$17 613	\$17 437 \$18 040	\$21 835 \$22 306	\$23 322 \$26 076	\$29 375 \$32 496	\$44 392 \$49 504	\$40 680 \$43 179	\$75 000 \$132 383	:::	:::
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage	5 209 1 764	279 68	1 201 401	1 497 486	931 336	606 205 144 111	328 112	297 121	33 15	32 15	5 5	26 500 26 600 25 900	31 200 32 700
15 to 19 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 438 790 351	68 56 40 28 26	370 142 82 70	457 245 94	336 273 157 21	144 111 42	66 43 45	59 45 34 13	7 - 5	6 7	Ξ	28 600 24 400	29 800 31 900 32 700
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more Not computed	263 591 12	26 61	70 130 6	57 158	59 85	42 33 71	5 51 6	13 25 -	6	4	-	24 800 26 400 36 300	27 400 29 800 36 900
Median Not mortgaged Less than 10 percent	17.9 7 797 3 197	21.9 887 253	17.7 2 482 978	17.9 2 068 857	17.4 1 113 396	18.4 634 327	18.7 307 148	17.3 230 169	16.1 42 35	15.8 29 29	12.5 5 5	21 800	26 000 29 400
10 to 14 percent	1 584 1 031	200 116	456 397	465 264	283 134	634 327 86 62 35 58	74 50 7	13 8	7	-	-	23 300 21 700 20 100 20 900	24 300 23 300 24 100
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	512 477 186	72 71 30	165 161 66	124 108 26	93 79 29	15	11	16 - 9	Ξ	-	=	22 500 19 800	23 200 25 500 22 500
Not computed Median	734 76 12.1	140 5 14.7	210 49 12.6	218 6 11.9	92 7 12.8	42 9 10—	17 - 10.4	15 - 10—	10—	- 10—	10—	20 500 16 000	20 400
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Complete plumbing for exclusive use	12 994	1 166	3 671	3 565	2 044	1 240	635	527	75	61	10	23 800	28 100
1.01 or more persons per room Ladding complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	136 12	28 - -	51 12	14 - -	32	6	5 -	-	-	-	-	15 700 12 500	20 800 12 500
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning	12 999 12 781 3 129	1 166 1 138 112	3 683 3 611 553	3 558 3 492 826	2 044 2 021 560	1 240 1 229 474	635 631 262 117	527 513 237	75 75 56 42	61 61 39	10 10 10 10	23 800 23 800 31 200	28 100 28 100 36 100
Income in 1979 below poverty level	572 838 6.4	159	553 11 286 7.8	68 236 6.6	57 89	111 34 2.7	117 30 4.7	140 4 0.8	42	16	10	52 700 18 800	57 000 21 000
Percent below poverty level	0.4	13.6	7.8	0.0	4.4	2.7	4./	0.8			_	•••	•••

Table B-2. Gross Rent of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A and 8]

	[Dato are estimot	res bosed on c	sample, see in	itroduction. Fo	or meaning of :	symbols, see Ir	ntroduction. F	or definitions of	terms, see of	pendixes A one	g 8)	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 or more	No cash rent	Medion (dollors)
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 626	784	1 131	1 807	1 205	718	414	153	81	22	311	185
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	2 207	57	2]]	591	475	367	229	99	46	10	122	218
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	405 768	18 12	37 44	133 161 50 98	110 208	81 133	26 119	51	12	5	23	207 237
35 to 44 years	292 389 353	11 16	44 38 26 66 290	98 149	47 73 37	133 56 67 30	27 45 12	22 20 6	19 5 10	-	23 28 44 27 59	240 222 174
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present 15 to 24 years	1 302	1 85	290 36	304 106	218 53 94	158	48	19	21	Ξ	59 5	174
25 to 34 years	170	3	36 12 36	304 106 93 24 34 47	16	33 30	16 4	13	13	_	23 17	210 151
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Female householder, no husband present	317 274	59 71	123 83	34 47	26 29	41 33 30 34 20 193	18 10	6	<u>-</u>	-	14	207 237 246 222 176 174 188 210 151 142 131
15 to 24 years	I 310 I	542 8 32	630 59	912 161 177	512 39 186	31	137 12	35 - 12	14 - 14	12 - 6	130	171 187 202
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	289 705	27 72	68 15 175	81 215	64 127	44 55 25	36 24 21	12	-	6	5 59	212
65 years and over Median age	1 232 44.3	403 70.0	313 61.0	278 38.5	96 32.0	25 38 34.7	44 34.8	35.1	34.0	32.5	60 53.0	166
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	- 2 356	167	289	635	512	344	204	94	47	11	20	
1975 to 1978	2 040 1 243	267 258	314 237	615 310	375 174	366 177 131	206 130 47	43	34	ii	29 74 79	206 182 166 154 170
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	601 386	47 45	202 89	168 79	60 84	33 11	16 15	9 -	_	_	66 63	154 170
ROOMS 1 room	317	221	58	4			18			6	۰	01
2 rooms 3 rooms	314 1 291	221 111 206	136 308 331 201 76	48 472	5 216	46	5	=	- 6	-	8 9 17	108
4 rooms5 rooms	1 546 1 403	206 122 78 33 13	331 201	584 416	314 305 269	111	20 20 114	12 22	18	6 10	17 28 35 86	108 162 177 199 238 267
6 rooms	1 151 604	33 13	21	226 55 4.1	96	222 215 124	156 81	22 58 61	32 25 6.0	- -	128	
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	4.4	2.8	3.7	4.1	4.7	5.4	5.7	6.2	6.0	4.3	6.2	
AND POVERTY STATUS IN 1979	6 626	784	1 131	1 807	1 205	718	414	153	81	22	311	185
0.50 or less	6 426 4 146	784 693 435 253	1 075 778	1 782 1 219	1 184 741	713 401	414 181	153 84	81 43	22 11	311	187 181 199 238 175 105 118
0.51 to 1.00	2 144 119	253	278 19	531 25 7	428 15	290 15	206 27	69	31 7	6 5	253 52 6	199 238
1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	17 200 81	91 24	56 32 24	25 19	21	7	=	_	=	_	-	105
0.51 to 1.00	119	24 67	24	6	15	7	Ξ	=	Ξ	_	Ξ	97
1.51 or more Income in 1979 below poverty level	- 1 662	- 357	386	- 248	- 267	140	- 05	_ 28	- 15	- 11	- 15	762
Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	1 588 45	336	362 8	348 336 13	257	133	95 95 11	28	15	ii -	15	162 164 206 109
Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.01 or more persons per room	74	21 -	24	12	10	7 -	Ξ	_	=	_	=	109
BEDROOMS None	374	251	78	6	7	_	18	_	_	6	8	91
2	2 225 2 228	251 336 137	78 595 345	815 742 197	322 502	90 248 299	18 30 89	_ 52	35	5 6	32 72 134 47	159 191 250 263 220
3 4	1 406 323	52 8	345 79 29	197 41	502 308 47	299 74	237 40	52 57 29	35 38 8	5 –	134 47	250 263
5 or mareUNITS IN STRUCTURE	70	-	5	6	19	7	-	15	-	-	18	220
1, detached or attached	2 160 1 658	94 100	127 394	386 574	391 384	437 120	273 68	116 14	57	5	274 4	243 180
3 ond 4 5 to 9	1 038 601	120 59	249 150	394 233 142 78	187 80	63 20 51 27	11 27	5 18	14	- - 6	9 - 9	168 172
10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc	465 704	83 328	62 149	142 78	80 92 71	51 27	27 20 15	_	10	11	15	181
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT		_	_	_	_	_	_	_		-	_	-
1975 to Morch 1980	276 817	75 342 64 11	47 127	31 106	23 140	7 64 51	34 22 20 28 72 238	24 -	24 -	11	16	170 128
1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949	374 381 795	64 11 46	127 54 24 65 814	106 90 153 314	140 56 72 103 811	51 65 130	20 28	6 7 47	12	6 -	16 15 21	187 198 196
1939 or earlier	3 983	246	814	1 113	811	401	238	69	39	5	12 247	186
STORIES IN STRUCTURE	5 904	467	978	1 712	1 118	698	394	153	71	17	296	190 107 101
4 or more With elevator	722 648	317 311	153 145	95 54	87 76	20 12	20 20		10 10	5 5	15 15	101
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979												
Less than 15 percent 15 to 19 percent	935 1 064	152 97	166 160	357 336 286	153 217	81 164 104	26 67 52 56 16 63 134	12	1]	=	:::	173 194
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	979 757 392	179 158 83	186 127 74	160 70	141 177 79	104 50 41	52 56	25 13 17	11 6	5 6		173 178 178
35 to 49 percent50 percent or more	976 1 134	83 70 37	74 191 214	160 70 284 289	183 228	106 172	63 134	57 29	22 25	- 6	•••	173 194 173 178 178 189 206 184
Not computed	389 25.9	8 23.9	13 26.9	25 23.5	27 27.2	26.0	31.9	37.2	36.5	32.9	3i i 	184
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Hearing equipment	6 626	784	1 131	1 807	1 205	718	414	153	81	22	311	185
Central heating system	6 366 1 249	784 774 223 120	1 084 113	1 741 242	1 131 166 73	704 191	414 395 128	1 53 138 44 18	81 81 24 16	22 17 6	296 101	184 199 193
Central system	457	120	54	51	73	43	45	18	16	6	31	193

Table B-3. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Owner-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

					Н	usehold incor	ne in 1979						
Altagana situs				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000				Income in 1979 below
Altoona city	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$10,000 to \$12,499	\$12,300 to \$14,999	\$13,000 to \$19,999	\$20,000 to \$24,999	\$23,000 to \$34,999	\$35,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Mean (dollors)	poverty
Owner-eccupied housing units	14 403	1 450	2 385	1 317	1 215	2 493	2 131	2 377	762	273	16 736	18 306	976
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 774	293	947	810	895	2 030	1 777	2 076	697	249	19 791	21 429	318
15 to 24 years	228 1 795	45 15	7 70	12 124	43 174	79 496	51 491	22 356	29	5 10	18 702 19 900	20 659 20 480	55
35 to 44 years	1 663 4 113	142	48 266	80 258	137 226	347 806	434 650 151	451 1 119	124 477	27 169	21 859 22 462 12 536	23 184 24 249	32 177
65 years and over	1 975 1 040	91 156	556 270	336 125	315 92	302 127	151 119	128 108	58 31	169 38 12	11 880	15 029 15 659	55 32 177 54 54
15 to 24 years	47 152	- 6	21	8 28	21 24	12 33	6 22	12	- 6	=	14 345 14 688	14 974 16 171	- 6
35 to 44 years	116 232	29	17 39	19 32 38	6	33 33 24 25	28 51	13 45	12	-	16 905 19 167	17 709 17 890	18
65 years and over Famale householder, no husband present	493 3 589	1 001	193 1 168	38 382	41 228	25 336	12 235	38 193	13 34	12 12	8 466 7 951	14 035 10 570	30 604
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	23 183	6 46	11 50	29	- 6	25	6 22	-4	ī	=	8 750 9 375	11 178 10 701	6 85 35 172
35 to 44 years	215 1 213	35 201	61 381	57 135	14 124	16 169	18 83	8 93	6 15	12	10 504 10 454	11 317 12 935	35 172
65 years and over	1 955 55.4	713 69.3	665 68.1	161 61.0	84 56. 9	126 48.7	106 44.7	88 49.7	12 53.0	54.0	6 352	9 001	306 60.6
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to March 1980	764 2 261	23 127	65 169	69 169	82 230	163 563	180 443	133 452	43 71	6 37	19 419 19 057	21 193 19 860	38 126
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974	2 022 3 107	142	233 346	132 280	132 232	468 483	458 536	347 687	100	10	18 904 19 793	18 921	126 126 194
1960 to 1969	6 249	237 921	1 572	667	539	816	514	758	195 353	111 109	12 367	21 139 15 784	492
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
1.01 or more persons per room	14 363 147	1 437	2 362	1 317 23	1 215 31	2 493 43	2 131 14	2 377 25	758 5	273	16 769 16 125	18 331 18 559	963 22
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	40	13	23	-	_	Ξ	=	=	4	-	6 458	9 553	13
Heating equipment Central heating system Air conditioning Central system	14 396 14 143	1 450 1 396	2 385 2 336	1 317 1 298	1 215 1 194	2 486 2 449	2 131 2 083	2 377 2 363	762 751	273 273	16 728 16 770	18 306 18 374	976 922
Air conditioning	3 463 620	205	398 43	326 23	265 31	577 100	510 75	767 165	254 82	161 82	19 671 26 284	22 004 30 719	153
Vehicles available	12 829 6 068	777 625	1 729 1 386	1 248 904	1 157 738	2 418 1 052	2 115 754	2 363 481	754 107	268 21	18 175 12 903	19 695 14 506	613 430
2 or more	6 761 14 396	152 1 450	343 2 385	344 1 317	419 1 215	1 366 2 486	1 361 2 131	1 882 2 377	647 762	247 273	22 459 16 728	24 352 18 306	183 976
Utility gas	13 684 15	1 419	2 285	1 225	1 113	2 366	2 056	2 229	738	253	16 741 30 132	18 265 22 320	954
Utility gas	190 173	- 8	19	13	23 44	40 24	27 12	51 26	10	20	22 167 14 006	25 848 16 547	- 5
Other	334 6.2	23 5.8	69 5.9	33 46 6.0	35 6.1	56 6,2	36 6.3	62 6.5	, 6.6	7.4	14 571	16 428	17
Specified owner-occupied housing units	13 006	1 201	2 130	1 194	1 051	2 279	2 024	2 201	685	241	17 103	18 552	838
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY		, 10,											
OWNER COSTS	£ 000	300		400	430	1 150	1 1/0	1 110	204		00 000	01 050	
With a mortgage Less than \$200	5 209 640	190 28	385 77	402 43	412 75	1 159 134	1 160 157	1 112	304 23	65	20 208 18 697	21 250 18 626	231 40 76
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	1 192 1 295	28 57 35 30 27	123 99	129 105 57	123 87	321 359	232 291	164 266	43 53	, ,	17 705 19 564	17 879 19 966	41
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	794 547		44 12 22	43	22 33	177 76	184 163	202 148	67 38	11 7	21 373 22 292	22 453 22 335	41 34 27
\$400 to \$499 \$500 to \$599	446 158	7	22 5 3	13	33 44 8	72 16	97 20	141 41	20 45	31 10	22 650 28 182	25 961 29 079	9
\$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	158 98 39	Ξ	-	6	12 8	4	16	30 17	10 5	21 5	25 938 28 021	41 797 33 083	
Net mortgaged	\$280 7 797	\$264 1 011	\$247 1 745	\$264 792	\$255 639	\$267 1 120	\$283 864	\$306 1 089	\$325 381	\$480 156	13 871	16 750	\$250 607
Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	5 153	47	31	5 29	_	-	-	7 6	-	-	11 250 9 659	10 610 10 156	18
\$75 to \$99	976 2 519	220 358 214	296 718	148	72	20 59	80	64 287	25 81	12	9 381 11 712	11 799 14 240	141 219
\$75 to \$99 \$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$149	1 951 1 547	214	353	148 268 129 169 37	199	344 388 234	264 218	295 281	122	33 63 31	15 815 18 495	17 654	114
\$200 to \$249	480 166	105 55 12	353 258 53 36	37 7	20 72 192 199 93 48 15	61 14	245 32 25	126 30	37 17	31 10	16 926 19 821	20 624 22 695 26 299	42
Median	\$128	\$117	\$119	\$12Ó	\$129	\$134	\$135	\$141	\$142	\$171	***	20 277	\$116
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY													
OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
With a mortgage	5 209 1 764	190	385 6	402	412	1 159	1 160 499	1 112	304 239	85 85	20 208 26 373 20 232	21 250 29 434	231
15 to 19 percent	1 764 1 438 790	Ξ	_	12 120	32 110 139 20	194 573 238 96 31 27	408 193	709 288 61	47 13	=	20 232 17 115	21 411 17 819	_ 5
25 to 29 percent 30 to 34 percent	351 263	Ξ	26 56 76	104	20	96 31	44 5	26 20	5	=	14 437	15 852 13 078	-
35 percent or moreNot computed	591 12	178 12	221	85 81	46 65	27	11	8	=	-	11 632 8 275 2500—	8 295	29 185 12
Median	17.9	50+	37.7	28.3	22.3	18.4	16.0	13.5	10.5	10—	•••		50+
Net mortgaged	7 797 3 197	1 011	1 745 11	792 103	639 190	1 120 604	864 744	1 089 1 015	381 374	156 156	13 871 24 587	16 750 27 196	607
15 to 19 percent	1 584 1 031	11 18	223	407 192	326 93 25	435 73 8	101	74	7	-	13 658 9 089	14 538 9 758	7 17
20 to 24 percent	512 477	35 130 107	636 382 325	62 22	_	8 -	=	=	=	=	7 381 5 932	7 917 6 079	11 38
30 to 34 percent	186	634	68 100	6	5	-	=	=	-	-	4 673 3 654	5 376 3 561	21 437
Not computed Median	734 76 12.1	76 40.0	20.0	13.6	12.0	10-	10-	10-	10-	10-	2500-	-	38 21 437 76 47.4

Table B-4. Income and Poverty Status in 1979 of Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		-			Ho	usehold inco	me in 1979						
Altoona city				\$10,000	\$12,500	\$15,000	\$20,000	\$25,000	\$35,000		_		Income in
	Total	Less thon \$5,000	\$5,000 to \$9,999	\$12,499	\$14,999	\$19,999	\$24,999	\$34,999	\$49,999	\$50,000 or more	Median (dallors)	Mean (dollars)	poverty level
Renter-occupied housing units	6 753	1 939	2 014	789	484	969	300	198	45	15	8 322	9 980	1 702
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER	0 /33	1 737	2 014	707	404	,,,,	300	170	43	.,	0 322	7 700	1 702
Married-couple families	2 276	185	639	336	241	539	164	126	37	9	12 336 11 389	13 509	331
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	418 786	47 63	132 166	336 54 133 50 23 76	57 99	112 219	9 34	7 65	7	=	13 283	11 591 13 833	83 112 63 33 40 335 107 77 1 036 150 185 142 224 335
35 to 44 years	299 407	24 12	49 96	23	28 31	84 95	41 80	18 36	30	5 4	14 866 16 995	14 741 17 943 9 067	63 33
65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	366 1 33 1	39 398	196 406	142	26 82	29 186	65	43	3	6	8 587 8 197	9 823	40 335
15 to 24 years	264 277	107 34	100 65	23 58 17	14 22	12 82	8 16		Ξ	<u>-</u>	6 330 11 703	6 737 11 848	107 38
35 to 44 years	170 335 285	28 93	40 92	17 44	26 16	28 43	10 21	15 23	3	6	12 500 8 750	14 617 10 593	30 83
65 years and overFemale householder, no husband present	3 146	136 1 356	109 969	311	161	21 244 28	10 71	29 29	5	_	5 217 5 901	6 948 7 493	1 036
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	310 592	127 148	120 195	29 78	67	60	37 37	7	_	_	5 787 8 601	6 470 9 757	150 185
35 to 44 years	301 711	125 227	92 210	31 83	16 54 24	35 84	2 26	22	5	Ξ	6 328 8 041	7 402 9 479	142 224
65 years and over	1 232 44.3	729 62.8	352 47.6	90 36.6	33.9	37 34.1	39.9	40.7	52.5	41.5	4 576	5 539	335 41.0
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT													
1979 to March 1980	2 368 2 102	639 595	726 590	252 284	214 145	351 307	129 91	52 69	15	5 6	8 545 8 405	9 847 10 084	680 537
1970 to 1974	1 272 613	409 172	397 164	147 76	52 44	180 90	34 29	44 20	18	=	7 763 9 054	9 553 10 977	537 281 112
1959 or earlier	398	124	137	30	29	41	17	13	3	4	7 786	10 050	92
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6 553	1 91/	1.045	704	473	044	205	198	40	10	9 (0)	10.110	1 (00
Complete plumbing for exclusive use	4 217	1 816	1 965 1 276	784 487 281	471 290 174	964 533	295 153	125	45 25	15 6	8 521 7 795	9 539	1 628 885
0.51 to 1.00	2 195 119	488 6	633 44 12	13	7	405 26	116 21	73 -	20	5 4	9 780 12 159	10 962 14 502	885 693 38 12 74 35 39
1.51 or more Lucking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	22 200	123	49	5 5	13	5	5 5	=	-	=	9 500 4 315	11 523 5 645	74
0.51 to 1.00	81 119	56 67	25 24	5	13	5	5	=	_	_	4 006 4 583	4 001 6 764	35 39
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	_	_	_	Ξ		=	_	=	_	_	=	=	_
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS													
Heating equipment	6 753 6 481	1 939 1 837	2 014 1 923	7 89 768	484 460	969 952	300 291	198 193	45 42	15 15	8 322 8 428	9 980 10 061	1 702 1 597
Air conditioning Central system	1 255 457	348 164	325 178	100 23	66	252 41	80 26	61	17	6	9 011 6 493	11 454 8 980	202 62
Vehicles available	4 329 3 191	647 585	1 205	653 566	426 339	882 467	272 150	184 48	45 21	15	11 196 10 007	12 230 10 703	641 550 91
2 or more	1 138 6 753	62 1 939	196 2 014	87 7 89	87 484	415 969	122 300	136 198	24 45	9 15	16 236 8 322	16 512 9 980	91 1 702
Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	6 180 67	1 780 14	1 808 22	728	465 8	886 14	255	198	45	15	8 366 8 750	10 027 9 406	1 561
ElectricityFuel oil, kerosene, etc	297 110	103	100	18 28	7	45	24 10	=	-	Ξ	6 558 8 786	8 812 9 245	71 24
Other Median rooms	99	24 3.7	54 30 4.3	4.7	4.7	24 5.0	11 5.5	5.7	5.4	5.8	9 625	11 750	24 39 4.3
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 626	1 915	1 961	771	470	955		198	45	15		9 996	1 662
CONTRACT RENT	0 020	1 713	1 701	//1	4/0	733	296	170	45	15	8 328	7 770	1 002
Less than \$100	1 464	728	404	63	85	118	46	17	3	-	5 040 7 130	7 333	542
\$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	1 963 2 056	622 392	688 591	255 277	98 226	188 412	44 76	49 70	10	9	10 406	8 767 11 152	598 408
\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299	559 179	87 34	160 22 5	99 8 5	35 21	90 62 26	81 18	9	7 5	=	10 821 15 304	12 079 14 455	67 21
\$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	62 11	6	_	5	_	26	6 5	14 6		_	16 875 30 064	17 751 27 726	6
\$500 or more	10 11	.5	10	5	=	-	6			_	6 250 20 208 11 309	6 935 9 477	5 15
No cash rent Median	311 \$143	41 \$112	81 \$141	64 \$155	5 \$156	59 \$159	14 \$169	33 \$163	14 \$154	\$147	11 309	14 268	\$120
GROSS RENT													
Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149	784 1 131	544 487	141 416	38 103	23 13	33 72	34	5 6	-	- :	4 170 5 674	5 344 6 776	357 386
\$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	1 807 1 205	397 242	615 363	230 187	198 114	267 197	60		13	- 4	9 074 9 967	9 923 11 052	348 267
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349	718 414	95 77 13	209	51	52	212	41 45 54 26	34 44 35 25	12	6 5	12 692 11 852	13 439 13 395	140 95
\$350 to \$399 \$400 to \$499	153 81	13	90 29 17	54 44	26 17 22	83 19 12	26 11	-5 11	-		11 960 14 261	13 560 14 927	386 348 267 140 95 28 15
\$500 or more No cash rent	22 311	11 41	81	64	5	59	11 14	33	14	-	11 250 11 309	9 783 14 268	11 15
Median	\$185	\$141	\$178	\$198	\$200	\$216	\$255	\$242	\$224	\$290			\$162
GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979													
Less than 15 percent15 to 19 percent	935 1 064	37	58 166	74 182	78 227	371 354	163 78	145 20	31	15	18 057 14 119	19 829 14 018	7 59
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	1 064 979 757	151	385 351	213 133	81	354 124 41	163 78 25 10		-	=	9 472	9 786	72
30 to 34 percent	757 392 976	37 151 182 128 344 954 119	166 385 351 204 536 180 81	182 213 133 31 74	40 17 22	6	6	=	-	-	8 039 6 650 5 921 3 374	8 204 7 057 6 105	59 72 126 118 274 913 93
35 to 49 percent 50 percent or more Not computed	1 134 389 25.9		180 81	_	5	- 59	14	33	14	Ξ	3 374 9 471	6 105 3 392 11 347	913 93
Median	25.9	50+	29.7	64 22.3	18.4	16.1	13.9	10.7	10—	10			50+

Table B-5. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Data are estima	ites based on a	sample, see Intr	oduction. For m	eaning at symba	ls, see Introducti	on. For definition	ons of terms, see	appendixes A	ana Bj	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$200	\$200 to \$249	\$250 to \$299	\$300 to \$349	\$350 to \$399	\$400 to \$499	\$500 to \$599	\$600 to \$749	\$750 or more	Median (dallars)
Specified owner-occupied housing units	5 209	640	1 192	1 295	794	547	446	158	98	39	280
PERSONS IN UNIT											
1 person2 persons	306 1 101	57 129	72 283	56 300	68	18 101	35	- 32	- 8	25	271
3 persons	1 155 1 314	129 130 174	72 283 256 264 199	255	68 133 207 200	170 143	85	32 17	26 28 29	9	288
4 persons	895 251	90 21	199	300 255 354 239 74	125 20	62	35 90 85 102 97 23	49 54 6	29	- 5	283
6 persons	119	23 16	47 10	6	31 10	12	14	-		-	271 273 288 281 283 279 239 286
8 or more persons	3.53	3.52	3.44	3.60	3.45	3.41	3.63	4.11	4.04	2.28	
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER											
Married-couple families	4 358 201	477 7	965 31	1 148 91	639 24	476 33	374 15	142	98	39	282 284
25 to 34 years	1 543 1 166	139 118	325 292	385 287	228 157	214	153 80	51 61	39 28	9 10	290 280
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and aver Male heuseholder, no wife present	1 315 133	199 14	287 I	351	213 17	133 71 25	121 5	30	31	12 8	284 290 280 274 283
Male householder, no wife present	277 31	24	30 58 13	34 39	70	25 24 12	46	16	-	Ē	313 360
25 to 34 years	98 87	6 12	13 22 10	21 13	35 23	12		- 6	-	-	313 287
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	30 31	- 6	10	5	5 7		18	10	-	_	300 411
Female householder, no husband present	574 6	139	169	108	85	47	26	_	-	-	244 275
25 to 34 years	121 126	20 13	43 40 60 26	32 22	13 18	27	13	Ξ	=	-	247 273
45 to 64 years65 years and over	223 98	64 42	60	37 11	41 13	14	6	=	=	-	240 213
Median age	39.4	45.3	39.6	37.9	40.6	35.2	38.3	40.2	38.8	60.2	
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT											
1979 to March 1980	583 1 685	116	47 324	124 483	87 282	176 166	76 l 184 l	39 71	21 42	9 17	358 292
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	1 685 1 175 1 219	188 227	324 323 362 136	483 290 277	282 177 160	166 112 51	184 62 82	11 32	7 28	5	263 254 263
1959 or earlier	547	105	136	121	88	42	42	5	-	8	263
ROOMS					_						
1 to 3 rooms	7 184	- 6	64	48	7 39 89	14	_ 5	-	_	- 8	325 273 279
5 rooms	482	78 331 139	89 546	128 546	89 283	33 209	41 126	10 46	6 17	8	279 266
7 rooms 8 or more rooms	2 104 1 300 1 132	139 86	64 89 546 269 224	546 318 255	283 235 141	126 165	142 132	46 44 58 7.0	18 57 7.9	9 14	266 288 300
Median	6.4	6.2	6.3	6.4	6.4	6.6	6.9	7.0	7.9	6.9	
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT											
1975 to March 1980	242 170	5	8 15 58	18 33	31 23 98	33 40	86 29	28 12	20 5	18	432 361 326 329 279
1960 to 1969	456 324	10 16	44	110 64	98 66	47 49	52 72	46 5	35	- 8	326 329
1940 to 1949	507 3 510	51 558	134 933	64 120 950	66 59 517	101 277	24 183	9 58	9 29	_ 5	279 264
VALUE					•						
Less than \$10,000	279	80	115	57	22	-	5	-	-	-	226
\$10,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	1 201 1 497	207 243	377 365 231	346 463	189 220	67 113	15 79	7	7	Ξ	226 252 265 283 337 378
\$30,000 to \$39,999 \$40,000 to \$49,999	931 606	93	82	215 133	145 120	161 98	81 96	5 56 26	13	- 8	283 337
\$50,000 to \$59,999 \$60,000 to \$79,999	328 297	12	22	50 31	50 48	54 47	63 85	26 48	43 24	8 9	419
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999	33 32	=	-		-	7	16	10	6	5 9	508 530 675
\$150,000 ar more	\$26 500	\$21 000	\$22 300	\$24 000	\$27 900	\$36 000	\$43 900	\$53 700	\$57 700	\$64 400	675
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS			,	V2	V 2. 100	,,,,	7.0 7.0		******		
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979											
Less than 15 percent	1 764 1 438 790 351 263 591	432 78 57 26 12	522 305 145 70	429 460	217 280	82 154	40 115	16 42	21 4	5 -	243 287 312 315 314 323 375
20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent	790 351	57 26	145	163 68	122 38	154 156 31	115 110 67	42 31 27	6 14	10	312 315
30 to 34 percent 35 percent or more	263 591	12	64 86	41 134	280 122 38 50 87	36 76	35 79	42	21 32	4 20	314 323
Not computed	12 17,9	12.7	16.2	17.4	18.2	12 21.0	23.1	23.4	31.0	35.3	375
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS		12.7	10.2	.,	70.2	21.0	20.1	20.4	51.5	55.5	
Heating equipment Steam or hot water system	5 202 1 670	640 117	1 192	1 288	794	547	446	158 77	98	39	280
Central warm-air turnace or electric heat pump	3 295	117 518	335 819	485 752	260 520	165 354	446 175 211	68	47 36	17	280 289 271
Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	99 21	_	11 6	-	8	18	39	8	15	8 -	443 328
Other means	117 1 391	5 69	21 292	51 288	6 286	10 115	14 180	5 80 32	58	5 23	282 308
1 or more individual room units	246 1 145	A	6 286	21 267	60 226	12	72 108	48	29 29	23 10 13 39	443 328 282 308 430 291 280
House heating fuelUtility gas	5 202 4 895	65 640 629	1 192 1 138	1 288 1 208	794 769	103 547 514	446 392	158 140	58 29 29 98 79	39 26	280 278
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity	120	027 - -	11	1 206	707	18	39	13	19	20 - 8	440
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	69 118	11	10	34 40	4 15	6	15	5	- 19	- 5	286 269
Oliker	118		33	40	15	٧ ا	-	٥١		3	207

Table B-6. Selected Monthly Owner Costs for Not Mortgaged Housing Units: 1980

[Dato ore estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	[Dato ore estimate	s based on a sam	ple, see Introducti	on. For meaning	of symbols, see I	ntroduction. For a	lefinitions of term	s, see appendixes	A and B]	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$50	\$50 to \$74	\$75 to \$99	\$100 to \$124	\$125 to \$149	\$150 to \$199	\$200 to \$249	\$250 ar mare	Median (dollars)
			100	074				400		
Specified owner-occupied housing units	7 797	5	153	976	2 519	1 951	1 547	480	166	128
PERSONS IN UNIT	2 004	5	67	369	775	418	254	90	24	110
2 persons	3 067 1 330		67 62 17	428 120	775 1 008 340 238 114		256 604 350 197 97 15 22	134	67	118 126 137 138 143 142 142 175
3 persons 4 persons	1 330 814	_	17	120 45	340 238	764 378 229 101 28	350 197	134 113 75 59	12 23 19 21	137
5 persons	404	-	_	45 14	114	101	97	59	19	143
6 persons 7 persons	98 74	_		_	30 14	28 33	15	4 5	21	142
8 or more persons	6	,	, , -	-	-	-	6	_		
Median	2.12	1.00	1.65	1.78	1.98	2.23	2.36	2.64	2.38	•••
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER										
Married-couple families	4 647		71	452	1 347	1 284	1 070	310	713 6	134 250±
25 to 34 years	154	-	7	25	50 127	31	31	17	_	127
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	408 2 447	_	12	37 170	667	117 687	81 640 318	16 198 79	23 73 11	132
65 years and over	1 632 589	- 5	12 52 21	220 105	667 503 192	449 119	318 84	79 40	11 23	127
15 to 24 years	6	_		,03	-	,,,	_	-		138
25 to 34 years	12 29	_			7 12	11	5	- 6	_	121
15 to 24 years	166	-	.6	34 71	37	31	40 39	5	13	250+ 127 132 139 127 121 138 121 130 118 120 144 158 128 123 118
65 years and over	376 2 561	5 -	15 61	419	136 980	71 548	39 393	29 1 30	10 30	118
15 to 24 years	17 42	-	_	7	10	11	25	172	6	144
35 to 44 years	67	Ξ.	=	11	20	23 187	8	5	_	128
45 to 64 years	836 1 599		61	120 281	329 621	187 327	124 236	63 62	13 11	123
Median age	63.6	67.5	71.4	67.5	65.0	62.6	60.6	58.5	55.8	,,,,
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT										
1979 to March 1980	104	-	-	17	17	31	33	-	6	140
1975 to 1978	401 656	Ξ	19	18 62	106 212	160 144	33 54 148 342 970	46 44	17 27	140 137 131 134 124
1960 to 1969	1 642	5	5	156 723	499	421	342	162	52	134
1959 or earlier	4 994	-	129	/23	1 685	1 195	970	228	64	124
ROOMS										
1 to 3 rooms	95 496	5	11	19	19 212	12 123	6	21 31	13	134
5 rooms	1 372	_	54	66 191	448	280	350	31	18	125
6 rooms	3 465 1 365	_	54 73 11	473 160	1 190 399	280 965 350 221	53 350 581 297	143 96	40 52	134 120 125 125 133 145
8 or more rooms	1 004		4 5.7	67	251	221	260	158	43 6.7	
Median	6.1	3.0	5.7	5.9	6.0	6.1	6.1	6.6	6.7	•••
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT										
1975 to March 1980	80 62	_	_	5 6	13	20 14	11 29	14	17 6	159 157 171 145 137
1960 to 1969	435	5	.=	4	64 96	80	151	102	29	171
1950 to 1959	613 350	_	17	12 18	96 120	222 76	175 108	69 12	22 16	145
1939 ar earlier	6 257	-	136	931	2 219	1 539	1 073	283	76	123
VALUE										
Less than \$10,000	887	5	26 87	231	278	175	128	31	13	116
\$10,000 ta \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$29,999	2 482 2 068	_	87 29	465 189	863 847	582 530	362 384	80 71	43 18	120 124 134 147 172 186 226
\$30,000 to \$39,999	1 113	-	6	70 14	847 331 144 35 21	404 174	384 222 200 148	61	19	134
\$40,000 ta \$49,999 \$50,000 ta \$59,999	634 307	_	5	14 7	35	47	148	61 75 54 78	22 16	172
\$60,000 to \$79,999	230 42	-	-	-	21	31 8	88	78 17	12 13	186
\$80,000 ta \$99,999 \$100,000 to \$149,999 \$150,000 or more	29	_	_	_	_	-	าเรื	13	13	213
\$150,000 or more	\$21 800	\$10000 <u></u>	\$14 500	\$15 900	\$21 000	\$23 600	\$26 400	\$39 700	\$33 500	250+
SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS	\$21 000	4.000	4,4 300	413 700	Ψ21 000	\$25 500	- - 20 - -00	4 37,700	+30 300	•••
PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979										
Less than 10 percent	3 197	5	86	381	1 062	859	634	150	20	127
10 to 14 percent	1 584 1 031	-	86 31 18	187 174	469	463 189	315	76 84	43	131
20 to 24 percent	512 477	-	7	42	469 342 190 172 55 199	86 122	634 315 189 138 89 43 133	150 76 86 39 31 13 76	33 10	127 131 124 130 127 133 134 116
25 to 29 percent	477 184	-	-	42 56 24 93 19	172 55	122	89 43	31	7 5	127
35 percent or more	186 734 76	-	11	93	199	46 174	133	76	48	134
Not computed	12.1	10-	10-	19	30 11.9	12 11.2	12.2	15.6	18.0	116
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS				,	1.17					
The state of the s	7 797	5	153	976	2 519	1 951	1 547	480	166	128
Steam or hot water system Central warm-oir furnace or electric heat pump	2 336	_	26 116	976 191	686 1 765	611 1 283	547	480 193 252 19	82 78	136
Other built-in electric units	5 200 45	5	-	749	7	1 283	952 13	252 19	78	125
	115 101	-	11	31 5	26 35	26	547 952 13 12 23 425 123 302	9	7	115
Other means Air conditioning Central system 1 or more individual room units	1 738	_	12	141	515	25 446 65	425	128	71	136
Central system	326 1 412	-	12	18	13 502	65 381	123	128 76 52	31 40	177
nouse nearing tuel	7 797	5	153	123 976 904	2 519 2 430	1 951	1 547	480 447	166	128
Utility gos	7 491 15	5	136	904	2 430	1 908	1 508	447	153	129 158
Bottled, tank, or LP gas Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc	51	_	-	-	7	6	19	19	-	128 136 125 187 115 135 136 177 130 128 129 158 183 175
Other	58 182	_	7 10	72	14 62	6 31	7	14	13	1/5
	- 1									

Table B-7. Year Structure Built for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Dato are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

		Ov	vner-occupied h	ousing units				Ren	ter-occupied ho	ousing units		
Altoona city	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier	Total	1975 to Morch 1980	1970 to 1974	1960 to 1969	1940 to 1959	1939 or earlier
Occupied housing units	14 403	362	247	966	1 900	10 928	6 753	276	830	393	1 194	4 060
HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 774	308	225	793	1 372	7 076	2 276	61	200	143	482	1 390
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years	228 1 795 1 663	135 36	53 103	62 160	73 309 205	134 1 236 1 159	418 786 299	22 12	11 25 11	40 16 46	163 209 57	204 514 173
45 to 64 years 65 years and over Male householder, no wife present	4 113 1 975 1 040	104 19 26	62 7 8	446 118 71	566 219	2 935 1 612	407 366 1 331	5 22 53	58 95 116	22 19	41 12	281 218 857
15 to 24 years	47 152	- 6	-	12	138 12 41	797 35 93	264 277	15	7 6	65 19 7	240 90 75 22	148 174
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years ond over	116 232 493	6 8 6	- - 8	11 18 30	24 22 39 390 17	75 184 410	170 335 285	_ 38	14 28 61	4 15 20	22 41 12	130 251 154
15 to 24 years	3 589 23 183	28 6	14	102	390 17	3 055	3 146 310	162 6 29	514 6	185 14 55	472 135 151	1 813
25 to 34 years 35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	183 215 1 213	5 6 11	7	- 44	20 40 140	158 162 1 018	592 301 711	29 6 14	31 25 86	4	151 71 51	326 195 521
65 years ond over	1 955 55.4	38.1	41.7	44 58 54.0	140 173 52.0	1 717 57.1	1 232 44.3	107 67.1	366 69.7	39 73 42.2	64 28.7	521 622 45.4
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to Morch 1980	764	90	18	23	206	427	2 368	146	140	123	610	1 349
1975 to 1978 1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969	2 261 2 022 3 107	272 	50 179	154 156 633	412 269 287	1 373 1 418 2 187	2 102 1 272 613	130	341 349	87 122 61	376 116	1 168 685 472 386
1959 or earlier	6 249	-	-	-	287 726	2 187 5 523	398	=	-	-	80 12	386
ROOMS 1 room 2 rooms	12 38	=	Ξ	- 6	- 6	12 26	317 314	<u>-</u> 9	172 129	24 24	19 37	102 115
3 rooms4 rooms	145 913 2 091	42 59	24	11 135	27 184 370	107 528 1 442	1 296 1 553 1 440	151 65	219 122 134	24 24 45 127	37 151 295 332	730 944 876
5 rooms 6 rooms 7 or more rooms	5 968 5 236	104 157	37 90 96	183 299 332	679 634	4 796 4 017	1 198 635	65 23 21 7	45 9	75 76 22 4.3	218 142	838 455 4.7
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM	6.2	6.3	6.2	6.0	6.0	6.2	4.4	3.4	3.0	4.3	4.8	4.7
O.50 or less	14 363 10 116	362 223	247 147	9 66 678	1 900 1 279	10 888 7 789	6 553 4 217	276 221	830 495	393 236 139	1 169 662 479	3 885 2 603 1 197
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	4 100 115 32	131	95 5 -	271 17 -	621	2 982 93 24	2 195 119 22	50 5 -	330 - 5	18	28	68
Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use 0.50 or less	40 33 7	Ξ	-	-	=	40 33 7	200 81 119	Ξ,	-	=	25 6 19	175 75 100
0.51 to 1.00 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	ź	=	=	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	Ξ	=	=	-	-
PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person	2 728	23	15	93	344	2 253	2 820	152	525	150	281	1 712
2 persons 3 persons	4 650 2 721	116 91	54 79	379 181	344 604 368 365 142	3 497 2 002	1 751 944 628	152 79 29	215 36 39	91 36 47	355 330 119	1 011 513 419
4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons	2 259 1 344 701	56 44 32	64 18 17	156 111 46	305 142 77	1 618 1 029 529	345 265	4 7 5	39 9 6	44 25	53 56	232 173
Median	2.46 40 677	2.96 1 269	3.19 858	2.56 2 927	2.51 5 471	2.42 30 152	1.82 15 179	1.41 494	1.29 1 249	2.01 942	2.39 3 054	1.81 9 440
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached	13 656	344	247	951	1 829	10 285	2 287	84	95	87	465	1 556
2 3 and 4	466 124	=	-	5 -	32 20	429 104	1 658 1 038	13	10 44 36	46 88 67	354 203 108	1 556 1 235 694 357
5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	90 41 19	12	=	6	10 9 -	64 26 13	601 465 704	33 13 124	173 472	69 36	42 22	168 50
Mobile home or trailer, etc SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	7	-	-	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	-
Heating equipmentSteam or hot water system	14 396 4 490	362 93 177 72	247 73	966 253 646	1 900 387	10 921 3 684 6 935	6 753 2 700	276 51 170	830 155 579	393 145	1 194 410	4 060 1 939 1 841
Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump Other built-in electric units Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	4 490 9 347 159 147	177 72	142 15 -	646 47 -	1 447 21 10	6 935 4 137	3 494 183 104	170 33 16	77 5	202 35	702 7 19	31
Other meansAir conditioning	253	20 111	17 90	20 396	35 649 159	161 2 217	272 1 255	233 193	14 385 182	11 95	56 130	185 412 32 380 4 060 3 835 50 31
Central system	620 2 843 14 396 13 684	60 51 362 260	90 55 35 247	249 147 966	490 1 900	97 2 120 10 921	457 798 6 753	40 276	203 830	45 50 393	5 125 1 194	380 4 060
Utility gas Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	13 684 15 190	260 - 80	210 - 20	966 890 - 59	1 846	10 478 15	6 753 6 180 67 297	205 71	691 133	334 5 43	1 115 12 19	3 835 50
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc Other	173 334	8 14	17	13 44 44 4.6	27 5 22 86	156 268 839	110 99	=	6	6 5	35 13	81
Percent below poverty level	976 6.8	=	2.8	44 4.6	86 4.5	839 7.7	1 702 25.2	50 18.1	219 26.4	7 7 19.6	297 24.9	1 059 26.1
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000	1 450	,-	7	49	136 270	1 258	1 939	114	356	68	250	1 151
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 385 1 317 1 215	11 17 40	27 5 5	48 52 59	205 176	2 029 1 038 935	2 014 789 484	83 12 14	252 80 32 50	158 35 31	353 140 111	1 168 522 296 580
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 493 2 131 2 377	65 100 78	34 75 77	133 129 326	333 248 314	1 928 1 579 1 582	969 300 198	26 11 9	50 44 7	61 16 19	252 64 24	580 165 139 24
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	762 273	45 6	12 5	103 67	148 70	454 125	45 15	7	9	5	=	15 1
Median	\$16 736 \$18 306	\$22 400 \$25 822	\$22 831 \$22 444	\$25 319 \$26 595	\$17 875 \$20 462	\$15 532 \$16 856	\$8 322 \$9 980	\$5 968 \$8 986	\$5 873 \$8 106	\$8 883 \$11 045	\$9 892 \$10 659	\$8 686 \$10 128

Table B=8. Units in Structure for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and 8]

		Owner-occupied h	ousing units				Re	nter-occupied	housing units			
Altoona city	Total	1 unit, detached or attoched	2 ar more units	Mobile hame or troiler, etc.	Total	1 unit, detached or ottoched	2 units	3 and 4 units	5 to 9 units	10 ta 49 units	50 or more units	Mobile home or troiler, etc.
Occupied housing units	14 403	13 656	740	7	6 753	2 287	1 658	1 038	601	465	704	-
Condominium housing units HOUSEHOLD TYPE AND AGE OF HOUSEHOLDER Married-couple families	9 774	9 456	318	_	2 276	1 118	565	230	161	105	97	_
15 to 24 years	228 1 795	207 1 749	21 46		418 786	172 410	131 212	60 89	43 46	7 24	5 5	=
35 to 44 years	1 663 4 113	1 631 3 982	32 131	-	299 407	179 241	76 84	34 38	10 11	20	13	-
65 years and overMale householder, no wife present	1 975 1 040	1 887 937	88 103	=	366 1 331	116 373	62 297	273	51 144	54 117	74 127	-
15 to 24 years 25 to 34 years	47 152	37 120	10 32	=	264 277	38 110	101 64	47 63	35 28 33	35 12	8	-
35 to 44 years 45 to 64 years 65 years and over	116 232 493	116 212 452	20 41	=	170 335 285	39 110 76	18 79 35	54 77 32	24 24 24	18 32 20	8 13 98	=
Female householder, no husband present	3 589 23	3 263 23	319	7	3 146 310	796 73	796 90	535 114	296 27	243	480	-
25 to 34 years	183 215	171 193	12 22	_	592 301	195 121	200 76	94 64	47 18	46 16	10 6	-
45 to 64 years65 years and over	1 213 1 955	1 103 1 773	110 175	7	711 1 232	202 205	149 281	133 130	90 114	84 91	53 411	-
YEAR HOUSEHOLDER MOVED INTO UNIT 1979 to March 1980	55.4 764	55.1 719	62.0 45	72.5	44.3 2 368	38.4 779	36.7 641	37.7	51.1 204	58.0	74.6 154	-
1975 to 1978	2 261 2 022	2 149 1 929	112 93	-	2 102 1 272	705 374	515 236	249	179 109	164	290 254	Ξ
1960 to 1969 1959 or earlier	3 107 6 249	2 987 5 872	120 370	 7	613 398	225 204	172 94	208 87 45	84 25	39 30	6	-
ROOMS 1 room	12	12	-	_	317		6	26	36	62	187	-
2 rooms3 rooms	38 145 913	32 78 706	6 67 200	- - 7	314 1 296 1 553	12 128	26 410 484	86 257 370	19 117	43 111 147	128 273	-
4 rooms 5 rooms 6 rooms	2 091 5 968	1 970 5 791	121 177	-	1 440 1 198	244 503 891	485 163	211 75	230 132 54	86	78 23 8	=
7 or more rooms	5 236 6.2	5 067 6.2	169 5.3	4.0	635 4.4	509 5.8	84 4.3	13 3.9	13 4.1	9 3.6	7 2.6	-
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	14 363	13 644	712	7 7	6 553	2 287	1 609	977	547	429	704	-
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	10 116 4 100 115	9 520 3 977	589 123	7 - -	4 217 2 195	1 371 817	1 076 508	673 304	353 182	320 109	424 275	-
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	32 40	115 32 12	28	-	119 22 200	82 17	25 49	61	12 - 54	36	5	=
0.50 or less 0.51 to 1.00	33 7	12	21 7	_	81 119	Ξ	13 36	35 26	26 28	7 29	Ξ	_
1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	Ξ	=	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	Ξ	-	Ξ	=
BEDROOMS None	12 469	12 227	242	-	379 2 237	22 182	14 745	33	36 209	67 181	207 397	-
2	2 904 8 264	2 727 8 039	170 225	- 7 -	2 261 1 452	668 1 082	674 177	523 374 89	207 297 44	175	73 27	=
4 5 or more	2 407 347	2 355 296	52 51	Ξ	354 70	295 38	25 23	19	15	9		-
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000\$5,000 to \$9,999	1 450	1 304	139	7	1 939	403	458	367	198	164	349	-
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999	2 385 1 317 1 215	2 227 1 256 1 117	158 61 98	=	2 014 789 484	622 313 173	521 207 151	292 138 56	188 55 59	124 35 34	267 41 11	=
\$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	2 493 2 131	2 382 2 084	111 47	Ξ	969 300	439 178	220 49	143 27	88 13	54 27	25	Ξ
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999	2 377 762	2 287 736	90 26	=	198 45	121 29	37 9	15	-	20 7	5 -	-
\$50,000 or more	273 \$16 736	263 \$16 995	10 \$12 806	\$3 750	\$8 322	\$10 946	\$8 248	\$7 222	\$7 464	\$7 648	\$5 040	-
MeanSELECTED CHARACTERISTICS	\$18 306	\$18 520	\$14 508	\$2 745	\$9 980	\$12 480	\$9 576	\$8 601	\$8 534 601	\$9 974	\$6 079 704	
Steam or hot water system Centrol worm-air furnace or electric heat pump	14 396 4 490 9 347	13 649 4 215 8 927	740 275 413	7	6 753 2 700 3 494	2 287 620 1 415	1 658 654 905	1 038 658 327	386	465 174 223	208	=
Other built-in electric unitsFloor, woll, or pipeless furnoce	159 147	153 136	6 11	_	183 104	51 73	905 19 13	13 7	164 25 6	51	460 24 5	=
Other meansAir conditioning	253 3 463	218 3 305	35 1 58	_	272 1 255	128 402	67 114	33 98	20 60 16	17 174	7 407	Ξ
Centrol system Vehicles available	620 12 829 6 068	602 12 243 5 712	18 586 356	- - - 7 7	457 4 329 3 191	119 1 775 1 175	1 071 772	16 602 471	327 292	38 316 256	260 238 225 13	Ξ
2 or more House heating fuel	6 761 14 396	6 531 13 649	356 230 740	7	1 138 6 753	600 2 287	299 1 658	131 1 038	35 601	256 60 465	704	-
Utility gas Bottled, tank, or LP gas	13 684 15	12 989 15	688		6 180 67	2 144 22	1 573 11	960 21 28	527 8	465 396 5	580	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	190 173	184 141	6 32 14	- - 7 7	297 110	51 17	24 27	28 12 17	25 41	51 7	118	=
Other Water heating fuel Utility gas	334 14 397 13 859	320 13 650 13 143	740 709	7	99 6 736 6 216	53 2 287 2 163	23 1 658 1 583	1 035 949	601 546	451 367	704 608	=
Bottled, tonk, or LP gas	64 452	13 143 59 431	5 21		93 380	2 163 27 91	1 583 28 47	14 59	11 36	13 65	82	-
Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	13	8 9	5	1	28 19	6		13	8 -	-	14	Ξ
Family householder With own children under 18 years	11 565 5 014	11 129 4 873	436 141	-	3 555 2 104 1 118	1 702 1 164	854 500 267	405 240 111	281 145	159 33 13 54 21	154 22 9	-
With own children under 6 years Female householder, no husband present With own children under 18 years	1 683 1 460 404	1 633 1 357 389	141 50 103 15	-	1 118 1 081 744	630 486 355	267 247 193	156	145 88 94 59 19	13 54 21	44 10	=
With own children under 6 years	404 119 2 838	112 2 527	7	7	225 3 198	111	62	106 20 633 322	19 320	306	550	=
Income in 1979 below poverty level Percent below poverty level	976 6.8	882 6.5	304 87 11.8	100.0	1 702 25.2	585 494 21.6	804 434 26.2	322 31.0	320 158 26.3	108 23.2	186 26.4	=

Table B — 9. Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units by Size of Household: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

	(Data ofe estimo	res basea on a s	ompre, see min	oduction. For me	uning of Symbols,	see infroduction	ii. Foi delimito	is or terms, see	appendixes A d	iiu oj	
Altoona city	Tatal	1 person	2 persons	3 persons	4 persons	5 persons	6 persons	7 persons	8 or more persons	Median	Total persons
Owner-occupied housing units Nonrelatives present	14 403 329	2 728	4 650 97	2 721 82	2 259 48	1 344 52	417 15	1 99 13	85 22	2.46 3.32	40 677 1 234
1 to 3 rooms	195 913 2 091 5 968 2 901 2 335 6.2	123 353 549 1 049 402 252 5.8	49 360 906 2 093 714 528 6.0	16 133 340 1 166 615 451 6.2	61 192 994 542 470 6.4	7 6 83 431 436 381 6.8	5 158 125 129 6.9	- 8 59 38 94 7.4	- 8 18 29 30 7.1	1.29 1.79 2.05 2.42 3.04 3.36	308 1 812 4 738 16 155 9 406 8 258
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less 1.51 or more 1.00 or less 1.01 to 1.50 1.51 or more	14 363 14 216 115 32 40 40	2 705 2 705 23 23	4 644 4 644 - - 6 6	2 717 2 710 7 - 4 4 -	2 252 2 252 - - 7 7	1 344 1 331 6 7 -	417 412 5 - -	199 132 67 - - -	85 30 30 25 - -	2.46 2.45 7.09 8.5+ 1.37	40 586 39 649 713 224 91 91
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	13 656 740 7	2 442 279 7	4 405 245 -	2 613 108 -	2 204 55 -	1 330 14 -	384 33 -	193 6 -	85 - -	2.50 1.87 1.00	38 794 1 876 7
VALUE Specified owner-occupied housing units Less than \$10,000	13 006 1 166 3 683 3 565 2 044 1 240 635 527 75 61 10 \$23 800	2 310 320 734 594 361 197 36 56 4 8 8	4 168 401 1 143 1 123 656 379 258 150 26 27 5	2 485 232 673 644 461 226 128 93 24 4 - \$24 000	2 128 101 574 691 269 272 95 108 6 12	1 299 62 342 395 201 109 73 92 15 5	349 4 142 83 47 30 22 16 - 5 \$23 300	193 32 64 30 23 16 23 5 - - - \$20 100	74 14 11 5 26 11 - 7 7	2.51 2.16 2.47 2.60 2.51 2.69 2.68 3.12 2.81 2.33 3.50	36 898 2 443 10 694 9 787 5 775 3 931 2 060 1 750 215 200 43
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Income in 1979 below poverty level Medion income Medion selected monthly owner costs as percentage of	14 403 \$16 736 14.9 17.9 12.1	2 728 \$6 532 24.0 24.9 23.8	4 650 \$14 659 13.8 18.8 11.9	2 721 \$20 640 12.2 17.2 10—	2 259 \$21 440 14.0 17.7 10—	1 344 \$21 739 14.8 17.4 10—	\$23 229 13.7 14.8 10.2	\$23 631 11.3 12.8 10—	85 \$16 417 19.8 20.6 17.5	2.46	40 677
Median income Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income With a mortgage Not mortgaged Renter-occupied housing units	976 \$3 180 50+ 50+ 47.4 6 753 572	\$390 \$3 073 49.1 50+ 48.4 2 820	235 \$2 784 49.2 50+ 44.3	\$2 821 50+ 50+ 50+ 944	\$3 107 50+ 50+ 41.0 628 75	103 \$4 826 44.2 50+ 29.3	\$5 625 50+ 50+	\$8 750 32.5 32.5 - -	\$11 818 22.0 27.0 17.5	1.92	15 179
Nonrelatives present	317 314 1 296 1 553 1 440 1 198 635 4.4	312 253 867 752 412 162 62 3.5	293 5 56 350 532 462 259 87 4.4	112 - 5 60 167 322 228 162 5.2	75 7 77 156 243 145 5.8	53 - - 20 48 193 84 6.0	25 - 7 5 34 86 22 5.9	6 - 5 - 6 9 29 6.7	8 - - - 18 44 7.1	2.48 1 1.01 1.12 1.25 1.55 2.17 3.28 3.54	348 367 1 869 2 741 3 367 4 189 2 298
PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use 1.00 or less	6 553 6 412 119 22 200 200	2 680 2 680 - - 140 140 - -	1 706 1 701 5 45 45	934 929 5 - 10 10 -	628 621 7 - - - -	340 320 20 - - 5 5	154 108 39 7 - -	49 29 15 5 - - -	62 24 33 5 - - -	1.85 1.81 6.21 6.36 1.21 1.21	14 880 14 007 718 155 299 299 - -
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	2 287 1 658 1 038 601 465 704	470 706 549 271 282 542	537 496 251 175 148 144	491 210 116 89 27 11 -	346 163 86 25 8 -	225 51 30 32 - 7	113 26 6 9 - -	49 - - - - -	56 6 - - - - -	2.78 1.75 1.45 1.67 1.32 1.15	7 002 3 478 1 883 1 196 722 898
Specified renter-occupied housing units	6 626 784 1 131 1 807 1 205 718 414 153 81 222 311 \$185	2 795 611 721 744 371 128 75 13 8 12 112 \$151	1 726 100 209 607 368 225 68 28 35 5 81 \$192	917 19 85 264 233 140 76 43 - - 57 \$213	596 17 66 119 134 107 87 22 18 — 26 \$230	345 32 28 28 80 68 50 17 13 29 \$245	141 5 11 42 10 17 38 13 - 5 - \$254	44 11 3 9 12 9 - - - - \$245	62 - - - 21 11 17 7 - 6 \$332	1.80 1.14 1.28 1.76 2.13 2.54 3.34 3.33 2.43 1.42 2.04	14 726 1 136 2 027 3 587 2 924 2 035 1 466 521 285 57 688
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS All income levels in 1979 Median income Median gross rent as percentage af household income Income in 1979 below poverty level Median income Median gross rent as percentage of household income Median gross rent as percentage of household income	6 753 \$8 322 25.9 1 702 \$3 546 50+	2 820 \$5 399 29.2 774 \$3 049 50+	1 751 \$10 419 22.8 293 \$3 354 50+	\$10 784 25.5 220 \$3 516 50+	\$12 823 22.2 162 \$3 936 50+	345 \$9 294 28.3 161 \$6 166 43.6	\$11 486 25.2 55 \$6 853 32.8	\$16 250 16.5 10 \$7 500 17.5	\$15 455 24.4 27 \$7 750 39.8	1.82 1.76 	15 179

Table B — 10. Household Composition and Age of Householder for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing Units: 1980

		Median	55.4	68.8 63.3 63.3 63.3 64.6 44.6	55.4.8 4.0.0.1		26.44% 26.24.444	44.3	83.2.1 32.1.2 33.3.3 34.3 35.3 35.3 35.3 35.3 35.3 35	836.0 55.8 1	488844788888 4-7-6-84788888
		65 years and over	1 955	1 326 470 108 19 19 1 14 1 14	1 937		20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	1 232	1 081 132 10 10 107 1 456	1 200	232 202 202 207 207 207 135 75 30.6
	nd present	45 to 64 years	1 213	265 265 152 71 71 143 2 370	1 213		200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	11.	424 161 81 20 20 1.34 1 287	695 7 16 -	705 109 88 88 81 27 27 66 66 86 86 88
	Ider, no husbar	35 to 44 years	215	%3444=2%	215		23. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27. 27	301	848 848 848 848	2%2 1 9 1 1	289 254 257 257 37.2
	Female householder, no husband present	25 to 34 years	183	448828 1 23 1 25	178		22 22 22 22 24 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	282	203 113 207 1 401	582 13 10	58 77 72 72 73 74 74 84 84 84
		15 to 24 years	æ	25.4	8 1 1 1		23 6 6 7 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	310	117 46 10 10 10 627	298 12 12	310 17 17 33 33 33 33 46 11 11 11 18 16 16 17
Ē		65 years and over	493	38 86 86 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	493 1		407 318 32.5 32.5 32.5 32.6 32.6 33.6 33.6 33.6 33.6 33.6 33.6	285	242 244 111 4 4 4 360	265	272 11 29 71 71 71 86 86 86 87 87 81 81
pendixes A ond	present	45 to 64 years	232	25. 1.3.2 1.3.2 1.3.2 1.3.2	232		200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200 200	335	204 102 103 7 1.33 540	300	317 63 63 53 53 54 77 77 77 72 70 72
terms, see opi	Male householder, no wife present	35 to 44 years	911	36 36 9 17 17 247	9111		20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0	170	140 9 115 11.11 224	<u>4</u> .81	170 70 35 7 7 7 10 10 12 13 23 15.5
For definitions of terms, see oppendixes A	Male househ	25 to 34 years	152	222 7 - 125 288	152		22 633 23 6 53 6 53 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	111	161 73 14 136 136	277	277 45 59 83 83 60 7 83.6
		15 to 24 years	47	32 1. 1. 1. 52 63	74		23.88 2.00 1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1.	264	167 187 177 1.29 1.29	245 7 19	3 2888888828
ymbols, see in		65 years and over	1 975	1 520 344 81 27 27 2.15 4 457	1 971		1 75 1 13 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	366	326 33 33 7 7 742	352	35 88 88 77 77 88 87 77 75 88 88 77 77 78 88 77 77 78 78 78 78 78
r meaning of s	98	45 to 64 years	4 113	1 490 1 161 731 287 2.99 13 619	4 100 65 13		2	407	262 2550 2550 2550 2550	402 28 5	38 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 10
troduction. Fo	d-couple fomilie	35 to 44 years	1 663	167 208 622 622 433 7 065	- 683 1 1		7.5.1 7.5.5 7.5 7	299	1 26 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 2 1 2	294 28 5	22 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 23 2
sample, see in	Marrie	25 to 34 years	1 795	302 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	1 795 8		244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244 244	786	187 178 178 246 130 130 3.61 2 858	736 27	76 172 172 172 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173
es pased on o		15 to 24 years	228	113 69 69 60 620 620	228		207 201 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203 203	418	121 202 73 22 22 - 1 270	418 6 1	405 772 172 18 18 335 44 44
[Doto are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction.		Totol	14 403	2 728 2 721 2 259 1 344 701 40 677	14 363 147 40		13 000 1 2 200 1 2 200 2 2 3 3 5 1 2 2 2 3 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3 1 3	6 753	2 820 + 751 + 751 944 828 345 265 1.82	6 553 200	6 626 935 1 064 757 757 392 976 1 134 389 25.9
		Altoona city	Owner-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 persons 6 persons 7 persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1070	With a mortgage. With a mortgage. 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 39 percent 25 to 39 percent 26 to 39 percent 27 to 49 percent 28 to 49 percent 29 to 49 percent 30 to 44 percent 15 to 19 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 29 percent 25 to 24 percent 30 to 44 percent 30 to 54 percent	Renter-occupied housing units	PERSONS IN UNIT 1 person 2 persons 3 persons 4 persons 5 persons 6 or more persons 6 or more persons Total persons	PLUMBING FACILITIES BY PERSONS PER ROOM Complete plumbing for exclusive use	GROSS RENT AS PERCENTAGE OF HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than 15 percent 20 to 24 percent 25 to 29 percent 35 to 49 percent 35 to 49 percent 30 to 34 percent 30 to 34 percent Most computed Median

Table B-11. Age and Sex of Householder in One-Person Households for Owner- and Renter-Occupied Housing **Units: 1980**

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

				Male hous	eholder					Female hou	seholder		
Altoona city	Total	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over	Total	15 to 24 years	25 to 34 years	35 to 44 years	45 to 64 years	65 years and over
Owner-occupied housing units	2 728	669	32	102	49	141	345	2 059	-	42	39	652	1 326
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 705 23	669	32	102	49	141	345	2 036 23	Ξ	37 5	39	652 -	1 308 18
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detoched or attached 2 or more Mobile home or trailer, etc.	2 442 279 7	595 74	32 	74 28	49 _ _	126 15 -	314 31 -	1 847 205 7	=	37 5 -	29 10	594 58	1 187 132 7
HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979	935 1 075	132 215	-	15	- 6	17 39	115 155	803 860	Ξ	6 !!	1 <u>6</u>	161 298	636 535
\$5,000 to \$9,999 \$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999 \$20,000 to \$24,999	261 130 160 82	85 37 84 72	8 6 12 6	22 20 33 12	6 11 19	26 - 17 30	29 5 11 5	176 93 76 10	=	12 13	17 - - -	79 62 30 5	535 68 31 33 5
\$20,000 to \$24,999 \$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	51 29 5 \$6 532 \$8 465	\$9 740 \$12 136	\$15 833 \$15 799	\$14 250 \$14 538	7 - \$20 197	5 7 - \$11 394	\$6 867 \$8 989	18 18 5 \$5 936	=	\$10 833	\$10 515	7 5 5 \$7 723	\$5 153 \$6 176
MORTGAGE STATUS AND SELECTED MONTHLY OWNER COSTS	\$8 465				\$20 197 \$19 924	\$14 561		\$5 936 \$7 272	-	\$10 833 \$11 334	\$14 139	\$7 723 \$8 827	
Specified owner-occupied housing units With a mortgage Less than \$200 \$200 to \$249	2 310 306 57 72	532 136 12 21	32 26 - 8	64 64 6 8	49 24 6	110 15 - 5	277 7 - -	1 778 170 45 51	=	33 33 14 8	29 19 6 7	579 75 18 25	1 137 43 7
\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$349 \$350 to \$399	56 68 18 35	32 42 12 17	12	21 18 - 11	12 -	5 5 -	7 -	24 26 6 18	=	6 - 5	- - 6	12 13 7	6 13 6
\$500 to \$599 \$600 to \$749 \$750 or more	- - - \$271	\$304	\$371	\$293	\$300	- - \$275	- - \$325	\$239	=	- \$216	\$225	- - \$239	- \$279
Not mortgaged. Less than \$50 \$50 to \$74	2 004 5 67 369	396 5 21 79	6 -	=	25	95 6 15	270 5 15 64	1 608 	=	=	10	504 - 90	1 094 - 46 195
\$100 to \$124 \$125 to \$149 \$150 to \$199 \$200 to \$249	775 418 256 90	110 86 55 27	6	=	12 7 - 6	13 24 24	85 49 31 21	665 332 201 63	Ē	=	5	229 92 54 39	436 235 147 24
\$250 or more	\$118	13 \$121	\$138	=	\$127	13 \$139	\$115	11 \$118	Ξ	Ξ	\$112	\$118	\$118
Median selected monthly owner costs as percentage of household income in 1979	24.0 24.9 23.8	19.7 26.0 17.6	23.6 24.6 10—	28.2 28.2	16.1 17.3 10—	14.4 18.8 13.0	19.8 50+ 19.5	25.1 24.1 25.3	Ξ	30.5 30.5	19.5 21.3 17.5	19.7 24.1 19.0	27.7 33.8 27.6
Percent below poverty level Renter-occupied housing units	390 14.3 2 820	30 4.5 914	167	_ 161	140	4.3 204	7.0 242	360 17.5 1 906	-	14.3 203	- - 81	109 16.7 424	245 18.5
PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	2 680 140	828 86	155	161	114 26	176 28	222	1 852 54	105	203	75 6	408 16	1 061 20
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2	470 706	184 213	20 67	46 50	18 18	52 52	48 26	286 493	18 39 53 7	23 98	11 25 29	77 71 96	157 260 100 97
3 ond 4 5 to 9 10 to 49 50 or more	549 271 282 542	225 77 109 106	38 7 35 -	45 8 12 -	45 33 18 8	65 5 24 6	32 24 20 92	324 194 173 436	7 - -	46 12 18 6	6 10 -	72 69 39	97 76 391
Mobile home or trailer, etc. HOUSEHOLD INCOME IN 1979 Less than \$5,000. \$5,000 to \$9,999.	1 328 852	342 274	78 70	24 29 51	28 27	81 49	131 99	986 578	40 64	6 79	34 22	203 112	703
\$10,000 to \$12,499 \$12,500 to \$14,999 \$15,000 to \$19,999	286 126 169 39	98 45 109 26	7 5 7	51 7 43 7	12 26 28	28 7 24 15	7	188 81 60 13	64 13 - -	59 40 13 6	8 6 11	52 20 30 7	703 301 56 15 6
\$25,000 to \$34,999 \$35,000 to \$49,999 \$50,000 or more	14	14	- - - 85 344	Ė	9 - 6 \$12 788	Ξ	5 - \$4 742	=	- - \$6 005	Ξ	- - \$7 721	\$5 341	- - \$4 371
GROSS RENT	\$5 399 \$6 947	\$6 997 \$8 648	\$5 344 \$5 684	\$11 348 \$11 575	\$12 788 \$14 250	\$7 386 \$8 564	\$4 742 \$5 578	\$6 130	\$5 733	\$10 699 \$10 714	\$7 774	\$5 341 \$6 732	\$4 371 \$4 954
Specified renter-occupied housing units Less than \$100 \$100 to \$149 \$150 to \$199	2 795 611 721 744	895 171 234 215	167 15 23 72 33 16	161 - 7 71	140 37 36 24	192 48 90 13	235 71 78 35 25	1 900 440 487 529	117 - 41 76	203 6 23 77 77	81 6 8 30 20	418 49 131 109	1 081 379 284 237
\$200 to \$249	371 128 75 13	139 54 32 13	_	60 8 8 7	7 24 4 -	14 - 10 6	25 6 10 	232 74 43	=======================================	77 14 - -	20 7 4 -	64 19 7	284 237 71 34 32
\$400 to \$499	8 12 112 \$151	8 29 \$157	8 - \$181	\$201	- 8 \$136	- 11 \$129	- 10 \$121	12 83 \$148	- - \$179	6 \$197	6 \$198	- 39 \$153	- 44 \$127
SELECTED CHARACTERISTICS Median gross rent as percentage of household income in 1979 Income in 1979 below poverty level	29.2 774 27.4	24.6 237 25.9	38.7 71 42.5	22.3 16 9.9	15.3 21 15.0	22.6 57 27.9	36.3 72 29.8	30.5 537 28.2	32.8 33 28.2	21.9	29.5 34 42.0	35.9 162 38.2	32.4 308 28.5

Table B-12. Duration of Vacancy for Year-Round Vacant for Sale and Vacant for Rent Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

Altoona city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months	Altoona city	Total	Less than 2 months	2 up to 6 months	6 or more months
Vacant for sale only housing units	215	22	51	142	Vacant for rent housing units	441	104	155	182
ROOMS					ROOMS				
1 to 3 rooms	8 38 22 97 32 18 5.9	- 6 9 7 - - 5.1	- 13 20 14 4 6.1	8 32 70 18 14 5.9	1 room	9 31 128 114 84 69	14 21 8 12 43	4 12 35 75 23 6	5 5 72 31 49 20
PLUMBING FACILITIES	3.7	3.1	0.1	3.7	Medion	4.0	5.3	3.9	3.8
Complete plumbing for exclusive useLacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	188 27	22 -	51 -	115 27	PLUMBING FACILITIES Complete plumbing for exclusive use Locking complete plumbing for exclusive use	415 26	97 7	147 8	171
None	35 42 107 31	- 15 7 -	- 12 21 18 -	35 15 79 13	BEDROOMS Non	9 208 113 105	- 35 19 44 6	4 92 35 24	5 81 59 37
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	5	_	5	-	5 or moreYEAR STRUCTURE BUILT	-	-	-	-
1970 to 1974 1960 to 1969 1950 to 1959 1940 to 1949 1939 or earlier UNITS IN STRUCTURE	4 15 28 163	22	4 - - 42	15 28 99	1975 to Morch 1980	27 15 4 17 7 371	14 - - 7 7 7	15 4 - - 136	13 - 10 - 159
1, detached or attached	150 65	16	46 5	88 54	UNITS IN STRUCTURE				
2 or more		-	-	-	1, detached or attached 2 3 and 4 5 to 9	125 115 115 46	49 18 15 22	15 45 44 16	61 52 56
Central heating systemOther meansNone	208 7 -	22 - -	51 - -	135 7 -	10 to 49 50 or more Mobile home or trailer	36 4 -	- - -	31 4 -	5 -
PRICE ASKED	150	16	44	88	RENT ASKED				
\$pecified vacant for sale only housing units	150 15 94 36 5 -	16 - - -	46 4 25 12 5 -	11 53 24 - -	\$pecified vacant for rent housing units	436 91 134 149 19 33	104 25 7 44 14 8	155 36 61 47 - 7	177 30 66 58 5 18
\$80,000 to \$99,999 \$100,000 or more	\$15 400	\$12 500	\$15 400	\$16 000	\$400 or more	\$148	\$162	\$141	\$140

Table B-13. Price Asked and Rent Asked for Year-Round Vacant Housing Units: 1980

[Data are estimates based on a sample, see Introduction. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B1

		Price asked	—Specified	vacant for s	ale only hou	ising units			Rent aske	d—Specified	vocant for	rent housing	units	
Altoona city	Total	Less than \$10,000	\$10,000 to \$29,999	\$30,000 to \$49,999	\$50,000 to \$99,999	\$100,000 or more	Median (dollars)	Total	Less than \$100	\$100 to \$199	\$200 to \$299	\$300 to \$399	\$400 or more	Medion (dollors)
Total	150	15	130	5	-	-	15 400	436	91	283	52	6	4	148
PLUMBING FACILITIES														
Complete plumbing for exclusive use Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use	150	15 -	130	5 -	Ξ	Ξ	15 400 -	410 26	91	257 26	52 -	6	4 -	148 140
BEDROOMS														
None	29 90 31	- 4 11 - -	25 74 31	- - 5 -	- - - -	=	15 500 16 000 13 700	9 208 113 100 6	37 25 29 -	5 145 72 61 -	26 16 10 -	- - - - 6	4 - - - -	119 145 151 149 325
YEAR STRUCTURE BUILT 1975 to March 1980	- - 4 15 7 124	- - - - 15	- - 4 - 15 7 104	- - - - 5	-	:	28 800 16 300 12 500 15 100	22 15 4 17 7 371	- - - - - 91	15 - 7 7 254	22 - 10 - 20	- - - - - 6	- 4 - -	258 185 500+ 254 175 139
UNITS IN STRUCTURE 1, detached or attached 2 or more Mobile hame or trailer	150	15	130	5	- :::	- 	15 400	120 316 -	29 62 	75 208 -	10 42 	6 - -	4	143 152

Appendix A.—Area Classifications

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REGIONS

Regions are large groups of States that form the first-order subdivisions of the United States for census purposes. The four regions are the Northeast, North Central, South, and West.

STATES

The 50 States and the District of Columbia are the constituent units of the United States.

PLACES

Two types of places are recognized in the census reports—incorporated places and census designated places—as defined below. Places with a 1980 population below 50,000 are not shown in this report unless they are central cities of standard metropolitan statistical areas.

Incorporated Places

Incorporated places recognized in the reports of the census are those which are incorporated under the laws of their respective States as cities, boroughs, towns, and villages, with the following exceptions: boroughs in Alaska and New York, and towns in the six

New England States, New York, and Wisconsin.

Census Designated Places

As in the 1950, 1960, and 1970 censuses, the Census Bureau has delineated boundaries for closely settled population centers without corporate limits. In 1980, the name of each such place is followed by "(CDP)," meaning "census designated place." In the 1970 and earlier censuses, these places were identified by "(U)," meaning "unincorporated place."

Census designated place boundaries change with changes in the settlement pattern; a place which has the same name as in previous censuses does not necessarily have the same boundaries. Boundary outlines for CDP's appear on the county subdivision maps in the HC80-1-A, General Housing Characteristics, reports for States. Detailed maps are available for purchase from the Census Bureau.

Eleven states, (Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, New Hampshire, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, Vermont, and Wisconsin), contain towns or townships which are coextensive with census designated places (CDP's). Data for these areas are not shown in the tables.

STANDARD METROPOLITAN STATISTICAL AREAS

Definition

The general concept of a metropolitan area is one of a large population nucleus, together with adjacent communities which have a high degree of economic and social integration with that nucleus. The standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA) classification is a statistical standard, developed for use by Federal agencies in the production, analysis, and publication of data on metropolitan areas. The SMSA's are designated and defined

by the Office of Management and Budget, following a set of official published standards developed by the interagency Federal Committee on Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas.

Each SMSA has one or more central counties containing the area's main population concentration: an urbanized area with at least 50,000 inhabitants. An SMSA may also include outlying counties which have close economic and social relationships with the central counties. The outlying counties must have a specified level of commuting to the central counties and must also meet certain standards regarding metropolitan character, such as population density, urban population, and population growth. In New England, SMSA's are composed of cities and towns rather than whole counties.

The housing units in SMSA's may also be referred to as the metropolitan housing and are subdivided into "inside central city (or cities)" and "outside central city (or cities)." The housing units outside SMSA's constitute the nonmetropolitan housing.

In the United States Summary report and the State reports, the data shown for "Central Cities of SMSA's" are the sum of all central cities excluding any rural area and any legal area that is outside of a standard metropolitan statistical area. In the individual SMSA reports, the data shown for central cities and places of 50,000 or more inhabitants are for the legal definition of the city without regard to urban or SMSA restrictions.

SMSA Titles

Each SMSA except one (Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y.) has at least one central city. The titles of SMSA's include up to three city names, as well as the name of each State into which the SMSA extends. For the 1980 census, central cities of SMSA's are those named in the titles of the SMSA's,

with the exception of Nassau-Suffolk, N.Y., which has no central city, and Northeast Pennsylvania, the central cities of which are Scranton, Wilkes-Barre, and Hazleton. Data on central cities of SMSA's include the entire population and housing within the legal city boundaries. In Hawaii where there are no incorporated places recognized by the Bureau of the Census, census designated places are recognized as central cities.

New SMSA Standards

New standards for designating and defining metropolitan statistical areas were published in the *Federal Register* on January 3, 1980. The SMSA's recognized for the 1980 census comprise (1) all areas as defined on January 1, 1980, except for one area which was defined provisionally during the 1970's on the

basis of population estimates but whose qualification was not confirmed by 1980 census counts; and (2) a group of 36 new areas defined on the basis of 1980 census counts and the new standards that were published on January 3, 1980.

When the data on commuting flows become available from 1980 census tabulations, the new standards will be applied to the areas existing on January 1, 1980, and the boundaries, definitions, and titles for all SMSA's will be reviewed.

To aid users who want to become familiar with the SMSA standards and how they are applied, documents are available from the Office of Management and Budget, Washington, D.C. 20503.

BOUNDARY CHANGES

The boundaries of some of the areas shown in this series of reports have

changed between an earlier census and January 1, 1980. Information on boundary changes for incorporated places is presented in table 4 of the 1980 Census of Population report, Characteristics of the Population, Number of Inhabitants, PC80-1-A. For information on boundary changes prior to 1970, see the Number of Inhabitants report for each census.

AREA MEASUREMENT

Area measurement figures for standard metropolitan statistical areas, central cities, and places of 50,000 inhabitants or more can be found in the 1980 Census of Population report, PC80-1-A1, United States Summary.

Appendix B.—Definitions and Explanations of Subject Characteristics

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holders of Spanish Origin			
and Householders of		GENERAL	
	B-5	GENERAL	
Spanish Heritage	D-0	The 1000 consul	inn a rile :
UTILIZATION		The 1980 census was conducted pr	
CHARACTERISTICS	B-6	through self-enumeration. The pr	incipal

determinant for the responses was, therefore, the questionnaire and its accompanying instruction guide. Furthermore, census takers were instructed, in their telephone and personal-visit interviews, to read the questions directly from the questionnaire. The definitions and explanations given below for each subject are drawn largely from various technical and procedural materials used in the collection of the data. These materials helped the census interviewers to understand more fully the intent of each question, and thus to resolve problems or unusual cases in a manner consistent with this intent. Also included is certain explanatory information to assist the user in the proper utilization of the statistics.

Facsimiles of the questionnaire pages containing the population and housing questions used to produce the data shown in this report and the pages of the respondent instruction guide which relate to these questions are presented in Appendix E, "Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages."

LIVING QUARTERS

Living quarters are classified in the census as either housing units or group quarters. Usually, living quarters are in structures intended for residential use (e.g., a one-family home, apartment house, hotel or motel, boarding house, mobile home or trailer). However, living quarters may also be in structures intended for non-residential use (e.g., the rooms in a warehouse where a night guard lives), as well as in boats, tents, vans, etc.

Housing Units—A housing unit is a house, an apartment, a group of rooms, or a single room occupied as a separate living quarters or, if vacant, intended for occupancy as a separate living quarters. Separate living quarters are those in which the occupants live and eat separately from

any other persons in the building and which have direct access from the outside of the building or through a common hall. The occupants may be a single family, one person living alone, two or more families living together, or any other group of related or unrelated persons who share living arrangements (except as described in the next section on Group Quarters). For vacant units, the criteria of separateness and direct access are applied to the intended occupants whenever possible. If that information cannot be obtained, the criteria are applied to the previous occupants. Both occupied and vacant housing units are included in the housing unit inventory except that boats, tents, vans, caves, and the like are included only if they are occupied as someone's usual place of residence. Vacant mobile homes are included, provided they are intended for occupancy on the site where they stand. Vacant mobile homes on dealers' sales lots, at the factory, or in storage are excluded from the housing inventory.

Comparability With 1970 Census Housing Unit Data - Although the 1980 census data are generally comparable with 1970 census data, certain changes were introduced for 1980. The part of the 1970 housing unit definition that required a unit to have either (1) direct access or (2) complete kitchen facilities was modified. For 1980, the complete kitchen facilities alternative was dropped, and direct access was required of all housing units. In 1970, vacant mobile homes were not counted as housing units. For 1980, they were included in the housing inventory provided they were intended for occupancy on the site where they stood.

Group Quarters—Group quarters are any living quarters which are not classified as housing units. There are two types of group quarters: (1) institutional group quarters, and (2) noninstitutional group quarters. Institutional group quarters are living quarters occupied by one or more persons under care or custody, such as children in an orphanage, persons in a nursing home, and prisoners in a penitentiary. Noninstitutional quarters include living quarters such as college-owned and/or operated dormitories, fraternity and sorority houses, nurses' dormitories, and boarding houses. In addition, noninstitutional group quarters include any living

quarters (other than those classified as institutional group quarters) which are occupied by 9 or more persons unrelated to the householder (person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire), or by 10 or more unrelated persons. Information on the housing characteristics of group quarters was not collected in the census.

Comparability With 1970 Census Group Quarters Data—In 1970 a unit was classified as group quarters if it was shared by the person in charge and five or more persons unrelated to him or her, or if there was no person in charge, by six or more unrelated persons. For 1980 that requirement was raised to 9 or more persons unrelated to the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire or 10 or more unrelated persons.

Rules for Hotels, Rooming Houses, Etc.—Occupied rooms or suites of rooms in hotels, motels, and similar places are classified as housing units only when occupied by permanent residents; i.e., persons who consider the hotel as their usual place of residence or who have no usual place of residence elsewhere. Vacant rooms or suites of rooms are classified as housing units only in those hotels in which 75 percent or more of the accommodations are occupied by permanent residents.

If any of the occupants in a rooming or boarding house live and eat separately from everyone else in the building and have direct access, their quarters are classified as separate housing units. The remaining quarters are combined. If the combined quarters contain eight or fewer roomers unrelated to the householder, they are classified as one housing unit. If the combined quarters contain nine or more roomers unrelated to the householder or person in charge, they are classified as group quarters.

Staff Living Quarters—The living quarters occupied by staff personnel within any group quarters are separate housing units if they satisfy the housing unit criteria of separateness and direct access; otherwise, they are considered as group quarters.

Year-Round Housing Units—Data on housing characteristics in the 1980 census reports are limited to year-round housing units; i.e., all occupied units plus vacant

units available or intended for year-round use. Vacant units intended for seasonal occupancy and vacant units held for migratory labor are excluded because of the difficulty of obtaining reliable data on their characteristics.

OCCUPANCY AND VACANCY CHARACTERISTICS

Occupied Housing Units -- A housing unit is classified as occupied if it is the usual place of residence of the person or group of persons living in it at the time of enumeration, or if the occupants are only temporarily absent; e.g., away on vacation. If all the persons staying in the unit at the time of the census have their usual place of residence elsewhere, the unit is classified as vacant. A household includes all the persons who occupy a housing unit as their usual place of residence. By definition, therefore, the number of occupied housing units equals the number of households in the 1980 Census of Population reports.

In this report the numbers shown for occupied housing units are estimates based on a sample. In some cases there may be small differences between figures on occupied housing units shown here and comparable figures on households in the Census of Population reports. These differences may result from processing procedures used to inflate the population and housing sample data.

Householder—One person in each household is designated as the "householder." In most cases, this is the person, or one of the persons, in whose name the home is owned or rented and who is listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire. If there is no such person in the household, any adult household member could be designated as the "householder."

Child—A child is a son, daughter, stepchild, or adopted child of the householder regardless of the child's age or marital status. The category excludes sons-in-law and daughters-in-law. In this report, those classified as "own children" are sons and daughters, including stepchildren and adopted children, of the householder who are single (never married) and under 18 years of age. Nonrelative—A nonrelative is any person in the household not related to the householder by birth, marriage, or adoption. Roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, paid employees, wards, and foster children are classified as nonrelatives. This report shows the number of households with one or more nonrelatives present in the unit.

Age of Householder—The age classification is based on the age of the person in completed years as of April 1, 1980. The data on age represent the difference, as calculated in the computer, between date of birth and April 1, 1980.

Household Type—Statistics by age of householder are presented separately for the following household types:

Married-couple families. For each household of this type, the householder and his or her spouse are enumerated as members of the same household. This category includes couples in formal marriages as well as in common-law marriages.

Male householder, no wife present. This type includes any household maintained by a male, regardless of his marital status, provided no wife is present in the household. Included are male householders who have no wife; male householders whose wives live elsewhere because of separation (marital discord) or other reason; and male householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

Female householder, no husband present. This type includes any household maintained by a female, regardless of her marital status, provided no husband is present in the household. Included are female householders who have no husband and female householders whose husbands live elsewhere, as, for example, husbands in the Armed Forces living on a military base and female householders who are widowed, divorced, or single.

This report presents data on selected characteristics for one-person households, separately for male and female householders.

Year Householder Moved Into Unit—Data presented for this item are based on the in-

formation reported for the householder and refer to the year of the latest move. If the householder moved back into a unit the person previously occupied, the year of the latest move was reported. If the householder moved from one apartment to another in the same building, the year the householder moved into the present apartment was reported. The intent is to establish the year the present occupancy by the householder began. The year in which a householder moved is not necessarily the same year as the year other members of the household moved, although in the majority of cases the entire household moved at the same time (see question H19 in appendix E).

Vacant Housing Units—A housing unit is vacant if no one is living in it at the time of enumeration, unless its occupants are only temporarily absent. Units temporarily occupied at the time of enumeration entirely by persons who have a usual residence elsewhere are also classified as vacant.

New units not yet occupied are classified as vacant housing units if construction has reached a point where all exterior windows and doors are installed and final usable floors are in place. Vacant units are excluded if they are open to the elements; i.e., the roof, walls, windows, and/or doors no longer protect the interior from the elements, or if there is positive evidence (such as a sign on the house or in the block) that the unit is to be demolished or is condemned. Also excluded are quarters being used entirely for nonresidential purposes, such as a store or an office, or quarters used for the storage of business supplies or inventory, machinery, or agricultural products.

Vacancy Status—The data on vacancy status were tabulated from responses to questionnaire item C (see item C in appendix E). The data presented in this report are for year-round housing units "Vacant for sale only" and "Vacant for rent."

For sale only. Vacant year-round units being offered "For sale only," including individual units in cooperatives and condominium projects if the individual units are offered "For sale only."

For rent. Vacant year-round units offered "For rent," and vacant units offered either for rent or for sale. Duration of Vacancy—The statistics on duration of vacancy refer to the length of time (in months) from the date the last occupants moved from the unit to the date of enumeration (see item D in appendix E). The data, therefore, do not provide a direct measure of the total length of time units remain vacant. For newly constructed units which have never been occupied, the duration of vacancy is counted from the date construction was completed. For recently converted or merged units, the time is reported from the date conversion or merger was completed.

Tenure—A housing unit is "Owner occupied" if the owner or co-owner lives in the unit, even if it is mortgaged or not fully paid for. All other occupied units are classified as "Renter occupied," including units rented for cash rent and those occupied without payment of cash rent (see question H8 in appendix E).

Condominium Housing Units—A condominium involves ownership that enables a person to own an apartment or house in a development of similar units and to hold a common or joint ownership in common areas, hallways, entrances, elevators, etc. The owner has a deed to the individual unit, and, very likely, a mortgage on the unit. A condominium housing unit need not be occupied by the owner to be counted as such (see question H9 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Condominium Housing Unit Data—In 1970, owner-occupied cooperatives and condominium housing units were identified together. The 1980 census identifies only condominium housing units. The 1980 question provides data on vacant and renter-occupied condominium housing units, not just owner-occupied condominium housing units as in 1970.

Race of the Householder—The data on race of the householder were derived from the answer to question 4, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E). The concept of race as used by the Census Bureau reflects self-identification by respondents; it does not denote any clear-cut scientific definition of biological stock. Since the 1980 census obtained information on race through self-identification, the data represent self-classification by people according

to the race with which they identify. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the race of the householder.

For persons who could not provide a single response to the race question, the race of the person's mother was used; if, however, a single response could not be provided for the person's mother, the first race reported by the person was used. This is a modification of the 1970 census procedure in which the race of the person's father was used.

The category "White" includes persons who indicated their race as White, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed on the questionnaire but entered a response such as Canadian, German, Italian, Lebanese, or Polish. In the 1980 census, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but marked "Other" and/or wrote in entries such as Cuban, Puerto Rican, Mexican, or Dominican were included in the "Other" race category. In the 1970 census, most of these persons were included in the "White" category.

The category "Black" includes persons who indicated their race as Black or Negro, as well as persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories listed in the questionnaire but reported entries such as Jamaican, Black Puerto Rican, West Indian, Haitian, or Nigerian.

The category "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut" includes persons who classified themselves as such in one of the specific race categories. In addition, persons who did not report themselves in one of the specific race categories but entered the name of an Indian tribe or wrote in such entries as Canadian Indian, French-American Indian, or Spanish-American Indian."

The category "Asian or Pacific Islander" includes persons who indicated their race as Chinese, Filipino, Japanese, Asian Indian, Korean, Vietnamese, Hawaiian, Samoan, and Guamanian, as well as persons who provided write-in entries of Asian and Pacific Islander groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, or Fijian under the "Other" race category. Also, persons who did not classify themselves in one of the specific race categories but wrote in an entry indicating one of the nine specific categories listed above (e.g., Chinese or Filipino) were classified accordingly. For example, entries of Nipponese and

Japanese American were classified as Japanese, entries of Taiwanese and Cantonese as Chinese, etc. "Race, n.e.c." includes all other persons not in the categories "White," "Black," "American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut," and "Asian or Pacific Islander." Persons reporting in the "Other" race category and providing write-in entries such as Eurasian, Cosmopolitan, Interracial, or a Spanish origin group (e.g., Mexican, Cuban, or Puerto Rican) were included in "Race, n.e.c."

If the race entry for the householder was missing on the questionnaire, an answer was assigned in the computer according to the reported entries of race of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If race was not entered for anyone in the household (excluding paid employees), the race of a householder in a previously processed household was assigned. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data for Race of the Householder-Estimates of the number of householders by race shown in this report may differ from complete count figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and an additional edit and review performed on the sample questionnaires. Sampling variability and nonsampling error are explained in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data." The effect of the additional edit and review procedures varies substantially by racial group and geographic area but is generally negligible. A discussion of these procedures may be found in Series HC80-1-B, Detailed Housing Characteristics, and PC80-1-C, Social and Economic Characteristics of the Population.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Race of the Householder—Differences in census procedures and reporting by respondents in the 1980 census and 1970 census seriously affect the comparability for certain race groups. First, a large number of Spanish origin persons reported their race differently in the 1980 census than in the 1970 census. This difference in reporting has a substantial impact on the population totals and

comparability for the "White" ulation and the "Race, n.e.c." or "Other" race populations (shown as "All other races" in most 1970 publications). A much larger proportion of the Spanish origin population in 1980 than in 1970 reported their race in the questionnaire category "Other." Second, in 1970, most persons who marked the "Other" race category and wrote in a Spanish designation such as Mexican, Venezuelan, Latino, etc., were reclassified as "White." In 1980, such persons were not reclassified but remained in the "Other" race category. As a result of this procedural change and the differences in reporting by this population, the proportion of the Spanish origin population classified as "Other" race in the 1980 census was substantially higher than that in the 1970 census. Nationally in 1970, only 1 percent of the Spanish origin persons were classified as "Other" race and 93 percent as "White." The 1980 census sample data showed a much larger proportion - 38 percent—of the Spanish origin persons reported their race as "Other" and only 58 percent reported "White." As a consequence of these differences, 1980 householder totals for "White" and "Race, n.e.c." are not comparable with corresponding 1970 figures.

The 1980 census was the first in which data were collected separately for Eskimos and Aleuts in all States. In 1970, these data were available only for Alaska. Since Eskimos and Aleuts are highly concentrated in Alaska, these changes do not seriously affect the comparability of 1980 and 1970 data for these racial groups at the national level.

The 1980 total for the Asian and Pacific Islander population reflects a high level of immigration during the 1970's as well as a number of changes in census procedures which were developed, in part, as a result of this high level of immigration. First, the number of Asian and Pacific Islander categories listed separately on the 1980 census questionnaire was expanded over that in 1970 to include four additional groups: Vietnamese, Asian Indian, Guamanian, and Samoan. Asian Indians were classified as "White" in 1970 but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. The Vietnamese, Guamanian, and Samoan populations were included in the "Other" race

category in the 1970 census but were included in the "Asian and Pacific Islander" category in 1980. Second, "Other Asian and Pacific Islander" groups such as Cambodian, Laotian, Pakistani, and Fijian were identified and tabulated as Asian and Pacific Islander in sample tabulations in the 1980 census; in 1970, most of these groups were included in the "Other" race category.

In 1980, data were collected separately for Hawaiians and Koreans in all States, but in 1970 data for the two groups were not collected for Alaska. (On the 1970 census questionnaire used in Alaska, Eskimo and Aleut were substituted for these two categories.) Since the numbers of Hawaiians and Koreans were small in Alaska, this questionnaire change does not have a major impact on the comparability of the 1980 and 1970 data for Hawaiians and Koreans at the national level.

Spanish/Hispanic Origin of the Householder—The data on Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent of householder were derived from answers to question 7, for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire (see appendix E).

Persons of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent are those who reported either Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, or other Spanish/Hispanic origin in question 7. Persons who reported "Other Spanish/ Hispanic" origin are those whose origin is from Spain or the Spanish-speaking countries of Central or South America, or they are persons identifying their origin or descent as being Spanish, Spanish-American, Hispano, Latino, etc. Origin or descent can be regarded as the ancestry, nationality group, lineage, or country in which the person or person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. It is important to note that persons of Spanish origin may be of any race. In this report, data are presented for housing units classified by the Spanish origin of the householder.

Persons of more than one Spanish origin and persons of both a Spanish and another origin who were in doubt as to how to report a specific origin were classified according to the origin of the person's mother. If a single origin could not be provided for the person's mother, the first origin reported by the person was recorded.

If the householder failed to respond to the Spanish/Hispanic origin question, a response was assigned by computer in the sample edit operation according to available related information such as ancestry and place of birth reported for the householder. If such information was not reported, origin was assigned from entries of other household members using specific rules of precedence of household relationship. If no origin was reported for any household member (excluding a paid employee), then an origin was assigned from another household with a householder of the same race. This procedure is a variation of the general allocation process described in Appendix D, "Accuracy of the Data."

Limitations of the Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - A preliminary evaluation study of the reporting in the 1980 census item on Spanish origin indicated that there was misreporting in the Mexican origin category by White and Black persons in certain areas. The study results showed evidence that the misreporting occurred mainly in the South (excluding Texas), the Northeast (excluding the New York City area), and a few States in the North Central Region. Also, results based on available data suggest that the impact of potential misreporting of Mexican origin in the 1980 census is severe in those portions of the above-mentioned regions where the Spanish origin population is generally sparse. However, 1980 census data on the Mexican origin population or total Spanish origin population, at the national level, are not seriously affected by the reporting problem. For a more detailed discussion of the evaluation of the Spanish origin item, see the 1980 Population Census Supplementary reports, Series PC80-S1-7, "Persons of Spanish Origin by State: 1980."

Comparability Between Sample and 100-Percent Data on Householders of Spanish/Hispanic Origin - The data on householders of Spanish origin shown in this report may differ from comparable figures shown in other 1980 census reports. Such differences are the result of sampling variability, nonsampling error, and more extensive edit procedures performed for the Spanish origin item on the sample questionnaires. The data in this report are based on a sample, whereas certain other reports (e.g., the HC80-1-A series) present data based on 100-percent tabulations. Sample data are subject to sampling variability, as explained in Appendix D, " Accuracy of the Data."

Information now available indicates that. since the effects of the more extensive edit were generally limited, the 100-percent tabulations are usually the preferable source for data on householders of Spanish origin. That is, in the case of figures available for Spanish origin groups, both in this report and for corresponding areas in the HC80-1-A report, the latter source is usually the preferred one. In the case of distributions for subjects covered only on a sample basis (e.g., units in structure, mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs, gross rent, etc.), the sample figures are the only data available and should be used within the context of the sampling variability associated with them.

Comparability With 1970 Census Data on Householders of Spanish Origin and Householders of Spanish Heritage-The 1980 census figures on householders of Spanish origin are not directly comparable with the 1970 census data on householders of Spanish origin because of a number of factors; namely, overall improvements in the 1980 census, better coverage of the population, improved question design, and an effective public relations campaign by the Census Bureau with the assistance of national and community ethnic groups. These efforts at census improvements explain, in part, the large increase in the number of Hispanics over 1970. Also, these efforts undoubtly resulted in the inclusion of a sizable but unknown number of persons of Spanish/ Hispanic origin who are in the country in other than legal status.

In the 1980 census Spanish origin question, specific changes in design from the 1970 question included the placement of the category "No (not Spanish/Hispanic)" as the first category in that question. (The corresponding category appeared last in the 1970 guestion.) Also, the 1970 category "Central or South American" was deleted from the 1980 question because in 1970 some respondents misinterpreted the category. Furthermore, the designations "Mexican-American" and "Chicano" were added to the Spanish origin question in 1980. In the 1970 census, the question on Spanish origin was asked of only a 5-percent sample of the population; in the 1980 census, the Spanish origin question was asked of everyone in the Nation.

The 1970 Census Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports present data on housing units occupied by householders of Spanish heritage. In the 1970 census, the

category Spanish heritage was created to consolidate data for Spanish ancestry persons in various parts of the United States. The Spanish heritage population, therefore, was specifically termed when reference was made to particular areas. For example, in five southwestern States (Arizona, California, Colorado, New Mexico, and Texas) the population of Spanish heritage was specified as the population of Spanish language or surname; in three mid-Atlantic States (New York, New Jersey, and Pennsylvania), as the population of Puerto Rican birth or parentage; and in the remaining 42 States and the District of Columbia, as the population of Spanish language. The information for the population of Spanish heritage was obtained from the 15-percent sample of the census questionnaires. Data for this group of householders are not comparable to the 1980 census data on householders of Spanish origin which were based only on responses to the specific census question on Spanish/Hispanic origin for the person listed in column 1 of the census questionnaire.

UTILIZATION CHARACTERISTICS

Persons—All persons occupying the housing unit are included. These persons include not only occupants related to the householder but also any lodgers, roomers, boarders, partners, roommates, wards, foster children, and resident employees who share the living quarters of the householder. The data on "Persons in unit" show the number of housing units occupied by the specified number of persons. "Total persons" is the total number of persons living in the housing units in the particular category.

Rooms-The statistics on "Rooms" are in terms of the number of housing units with a specified number of rooms (see question H7 in appendix E). The intent of this question is to count the number of whole rooms used for living purposes. For each unit they include living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, enclosed porches suitable for year-round use, and lodger's rooms. Excluded are strip or pullman kitchens, bathrooms, open porches, balconies, halls, half-rooms, utility rooms, unfinished attics or basements, or other unfinished space used for storage. A partially divided room is a separate room only if there is a partition from floor to ceiling.

Persons Per Room—"Persons per room" is a derived measure obtained by dividing the

number of persons in each occupied housing unit by the number of rooms in the unit. The figures shown refer, therefore, to the number of occupied housing units having the specified ratio of persons per room.

Bedrooms—The number of "Bedrooms" in the unit is the count of rooms used mainly for sleeping, even if also used for other purposes. Rooms reserved for sleeping, such as guest rooms, even though used infrequently, are counted as bedrooms. On the other hand, rooms used mainly for other purposes, even though used also for sleeping, such as a living room with a sofa bed, are not considered bedrooms. A housing unit consisting of only one room, such as a one-room efficiency apartment, is classified, by definition, as having no bedroom (see question H24 in appendix E).

STRUCTURAL CHARACTERISTICS

Year Structure Built—"Year structure built" refers to when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. For a houseboat or mobile home or trailer, the manufacturer's model year is assumed to be the year built. The figures shown in this report relate to the number of units in structures built during the specified periods and in existence at the time of enumeration (see question H18 in appendix F)

Units in Structure—A structure is a separate building that either has open space on all sides or is separated from other structures by dividing walls that extend from ground to roof. In the determination of the number of units in a structure, all housing units, both occupied and vacant, were counted. The statistics are presented for the number of housing units in structures of specified type and size, not for the number of residential buildings. The category "Mobile home or trailer, etc." includes mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, vans, etc. (see question H13 in appendix E).

Stories in Structure—The count of stories (floors) in structure includes basements or attics if these contain finished rooms for living purposes (see question H14a in appendix E).

Passenger Elevator—Statistics on elevator in structure are presented for housing units in structures with four or more stories or floors. If the housing units in structures with four or

more stories have an elevator used only for freight, the units are not included in the category "With elevator" (see question H14b in appendix E).

PLUMBING CHARACTERISTICS

Plumbing Facilities—The category "Complete plumbing for exclusive use" consists of units which have hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or shower inside the housing unit for the exclusive use of the occupants of the unit. "Lacking complete plumbing for exclusive use" includes those conditions when (1) all three specified plumbing facilities are present inside the unit, but are also used by another household; (2) some but not all the facilities are present; or (3) none of the three specified plumbing facilities is present (see question H6 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Plumbing Facilities Data—In 1970, there were separate questions on the presence of hot and cold piped water, a bathtub or shower, and a flush toilet. For 1980, these three items were combined into a single question on plumbing facilities. In addition, the facilities must be inside the housing unit rather than inside the structure as in 1970.

EQUIPMENT AND FUELS

Heating Equipment-Respondents were asked to report the type of heating equipment used as the primary source of heat for their housing unit. The categories shown in the report are: (1) steam or hot water system; (2) central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump; (3) other built-in electric units; (4) floor, wall, or pipeless furnace; and (5) other means. "Other means" includes room heaters with flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; nonportable room heaters without flue or vent that burn gas, oil, or kerosene; and fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind that can be picked up and moved. A central heating system includes types (1) through (4) listed above. For vacant units which have had the heating equipment removed, the kind of equipment used by the previous occupants is considered to be the heating equipment for the unit (see question H20 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Heating Equipment Data—In 1970, central

heat pumps were included as part of the category "Warm-air furnace" and individual room heat pumps were included in the category "Built-in electric units." In 1980, heat pumps have been combined and are included in this report in the category "Central warm-air furnace or electric heat pump."

Air Conditioning—"Air conditioning" is defined as the cooling of air by a refrigeration unit. It does not include evaporative coolers, fans, or blowers which are not connected to a refrigeration unit; however, it does include heat pumps. A central system is an installation which air conditions a number of rooms. In an apartment building, such a system may cool all apartments in the building, each apartment may have its own central system, or there may be several systems, each providing central air conditioning for a group of apartments. A system with individual room controls is a central system. A room unit is an individual air conditioner which is installed in a window or an outside wall and is generally intended to cool one room, although it may sometimes be used to cool more than one room (see question H27 in appendix E).

Vehicles Available - Data for this item refer to the number of households with vehicles available at home for the use of the members of the household. Included in this item are passenger cars, pickup trucks, small panel trucks of one-ton capacity or less, as well as station wagons, company cars, and taxicabs kept at home for use of household members. Cars rented or leased for 1 month or more; police and government cars kept at home: and company vans and trucks of 1-ton capacity or less are also included if kept at home and used for nonbusiness purposes. Dismantled cars, immobile cars used as a source of power for some piece of machinery, and cars, vans, and trucks kept at home but used only for business purposes are excluded. The statistics do not reflect the number of vehicles privately owned or the number of households owning vehicles (see questions H28 and H29 in appendix E).

Comparability With 1970 Census Automobiles Available Data—In 1970, only data on the number of households with automobiles which were owned or regularly used by members of the household were obtained. Taxicabs, pickups, or large trucks were not counted. In 1980, the data on automobiles available include taxicabs if kept at home for use of household members but exclude pickups or larger trucks. Separate

data were obtained in 1980 on the number of housing units with vans or trucks of 1-ton capacity or less kept at home for use of members of the household.

Fuels Used for House Heating and Water Heating-"Utility gas" is gas piped through underground pipes from a central system that serves the neighborhood. "Bottled, tank, or LP gas" is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. "Fuel oil, kerosene, etc." includes fuel oil, kerosene, gasoline, alcohol, and other combustible liquids. For data on house heating fuel, the category "Other" includes any other fuel such as purchased steam, coal dust, briquettes made of pitch and sawdust, waste materials such as corn cobs, etc. For data on water heating fuel, the category "Other" also includes coal or coke, and wood (see question H21 in appendix E).

FINANCIAL CHARACTERISTICS

Value—Value is the respondent's estimate of how much the property (house and lot) would sell for, if it were for sale (see question H11 in appendix E).

Value is tabulated for certain kinds of housing units. Value statistics are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. The "Specified owner-occupied" universes are the same for the value tabulation and the mortgage status and selected monthly owner costs tabulation.

Price Asked—For vacant for sale only housing units, the price asked is the amount asked for the property at the time of enumeration. The statistics on price asked are shown for "Specified vacant for sale only" housing units, which include vacant for sale only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data also exclude condominium units and mobile homes.

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs—The data are presented for "Specified owner-occupied" housing units. These "specified" housing units include only one-family houses on less than 10 acres without a commercial establishment or medical office on the property. The data exclude owner-occupied condominium housing units, mobile homes, trailers, boats, tents, or vans occupied as a usual residence, as well as owner-occupied noncondominium units in multi-family buildings. Separate distributions of owner costs are shown for units "With a mortgage" and for units "Not mortgaged." Selected monthly owner costs is the sum of payments for mortgages, deeds of trust, or similar debts on the property; real estate taxes; fire and hazard insurance on the property; utilities (electricity, gas, and water); and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) (see questions H30, H31, and H32 in appen-

Mortgage Status and Selected Monthly Owner Costs as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979-Selected monthly housing costs is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same owner-occupied units for which selected monthly owner costs was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain owner-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Rent—The statistics on rent are tabulated for "Specified renter-occupied" housing units and for "Specified vacant for rent" housing units which include renter units except one-family houses on 10 or more acres. Respondents were asked to report rent only for the housing unit enumerated and to exclude any rent paid for additional units or for business premises. Renter units occupied without payment of cash rent are shown separately as "No cash rent" in the rent tabulations.

Contract Rent. "Contract rent" is the monthly rent agreed to, or contracted for, regardless of any furnishings, utilities, or services that may be included (see question H12 in appendix E).

Gross Rent. The computed rent termed "Gross rent" is the contract rent plus the estimated average monthly cost of utilities (electricity, gas, and water) and fuels (oil, coal, kerosene, wood, etc.) if these are

paid for by the renter (or paid for the renter by someone else) in addition to rent. Gross rent is intended to eliminate differentials which result from varying practices with respect to the inclusion of utilities and fuels as part of the rental payment. The estimated costs of water and fuels are reported on a yearly basis but are converted to monthly figures in the computation process (see questions H12 and H22 in appendix E).

Rent Asked. For "Specified vacant for rent" housing units, the rent asked is the amount asked for the rental of the unit at the time of enumeration.

Gross Rent as a Percentage of Household Income in 1979—Monthly gross rent is expressed as a percentage of monthly household income (total household income in 1979 divided by 12). The percentage is presented for the same renter-occupied units for which gross rent was tabulated; thus, the statistics reflect the exclusion of certain renter-occupied units. The percentage was computed separately for each unit and was rounded to the nearest whole number. Units for which no cash rent is paid and units occupied by households that reported no income or a net loss comprise the category "Not computed."

Household Income in 1979-Household income is the sum of the money income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying the housing unit, including persons not related to the householder. Data on income are based on money income received in the calendar year 1979. Income is the algebraic sum of the amounts reported separately for wage and salary income; nonfarm net self-employment income; farm net self-employment income; interest, dividend, net rental or royalty income; Social Security or Railroad Retirement income; public assistance or welfare income; and all other income. The figures represent the amount of income received before deductions for personal income taxes, Social Security, bond purchases, union dues, medicare deductions, etc.

Receipts from the following sources were not included as income: money received from the sale of property (unless the recipient was engaged in the business of selling such property); the value of income "in kind" from food stamps, public housing subsidies, medical care, employer's contributions for pensions, etc.; withdrawal of bank deposits; money borrowed; tax refunds; exchange of money between relatives living in the same household; gifts and lump-sum inheritances, insurance payments, and other types of lump-sum receipts.

Although the income statistics cover the calendar year 1979, the composition of households refers to the time of enumeration (April 1, 1980). However, the composition of most households was the same during 1979 as in April 1980. There may be differences between the data on household income in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Median Income—The median income values presented in this report are computed on the basis of more detailed income intervals than shown in the tables. Median income figures of \$30,000 or less are generally calculated using linear interpolation; all other median income amounts are derived through pareto interpolation.

Comparability With 1970 Census Income Data—In 1970, the statistics on income presented in Series HC80-2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics reports related to the income of the family or primary individual occupying the housing unit; that is, the sum of the income of the head of the family and all other members of the family 14 years old and over or the income of the primary individual. Income of persons living in

the unit but not related to the head of household was not included. In 1980, the statistics on income relate to the income of the household; that is, the sum of the income of all persons 15 years old and over occupying a housing unit, including persons not related to the householder.

A discussion on comparability of income data from other sources including earlier censuses may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, *General Social and Economic Characteristics*, PC80-1-C.

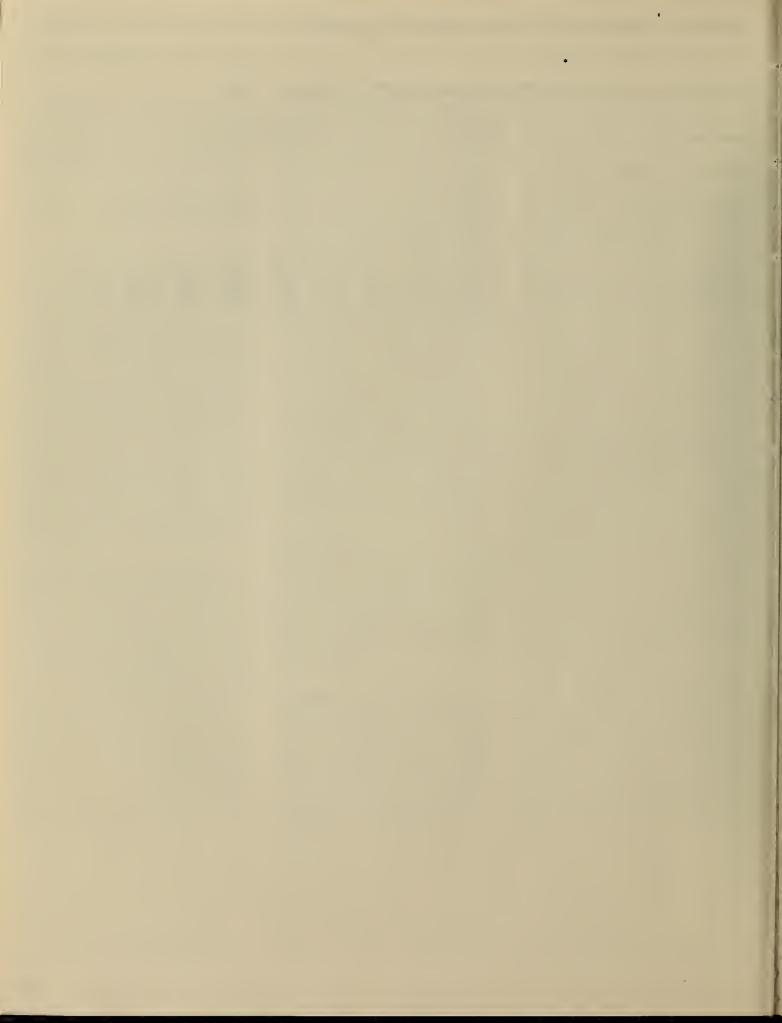
Poverty Status in 1979-Households are classified below the poverty level when the total 1979 income of the family or of the nonfamily householder is below the appropriate poverty threshold. The income of persons living in the household who are unrelated to the householder is not considered when determining the poverty status of a household. The poverty thresholds vary depending upon three criteria: size of family, number of children, and age of the family householder or unrelated individual. The criteria used in the 1980 census differ slightly from those used in the 1970 census, which took into account the same three factors as well as sex of the family householder or unrelated individual and farm-nonfarm residence. In addition, for the 1980 census the thresholds by size of family were extended from seven or more persons to nine or more persons. The income cutoffs are updated each year to reflect the change in the Consumer Price Index. A more detailed explanation of the poverty definition may be found in the 1980 Census of Population reports, General Social and Economic Characteristics, PC80-1-C.

There may be slight differences between the data on poverty status in 1979 in this report and similar data shown in the reports, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, PHC80-3, and in the Supplementary Reports, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics, PHC80-S2. Any such differences are a result of errors in the income data which were corrected after the release of the PHC80-3 and the PHC80-S2 reports.

Thresholds at the Poverty Level in 1979 by Size of Family and Number of Related Children Under 18 Years

(Figures in dollars. For meaning of symbols, see Introduction)

Size of Family Unit	Weighted			R	elated chi	ldren under	r 18 years			
Size of Family Unit	average thresholds	None	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8 or more
l person (unrelated individual)	3,686	3,686					•••	•••		
Under 65 years	3,774	3,774	• • •	•••			•••	•••	•••	•••
65 years and over	3,479	3,479	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	••••
2 persons	4,723	4,723		•••					•••	
Householder under 65 years	4,876	4,858	5,000	• • •	• • •	•••	•••	• • •	• • •	•••
Householder 65 years and over	4,389	4,385	4,981	•••	• • •	•••	•••	•••	•••	••••
3 persons	5,787	5,674	5,839	5,844		•••		·e •••		
4 persons	7,412	7,482	7,605	7,356	7,382	• • •	•••	• • •	• • • •	•••
5 persons	8,776	9,023	9,154	8,874	8,657	8,525	• • •	•••	• • •	•••
6 persons	9,915	10,378	10,419	10,205	9,999	9,693	9,512	• • •		
7 persons	11,237	11,941	12,016	11,759	11,580	11,246	10,857	10,429		• • • •
8 persons	12,484	13,356	13,473	13,231	13,018	12,717	12,334	11,936	11,835	••••
9 or more persons	14,812	16,066	16,144	15,929	15,749	15,453	15,046	14,677	14,586	14,024



Appendix C.—General Enumeration and Processing Procedures

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USUAL PLACE OF RESIDENCE

In accordance with census practice dating back to the first U.S. census in 1790, each person enumerated in the 1980 census was counted as an inhabitant of his or her "usual place of residence," which is generally construed to mean the place where the person lives and sleeps most of the time. This place is not necessarily the same as the person's legal residence or voting residence. In the vast majority of cases, however, the use of these different bases of classification would produce substantially the same statistics, although there might be appreciable differences for a few areas.

The implementation of this practice has resulted in the establishment of residence rules for certain categories of persons whose usual place of residence is not immediately apparent. Furthermore, this practice means that persons were not always counted as residents of the place where they happened to be staying on Census Day (April 1). Persons without a usual place of residence, however, were counted where they happened to be staying.

Armed Forces

Members of the Armed Forces living on a military installation were counted, as in every previous census, as residents of the area in which the installation was located; members of the Armed Forces not living on a military installation were counted as residents of the area in which they were living. Family members of Armed Forces personnel were counted where they were living on Census Day (i.e., with the Armed Forces personnel or at another location, as the case might be).

Each Navy ship was attributed to the municipality that the Department of the Navy designated as its homeport, except for those ships which were deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day. As was done in the 1970 census, naval personnel aboard deployed ships were defined in the 1980 census as part of the overseas population, because deployment to the 6th or 7th Fleet implies a long-term overseas assignment.

In homeports with fewer than 1,000 naval personnel assigned to ships, the crews were counted aboard the ship. In homeports with 1,000 or more naval personnel assigned to ships, the naval personnel who indicated that they had a usual residence within 50 miles of the homeport of their ship were attributed to that residence.

When a homeport designated by the Navy was contained in more than one municipality, ships homeported and berthed there on Census Day were assigned by the Bureau of the Census to the municipality in which the land immediately adjacent to the dock or pier was actually located. Other ships attributed by the Navy to that homeport, but which were not physically present and not deployed to the 6th or 7th Fleet on Census Day, were allocated to the municipality named on the Navy's homeport list.

Crews of Merchant Vessels

Shipboard Census Reports were mailed to crews of merchant vessels through the ships' respective owner-operators based on lists of U.S. flag merchant vessels obtained from the Maritime Administration, U.S. Department of Commerce.

If the ship was berthed in a U.S. port on Census Day, the crew was enumerated as of that port. If the ship was

not berthed in a U.S. port but was inside the territorial waters of the United States, the crew was enumerated as of (a) the port of destination if that port was inside the United States or (b) the homeport of the ship if its port of destination was outside the United States. Crews of U.S. flag vessels which were outside U.S. territorial waters on Census Day and crews of vessels flying a foreign flag were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

Perso: Away at School

College students were counted as residents of the area in which they were living while attending college, as they have been since 1950. However, children in boarding schools below the college level were counted at their parental home.

Persons in Institutions

Inmates of institutions, who ordinarily live there for considerable periods of time, were counted as residents of the area where the institution was located. Patients in short-term wards (general, maternity, etc.) of hospitals were counted at their usual place of residence; if they had no usual place of residence, they were counted at the hospital.

Persons Away From Their Residence on Census Day

Persons in hotels, motels, etc., on the night of March 31, 1980, were requested to fill out a census form for assignment of their census information back to their homes if they indicated that no one was at home to report them in the census. A similar approach was used for persons visiting in private residences, as well as for Americans who left the United States during March 1980 via major intercontinental air or ship carriers for temporary travel abroad. In addition, information on persons away from their usual place of residence was obtained from other members of their families, resident managers, neighbors, etc. If an entire household was expected to be away during the whole period of the enumeration, information on that household was obtained from neighbors. A matching process was used to eliminate duplicate reports for persons who reported for themselves while away from their usual residence and who were also reported at this usual residence by someone else.

A special enumeration was conducted in such facilities as missions, flophouses, jails, detention centers, etc., on the night of April 6, 1980, and persons enumerated therein were counted as residents of the area in which the establishment was located.

Americans Abroad

Americans who were overseas for an extended period (in the Armed Forces, working at civilian jobs, studying in foreign universities, etc.) were not included in the population of any State or the District of Columbia. On the other hand, Americans who were temporarily abroad on vacations, business trips, and the like were counted at their usual residence in the United States.

Citizens of Foreign Countries

Citizens of foreign countries having their usual residence (legally or illegally) in the United States on Census Day, including those working here (but not living at an embassy, ministry, legation, chancellery, or consulate) and those attending school (but not living at an embassy, etc.), were included in the enumeration, as were members of their families living with them. However, citizens of foreign countries temporarily visiting or traveling in the United States or living on the premises of an embassy, etc., were not enumerated in the 1980 census.

DATA COLLECTION PROCEDURES

The 1980 census was conducted primarily through self-enumeration. A census questionnaire was delivered by postal carriers to every housing unit several days before Census Day, April 1, 1980. This questionnaire included explanatory information and was accompanied by an instruction guide. Spanish-language versions of the questionnaire and instruction guide were available on request. The questionnaire

was also available in narrative translation in 32 languages.

In most areas of the United States, altogether containing about 95 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out and mail back the questionnaire on Census Day. Approximately 83 percent of these households returned their forms by mail. Households that did not mail back a form and vacant housing units were visited by an enumerator. Households that returned a form with incomplete or inconsistent information that exceeded a specified tolerance were contacted by telephone or, if necessary, by a personal visit, to obtain the missing information.

In the remaining (mostly sparsely settled) area of the country, which contained about 5 percent of the population, the householder was requested to fill out the questionnaire and hold it until visited by an enumerator. Incomplete and unfilled forms were completed by interview during the enumerator's visit. Vacant units were enumerated by a personal visit and observation.

Each housing unit in the country received one of two versions of the census questionnaire: a short-form questionnaire containing a limited number of basic population and housing questions or a long-form questionnaire containing these basic questions as well as a number of additional questions. A sampling procedure was used to determine those units which were to receive the longform questionnaire. Two sampling rates were employed. For most of the country, one in every six housing units (about 17 percent) received the long form or sample questionnaire; in counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 inhabitants, every other housing unit (50 percent) received the sample questionnaire to enhance the reliability of sample data in small areas.

Special questionnaires were used for the enumeration of persons in group quarters such as colleges and universities, hospitals, prisons, military installations, and ships. These forms contained the population questions but did not include any housing questions. In addition to the regular census questionnaires, the Supplementary Questionnaire for American Indians was used in conjunction with the short form on Federal and State reservations and in the historic areas of

Oklahoma (excluding urbanized areas) for households that had at least one American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut household member.

PROCESSING PROCEDURES

The 1980 census questionnaires were processed in a manner similar to that for the 1970 and 1960 censuses. They were designed to be processed electronically by the Film Optical Sensing Device for Input to Computer (FOSDIC). For most items on the questionnaire, the information supplied by the respondent or obtained by the enumerator was indicated by marking the answers in predesignated positions that would be "read" by FOSDIC from a microfilm copy of the questionnaire and transferred onto computer tape with no intervening manual processing. The computer tape did not include information on individual names and addresses.

The data processing was performed in two stages. For 100-percent data, all short forms, and pages 2 and 3 of the long forms (which have the same questions as the short form), were microfilmed, "read" by FOSDIC, and transferred onto computer tape for tabulation. For the sample data, the long form (or sample) questionnaires were processed through manual coding operations since some questions required the respondent to provide write-in entries which could not be read by FOSDIC. Census Bureau coders assigned alphabetical or numerical codes to the write-in answers in FOSDIC readable code boxes on each questionnaire. After all coding was completed, the long forms were microfilmed, and the film was "read" by FOSDIC and transferred onto computer tape.

The tape containing the information from the questionnaires was processed on the Census Bureau's computers through a number of editing and tabulation steps. Among the products of this operation were computer tapes from which the tables in this report (and most others in the 1980 census publications) were prepared on phototypesetting equipment at the Government Printing Office.

A more detailed description of the data collection and processing procedures can be obtained from the 1980 Census of Population and Housing, *Users' Guide*, PHC80-R1.

Appendix D. — Accuracy of the Data

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INTRODUCTION

The data presented in this publication are based on the 1980 census sample. The data are estimates of the actual figures that would have resulted from a complete count. Estimates can be expected to vary from the complete count result because they are subject to two basic types of error-sampling and nonsampling. The sampling error in the data arises from the selection of persons and housing units to be included in the sample. The nonsampling error is the result of all other errors that may occur during the collection and processing phases of the census. A more detailed discussion of both sampling and nonsampling error and a description of the estimation procedure are given in this appendix.

SAMPLE DESIGN

While every person and housing unit in the 1980 census was enumerated on a

questionnaire that requested certain basic demographic information (e.g., age, number of rooms in living quarters, monthly rent), a sample of persons and housing units was enumerated on a questionnaire that requested additional information. The basic sampling unit for the 1980 census was the housing unit, including all occupants. For persons living in group quarters, the sampling unit was the person. Two sampling rates were employed. In counties, incorporated places and minor civil divisions estimated to have fewer than 2,500 persons (based on precensus estimates), one-half of all housing units and persons in group quarters were to be included in the sample. In all other areas, one-sixth of the housing units or persons in group quarters were sampled. The purpose of this scheme was to provide relatively more reliable estimates for small areas. When both sampling rates were taken into account across the Nation, approximately 19 percent of the Nation's housing units were included in the census sample.

The sample designation method depended on the data collection procedures. In areas containing about 95 percent of the population the census was taken by the mailout/mailback procedure. these areas, the Bureau of the Census either purchased a commercial mailing list which was updated and corrected by Census Bureau field staff, or prepared a mailing list by canvassing and listing each address in the area prior to Census Day. These lists were computerized, and every sixth unit (for 1-in-6 areas) or every second unit (for 1-in-2 areas) was designated as a sample unit by computer. Both of these lists were also corrected by the Post Office.

In non-mailout/mailback areas, a blank listing book with designated sample lines (every sixth or every second line) was prepared for the enumerator. Beginning about Census Day, the enumerator sys-

tematically canvassed the area and listed all housing units in the listing book in the order they were encountered. Completed questionnaires, including sample information for any housing unit which was listed on a designated sample line, were collected.

In both types of data collection procedure areas, an enumerator was responsible for a small geographic area known as an enumeration district, or ED. An ED usually represented the average workload area for one enumerator.

ERRORS IN THE DATA

Since the data in this publication are based on a sample, they may differ somewhat from complete-count figures that would have been obtained if all housing units, persons within those housing units, and persons living in group quarters had been enumerated using the same questionnaires, instructions, enumerators, etc. The deviation of a sample estimate from the average of all possible samples is called the sampling error. The standard error of a survey estimate is a measure of the variation among the estimates from the possible samples and thus is a measure of the precision with which an estimate from a particular sample approximates the average result of all possible samples. The sample estimate and its estimated standard error permit the construction of interval estimates with prescribed confidence that the interval includes the average result of all possible samples. The method of calculating standard errors and confidence intervals for the data in this report is given below.

In addition to the variability which arises from the sampling procedures, both sample data and complete-count data are subject to nonsampling error. Nonsampling error may be introduced during each of the many extensive and complex

operations used to collect and process census data. For example, operations such as editing, reviewing, or handling questionnaires may introduce error into the data. A more detailed discussion of the sources of nonsampling error is given in the section on "Control of Nonsampling Error" in this appendix.

Nonsampling error may affect the data in two ways. Errors that are introduced randomly will increase the variability of the data and should therefore be reflected in the standard error. Errors that tend to be consistent in one direction will make both sample and complete-count data biased in that direction. For example, if respondents consistently tend to underreport their income, then the resulting counts of households or families by income category will be skewed toward the lower income categories. Such biases are not reflected in the standard error.

Calculation of Standard Errors

Totals and Percentages-Tables A through D in this appendix contain the information necessary to calculate the standard errors of sample estimates in this report. In order to perform this calculation, it is necessary to know the unadjusted standard error for the characteristic, given in table A or B, that would result under a simple random sample design (of persons, families, or housing units) and estimation technique; the adjustment factor for the particular characteristic estimated, given in table C; and the number of housing units in the tabulation area and the percent of these in sample, given in table D. The adjustment factors reflect the effects of the actual sample design and complex ratio estimation procedure used for the 1980 census.

To calculate the approximate standard error of an estimate for a geographic area, follow the steps given below:

- a. Obtain the unadjusted standard error from table A or B (or from the formula given below the table) for the estimated total or percentage, respectively.
- b. Find the geographic area with which you are working in table D and obtain the housing unit "percent in sample" figure for this area.
- c. Use table C to obtain the factor for the characteristics (e.g., air-

conditioning, year structure built) and the range that contains the percent-in-sample with which you are working. Multiply the unadjusted standard error by this factor. If the estimate is a cross-tabulation of more than one characteristic, use the largest factor.

As is evident from the formula below tables A and B, the unadjusted standard errors of zero estimates or of very small estimated totals or percentages approach zero. This is also the case for very large percentages or estimated totals that are close to the size of the tabulation areas to which they correspond. These estimated totals and percentages are, nevertheless, still subject to sampling and non-sampling variability, and an estimated standard error of zero (or a very small standard error) is not appropriate.

For estimated percentages that are less than 2 or greater than 98, use the *unadjusted* standard errors in table B that appear in the "2 or 98" row. For an estimated total that is less than 50 or within 50 of the total size of the tabulation area, use an *unadjusted* standard error of 16.

An illustration of the use of the tables is given in a later section of this appendix.

Differences—The standard errors estimated from these tables are not directly applicable to differences between two sample estimates. In order to estimate the standard error of a difference the tables are to be used somewhat differently in the following three situations:

- a. For the difference between a sample estimate and a complete-count value, use the standard error of the sample estimate.
- b. For the difference between (or sum of) two sample estimates, the appropriate standard error is approximately the square root of the sum of the two individual standard errors squared; that is, for standard errors Se_x and Se_y of estimates x and v:

Se
$$(x+y)$$
 = Se $(x-y) = \sqrt{(Se_x)^2 + (Se_y)^2}$

This method, however, will underestimate (overestimate) the standard error if the two items in a sum are highly positively (negatively)

- correlated or if the two items in a difference are highly negatively (positively) correlated. This method may also be used for the difference between (or sum of) sample estimates from two censuses or between a census sample and another survey. The standard error for estimates not based on the 1980 census sample must be obtained from an appropriate source outside of this publication.
- c. For the difference between two estimates, one of which is a subclass of the other, use the tables directly where the calculated difference is the estimate of interest,

Means—The standard error of a mean depends upon the variability of the distribution on which the mean is based, the size of the sample, the sample design (e.g., the use of households as a sampling unit), and the estimation procedure used.

An approximation to the standard error of the mean may be obtained as follows: compute the variance of the distribution on which the mean is based; multiply this value by five and divide the product by the total count of units in the distribution; obtain the square root of this quotient and multiply the result by the adjustment factor from table C that is appropriate for the characteristic on which the mean is based.

Medians-For the standard error of a median of a characteristic, it is necessary to examine the distribution from which the median is derived, as the size of the base and the distribution itself affect the standard error. An approximate method is given here. As the first step, compute one-half of the number on which the median is based (refer to this result as N/2). Treat N/2 as if it were an ordinary estimate and obtain its standard error as instructed above using tables A. C. and Compute the desired confidence interval about N/2. Starting with the lowest value of the characteristic, cumulate the frequencies in each category of the characteristic until the sum equals or first exceeds the lower limit of the confidence interval about N/2. By linear interpolation, obtain a value of the characteristic corresponding to this sum. This is the lower limit of the confidence interval of the median. In a similar manner, cumulate frequencies starting from

the highest value of the characteristic until the sum equals or exceeds the count in excess of the upper limit of the interval about N/2. Interpolate as before to obtain the upper limit of the confidence interval for the estimated median.

Confidence Intervals

A sample estimate and its estimated standard error may be used to construct confidence intervals about the estimate. These intervals are ranges that will contain the average value of the estimated characteristic that results over all possible samples, with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples that could result under the 1980 census sample design were independently selected and surveyed under the same conditions, and if the estimate and its estimated standard error were calculated for each of these samples, then:

- (1) Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one estimated standard error below the estimate to one estimated standard error above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples; and
- (2) Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two estimated standard errors below the estimate to two estimated standard errors above the estimate would contain the average result from all possible samples.

The intervals are referred to as 68 percent and 95 percent confidence intervals, respectively.

The average value of the estimated characteristic that could be derived from all possible samples is or is not contained in any particular computed interval. Thus we cannot make the statement that the average value has a certain probability of falling between the limits of the calculated confidence interval. Rather, one can say with a specified probability or confidence that the calculated confidence interval includes the average estimate from all possible samples (approximately the complete count value).

Confidence intervals may also be constructed for the difference between two sample figures. This is done by computing the difference between these

figures, obtaining the standard error of the difference (using the formula given earlier), and then forming a confidence interval for this estimated difference as above. One can then say with specified confidence that this interval includes the difference that would have been obtained by averaging the results from all possible samples.

The estimated standard errors given in this report do not include all portions of the variability due to nonsampling error that may be present in the data. Thus, the standard errors calculated represent a lower bound of the total error. As a result, confidence intervals formed using these estimated standard errors may not meet the stated levels of confidence (i.e., 68 or 95 percent). Thus, some care must be exercised in the interpretation of the data in this publication based on the estimated standard errors.

For more information on confidence intervals and nonsampling error see any standard sampling theory text.

Use of Tables to Compute Standard Errors

See appendix D of any 1980 Census of Housing, HC-80-1-B, *Detailed Housing Characteristics* report, for examples showing the computation of standard errors and the formation of confidence intervals.

ESTIMATION PROCEDURE

The estimates which appear in this publication were obtained from an iterative ratio estimation procedure which resulted in the assignment of a weight to each sample person or housing unit record. For any given tabulation area, a characteristic total was estimated by summing the weights assigned to the persons or housing units in the tabulation area which possessed the characteristic. Estimates of family or household characteristics were based on the weights assigned to the family members designated as householders. Each sample person or housing unit record was assigned exactly one weight to be used to produce estimates of all characteristics. For example, if the weight given to a sample person or housing unit had the value five, all characteristics of that person or housing unit would be tabulated with a weight of

five. The estimation procedure, however, did assign weights which vary from person to person or housing unit to housing unit.

The estimation procedure used to assign the weights was performed in geographically defined "weighting areas." Weighting areas were generally formed of adjoining portions of geography, which closely agreed with census tabulation areas within counties. Weighting areas were required to have a minimum sample of 400 persons. Weighting areas were never allowed to cross state or county boundaries. In small counties with a sample count of less than 400 persons, the minimum required sample condition was relaxed to permit the entire county to become a weighting area.

Within a weighting area, the ratio estimation procedure for persons was performed in three stages. For persons, the first stage employed 17 household type groups. The second stage used two groups: householders and nonhouseholders. The third stage could potentially use 160 age-sex-race-Spanish origin groups. The stages were as follows:

PERSONS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group Persons in Housing Units With a

	Family With Own Children
	Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Persons in Housing Units With a
	Family Without Own Children
	Under 18
6-10	2 persons in housing unit
	through 8 or more persons

Persons in All Other Housing Units

11 1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons in housing unit

in housing unit

17 Persons in group quarters

Stage II—Householder/ Nonhouseholder

Group

Householder

Nonhouseholder (including persons in group quarters)

Stage III—Age/Sex/Race/Spanish Origin

Group	White Race
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	Male
1	0 to 4 years of age
2	5 to 14 years of age
3	15 to 19 years of age
4	20 to 24 years of age
5	25 to 34 years of age
6	35 to 44 years of age
7	45 to 64 years of age
8	65 years of age or older

Female

9-16 Same age categories as groups 1 to 8

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

17-32 Same age and sex categories as groups 1 to 16

Black Race

33-64 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Asian, Pacific Islander Race
65-96 Same age-sex-Spanish origin
categories as groups 1 to 32

American Indian, Eskimo, or Aleut Race

97-128 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

129-160 Same age-sex-Spanish origin categories as groups 1 to 32

Within a weighting area, the first step in the estimation procedure was to assign each sample person record an initial weight. This weight was approximately equal to the inverse of the probability of selecting a person for the census sample.

The next step in the estimation procedure was to combine, if necessary, the groups in each of the three stages prior to the repeated ratio estimation in order to increase the reliability of the ratio estima-

tion procedure. For the first and second stages, any group that did not meet certain criteria concerning the unweighted sample count or the ratio of the complete count to the initially weighted sample count, was combined, or collapsed, with another group in the same stage according to a specified collapsing pattern. At the third stage, the "Other" race category was collapsed with the "White" race category before the above collapsing criteria as well as an additional criterion concerning the number of complete count persons in each category were applied.

As the final step, the initial weights underwent three stages of ratio adjustment which used the groups listed above. At the first stage, the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the initial weights for each sample person was computed for each stage I group. The initial weight assigned to each person in a group was then multiplied by the stage I group ratio to produce an adjusted weight. In stage II, the stage I adjusted weights were again adjusted by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage I weights for sample persons in each stage II group. Finally, the stage II weights were adjusted at stage III by the ratio of the complete census count to the sum of the stage II weights for sample persons in each stage III group. The three stages of adjustment were performed twice (two iterations) in the order given above. The weights obtained from the second iteration for stage III were assigned to the sample person records. However, to avoid complications in rounding for tabulated data, only whole number weights were assigned. For example, if the final weight for the persons in a particular group was 7.2, then one-fifth of the sample persons in this group were randomly assigned a weight of 8 and the remaining four-fifths received a weight

Separate weights were derived for tabulating the place of work and migration data items. The weights were obtained by adjusting the weight derived above for persons on questionnaires selected for coding by the reciprocal of the ED coding rate and a ratio adjustment to ensure that the sum of the weights and the complete count total population figure would agree.

The ratio estimation procedure for

housing units was essentially the same as that for persons. The major difference was that the occupied housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in two stages and the vacant housing unit ratio estimation procedure was done in one stage. The first stage for occupied housing units employed 16 household-type categories and the second stage could potentially use 190 tenure-race-Spanish origin-value/rent groups. For vacant housing units, three groups were utilized. The stages for the ratio estimation for housing units were as follows:

OCCUPIED HOUSING UNITS

Stage I-Type of Household

Group	Housing Units With a Family
	With Own Children Under 18
1	2 persons in housing unit
2	3 persons in housing unit
3	4 persons in housing unit
4	5 to 7 persons in housing unit
5	8 or more persons in housing
	unit
	Housing Units With a Family

6-10 Without Own Children Under 18
2 persons in housing unit through 8 or more persons in housing unit

All Other Housing Units

1 person in housing unit
12-16 2 persons in housing unit
through 8 or more persons
in housing unit

Stage II—Tenure/Race and Origin of Householder/Value or Rent

Group	Owner
	White Race (householder)
	Persons of Spanish Origin
	(householder)
	Value of House
1	\$0 to \$9,999
2	\$10,000 to \$19,999
3	\$20,000 to \$24,999
4	\$25,000 to \$49,999
5	\$50,000 to \$99,999
6	\$100,000 to \$149,999
7	\$150,000+
8	Other Owners

Persons Not of Spanish Origin

9-16	Same value categories
	as groups 1 to 8
	Black Race
17-32	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 16
	10 10
33-48	Asian, Pacific Islander Race Same value—Spanish origin
33-40	categories as groups 1
	to 16
	American Indian, Eskimo,
	or Aleut Race
49-64	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1 to 16
	Other Race (includes those races not listed above)
65-80	Same value—Spanish origin
	categories as groups 1
	to 16
1	Renter
	White Race Persons of Spanish Origin
	Rent Categories
81	\$1 to \$59
82 83	\$60 to \$99 \$100 to \$149
84	\$150 to \$199
85 86	\$200 to \$249 \$250 to \$299
86 87	\$250 to \$299 \$300 to \$399
88	\$400 to \$499
89 90	\$500+ Other Renter
90	No Cash Rent
	Persons not of Spanish origin
92-102	Same rent categories as groups 81 to 91
103-124	Black Race Same rent—Spanish origin
100 121	categories as groups 81
	to 102
	Asian, Pacific Islander Race
125-146	Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81
	to 102
	American Indian, Eskimo,
147 100	or Aleut Race
147-168	Same rent—Spanish origin

categories as groups 81

to 102

Other Race (includes those races not listed above)

169-190 Same rent—Spanish origin categories as groups 81 to 102

VACANT HOUSING UNITS

Group

Vacant for Rent
 Vacant for Sale
 Other Vacant

The estimates produced by this procedure realize some of the gains in sampling efficiency that would have resulted if the population had been stratified into the ratio estimation groups before sampling, and the sampling rate had been applied independently to each group. The net effect is a reduction in both the standard error and the possible bias of most estimated characteristics to levels below what would have resulted from simply using the initial (unadjusted) weight. A by-product of this estimation procedure is that the estimates from the sample will, for the most part, be consistent with the complete-count figures for the population and housing unit groups used in the estimation procedure.

CONTROL OF NONSAMPLING ERROR

As mentioned above, nonsampling error is present in both sample and complete count data. If left unchecked, this error could introduce serious bias into the data, the variability of which could increase dramatically over that which would result purely from sampling. While it is impossible to completely eliminate nonsampling error from an operation as large and complex as the 1980 census, the Bureau of the Census attempted to control the sources of such error during the collection and processing operations. The primary sources of nonsampling error and the programs instituted for control of this error are described below. The success of these programs, however, was contingent upon how well the instructions were actually carried out during the census. To the extent possible, both the effects of these programs and the amount of error remaining after their application will be evaluated.

Undercoverage—It is possible for some persons or housing units to be entirely missed by the census. This undercoverage of persons and housing units can introduce biases into the data. Several extensive programs were developed to focus on this important problem.

- The Postal Service reviewed mailing lists and reported housing unit addresses which were missing, undeliverable, or duplicated in the listings.
- The purchased commercial mailing list was updated and corrected by a complete field review of the list of housing units during a precanvass operation.
- A record check was performed to reduce the undercoverage of individual persons in selected areas. Independent lists of persons, such as driver's license holders, were matched with the household rosters in the census listings. Persons not matched to the census rosters were followed up and added to the census counts if they were found to have been missed.
- A recheck of units initially classified as vacant or nonexistent was utilized to further reduce the undercoverage of persons.

More extensive discussions of programs developed to reduce undercoverage will be published as the analyses of those programs are completed.

Respondent and Enumerator Error-The person answering the questionnaire or responding to the questions posed by an enumerator could serve as a source of error by offering incorrect or incomplete information. To reduce this source of error, questions were phrased as clearly as possible based on precensus tests and detailed instructions for completing the questionnaire were provided to each household. In addition, respondents' answers were edited for completeness and consistency and followed up as necessary. For example, if the source of water item was incomplete for a housing unit, longform field edit procedures would recognize the situation, and a followup attempt to obtain the information would be made.

The enumerator may misinterpret or otherwise incorrectly record information given by a respondent; may fail to collect some of the information for a person or household; or may collect sample data for households that were not designated as part of the sample. To control these problems, the work of enumerators was carefully monitored. Field staff were prepared for their tasks by using standardized training packages which included experience in using census materials. A sample of the households interviewed by enumerators for nonresponse was reinterviewed to control for the possibility of data for fabricated persons being submitted by enumerators. Also, the estimation procedure was designed to control for biases that would result from the collection of data from households not designated for the sample.

Processing Error—The many phases of processing the census represent potential sources for the introduction of nonsampling error. The processing of the census questionnaires includes the field editing, followup, and transmittal of completed questionnaires; the manual coding of write-in responses; and the electronic data processing. The various field, coding and computer operations undergo a number of quality control checks to insure their accurate application.

Nonresponse—Nonresponse to particular questions on the census questionnaire allows for the introduction of bias into the data, since the characteristics of the nonrespondents have not been observed and may differ from those reported by respondents. As a result, any allocation procedure using respondent data may not completely reflect this difference either at the element level (individual person or housing unit) or on the average. Some protection against the introduction of large biases is afforded by minimizing

nonresponse. In the census, nonresponse was substantially reduced during the field operations by the various edit and follow-up operations aimed at obtaining a response for every question. Characteristics for the nonresponses remaining after this operation were allocated by the computer using reported data for a person or housing unit with similar characteristics. The allocation procedure is described below.

EDITING OF UNACCEPTABLE DATA

The objective of the processing operation is to produce a set of statistics that describes the nation's housing as accurately and clearly as possible. To meet this objective, certain unacceptable entries were edited.

In the field, questionnaires were reviewed for omissions and certain inconsistencies by a census clerk or an enumerator and, if necessary, a followup was made to obtain missing information. In addition, a similar review of questionnaires was done in the central processing offices. As a rule, however, editing was performed by hand only when it could not be done effectively by machine.

As one of the first steps in computerized editing, the configuration of marks on the questionnaire was scanned electronically to determine whether it contained information for a person or housing unit or merely spurious marks. If any characteristic for a housing unit was still missing when the questionnaires reached the central processing offices, it was supplied by allocation. Allocation, or assignments of acceptable codes in place of unacceptable entries, were

needed most often when an entry for a given item was lacking or when the information reported for a particular item was inconsistent with another item for the same housing unit. As in previous censuses, allocations or the assignment of acceptable entries were used to replace blanks or unacceptable entries. allocation procedure was based on using information reported for another housing unit with characteristics similar to those of the housing unit for which allocation was necessary. For example, if the unit was reported as rented but the amount of rent was missing, the computer automatically assigned the rent that was reported for the preceding renteroccupied unit. The assignment of acceptable codes in place of blanks or unacceptable entries is designed to enhance the usefulness of the data.

Specific tolerances were established for the number of computer allocations that would be permitted. If the number of corrections was beyond tolerance, the questionnaires in which the errors occurred were clerically reviewed. If it was found that the errors resulted from damaged questionnaires, from improper microfilming, from faulty reading by FOSDIC of undamaged questionnaires, or from other types of machine failure, the questionnaires were reprocessed.

ALLOCATION TABLES

The extent of allocations for nonresponses and inconsistencies for individual subject items is given for SMSA's and places in the 1980 Census of Population PC80-1-B and PC80-1-C reports and in the 1980 Census of Housing HC80-1-A and HC80-1-B reports.

Table A. Unadjusted Standard Errors for Estimated Totals

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Estimated	Size of publication area													
Total <u>1</u> /	500	1 000	2 500	5 000	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000	1 000 000	5 000 000	10 000 000	25 000 000
50	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	16
100	20	21	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22
250	25	30	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35	35
500	-	35	45	45	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50	50
1 000	-	-	55	65	65	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70	70
2 500	-	-	-	80	95	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110	110
5 000	-	-	-	-	110	140	1 50	150	160	. 160	160	160	160	160
10 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	200	210	220	220	220	220	220	220
15 000	-	-	-	-	-	170	230	250	270	270	270	270	270	270
25 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	250	310	340	350	350	350	350	350
75 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	310	510	570	590	610	610	610
100 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	550	630	670	700	700	710
250 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	790	970	1 090	1 100	1 1:00
500 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	1 120	1 500	1 540	1 570
1 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2 000	2 120	2 190
5 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3 540	4 470
10 000 000	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	5 480

1/ For estimated totals larger than 10 000 000, the standard error is somewhat larger than the table values. The formula given below should be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{Y}) = \sqrt{5\hat{Y}(1-\hat{Y})}$$

N = Size of area

 \hat{Y} = Estimate of characteristic total

2/ The total count of housing units in the area.

Table B. Unadjusted Standard Error in Percentage Points for Estimated Percentages

[Based on a 1-in-6 simple random sample]

Est'imated !ercentage	Base of percentage												
, and a	500	750	1 000	1 500	2 500	5 000	7 500	10 000	25 000	50 000	100 000	250 000	500 000
2 or 98	1.4	1.1	1.0	0.8 1.3	0.6 1.0	0.4 0.7	0.4	0.3	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.1	0.1 0.1	0.1
10 or 90 15 or 85	3.0 3.6	2.4	2.1	1.7	1.3	0.9 1.1	0.8	0.7 0.8	0.4 0.5	0.3	0.2 0.3	0.1 0.2	0.1
20 or 80	4.0 4.3 4.6	3.3 3.5 3.7	2.8 3.1 3.2	2.3 2.5 2.6	1.8 1.9 2.0	1.3 1.4 1.4	1.0 1.1 1.2	0.9 1.0 1.0	0.6 0.6 0.6	0.4 0.4 0.5	0.3 0.3 0.3	0.2 0.2 0.2	0.1 0.1 0.1
35 or 65	4.8 5.0	3.9 4.1	3.4 3.5	2.8 2.9	2.1	1.5	1.2	1.1	0.7 0.7	0.5 0.5	0.3	0.2 6.2	0.2

1/ For a percentage and/or base of percentage not shown in the table, the formula given below may be used to calculate the standard error.

Se
$$(\hat{p}) = \sqrt{\frac{5}{B} \hat{p} (100 - \hat{p})}$$

B = Base of estimated percentage

 \hat{p} = Estimated percentage

Table C. Standard Error Adjustment Factors

[Percent of persons or housing units in sample]

Characteristic	Less than 19 Percent	19 to 33 Percent	More than 33 Percent
			0.5
Occupancy and vacancy status	1•1	0.9	0.5
Tenure	1.1	1.0	0.5
Units in structure	1.1	0.9	0.5
Stories in structure	0.9	0.8	0.5
Passenger elevator	0.9	0.8	0.4
Source of water	1.0	0.8	0.5
Sewage disposal	1.1	0.9	0.5
Year structure built	1.0	0.9	0.5
Year householder moved into			
housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Heating equipment and fuel	1.1	0.9	0.5
Kitchen facilities	1.1	0.9	0.5
Number of bedrooms or			
bathrooms	1.1	0.9	0.5
Telephone in housing unit	1.1	0.9	0.5
Air conditioning	1.1	1.0	0.5
Vehicles available	1.1	0.9	0.5
Gross rent	1.1	0.9	0.5
Mortgage status and selected	•••	•••	***
monthly owner costs	1.1	0.9	0.5
Income	1.1	0.9	0.5
	1.1	0.9	0.5
Poverty status	1 • 1	0.9	0.9
Complete plumbing facilities			
for exclusive use with 1.01			0.5
persons per room or more	1.1	0.9	0.5

Table D. Percent of Housing Units in Sample: 1980

[For meaning of symbols, see Introduction. For definitions of terms, see appendixes A and B]

The SMSA	Housing units			
Places of 50,000 or More and Central Cities of SMSA's	100-percent count	Percent in somple		
The SMSA	52 050	20.0		
PLACES OF 50,000 OR MORE AND CENTRAL CITIES OF SMSA's				
Altoona city	22 502	16.0		



Appendix E. — Facsimiles of Respondent Instructions and Questionnaire Pages

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 1 THROUGH 10

- 1. List in question 1 (on page 1), the names of all the people who usually live here. Then turn to pages 2 and 3 where there are columns to list up to seven persons. In the first column print the name of one of the household members in whose name this home is owned or rented. If no household member owns or rents the living quarters, list in the first column any adult household member who is not a roomer, boarder, or paid employee. Print the names of the other household members, if any, in the columns which follow, using question 1 as a checklist.
- Fill a circle to show how each person is related to the person in column 1.

A stepchild or legally adopted child of the person in column 1 should be marked Son/daughter. Foster children or wards living in the household should be marked Roomer, boarder.

- 3. Be sure to fill a circle for the sex of each person.
- 4. Fill the circle for the category with which the person most closely identifies. If you fill the Indian (American) or Other circle, be sure to print the name of the specific Indian tribe or specific group.
- 5. Enter age at last birthday in the space provided (enter "O" for babies less than one year old). Also enter month and year of birth, and fill the appropriate circles. For an illustration of how to complete question 5, see the example on pages 4 and 5. If age or month or year of birth is not known, give your best estimate.
- 6. If the person's only marriage was annulled, mark Never married.
- 7. A person is of Spanish/Hispanic origin or descent if the person identifies his or her ancestry with one of the listed groups, that is, Mexican, Puerto Rican, etc. Origin or descent (ancestry) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born.
- 8. Do not count enrollment in a trade or business school, company training, or tutoring unless the course would be accepted for credit at a regular elementary school, high school, or college. A public school is any school or college which is controlled and supported primarily by a local, county, State, or Federal Government.
- 9. Fill only one circle. Mark the highest grade ever attended even if the person did not finish it. If the person is still in school, mark the grade in which now enrolled. Schooling received in foreign or ungraded schools should be reported as the equivalent grade or year in the regular American school system. If uncertain whether a Head Start program is for nursery school or kindergarten, mark the circle for Nursery school.

If the person skipped or repeated grades, mark the highest grade ever attended regardless of how long it took to get there. Persons who did not attend any college but who completed high school by finishing the 12th grade or by passing an equivalency test, such as the

General Educational Development (GED) examination, should fill the circle for the 12th grade.

 Mark Finished this grade (or year) only if the person finished the entire grade or year marked in question 9 or if the highest grade was completed by passing a high school equivalency test.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H4 THROUGH H12

- H4. Mark only one circle. This address means the house or building number where your living quarters are located.
- H5. Mark the second circle only if you must go through someone else's living quarters to get to your own.
- H6. Consider that you have hot water even if you have it only part of the time.

Mark Yes, but also used by another household if someone else who lives in the same building, but is not a member of your household, also uses the facilities. Mark this circle also if the occupants of living quarters now vacant would also use the facilities in your living quarters.

- H7. Count only whole rooms used for living purposes, such as living rooms, dining rooms, kitchens, bedrooms, finished recreation rooms, family rooms, etc. Do not count bathrooms, kitchenettes, strip or pullman kitchens, utility rooms, or unfinished attics, unfinished basements, or other space used for storage.
- H8. Mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned outright or are mortgaged. Also mark Owned or being bought if the living quarters are owned but the land is rented.

Mark Rented for cash rent if any money rent is paid. Rent may be paid by persons who are not members of your household.

Occupied without payment of cash rent includes, for example, a parsonage, military housing, a house or apartment provided free of rent by the owner, or a house or apartment occupied by a janitor or caretaker in exchange for services.

- 49. A condominium is housing in which the apartments or houses in a development are individually owned, but the common areas, such as lobbies, halls, etc., are jointly owned. The person owning a condominium very likely has a mortgage on the particular unit.
- H10b. A commercial establishment is easily recognized from the outside, for example, a grocery store or barber shop. A medical office is a doctor's or dentist's office regularly visited by patients.
- H11. Include the value of the house, the land it is on, and any other structures on the same property. If the house is owned but the land is rented, estimate the combined value of the house and the

land. If this is a condominium unit, enter the estimated value for your living guarters and your share of the common elements.

H12. Report the rent agreed to or contracted for, even if the rent is unpaid or paid by someone else.

If rent is not paid by the month, change the rent to a monthly amount; and then fill the appropriate circle in question H12.

If rent is paid:	Multiply rent by:
By the day	30
By the week	4
Every other wee	ek 2

If rent is paid:	Divide rent by:
4 times a year	3
2 times a year	6
Once a year	12

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H13 THROUGH H20

H13. Mark only one circle.

Detached means there is open space on all sides, or the house is joined only to a shed or garage. Attached means that the house is joined to another house or building by at least one wall which goes from ground to roof.

Mark A one-family house detached from any other house when a mobile home or trailer has had one or more rooms added or built onto it; a porch or shed is not considered a room.

Count all occupied and vacant living quarters in the house or building, but not stores or office space.

- H14a. Do not count unfinished basements or unfinished attics. However, a basement or attic with finished room(s) for living purposes should be counted as a story.
- H15a. A city or suburban lot is usually located in a city, a community, or any built-up area outside a city or community, and is not larger than the house and yard. All living quarters in apartment buildings, including garden-type apartments in the city or suburbs, are considered on a city or suburban lot.

A place is a farm, ranch, or any other property, other than a city or suburban lot, on which this residence is located.

H16. If a well provides water for six or more houses or apartments, mark
A public system. If a well provides water for five or fewer houses
or apartments, mark one of the categories for individual well.

Drilled wells, or small diameter wells, are usually less than 1½ feet in diameter. Dug wells are generally hand dug and are wider.

- H17. A public sewer is operated by a government body or a private organization. A septic tank or cesspool is an underground tank or pit used for disposal of sewage.
- H19. The term person in column 1 refers to the person listed in the first column on page 2. This person should be the household member (or one of the members) in whose name the house is owned or rented. If there is no such person, any adult household member can be the person in column 1. Mark when this person last moved into this house or apartment.
- H20. This question refers to the type of heating equipment and not to the fuel used.

An electric heat pump is sometimes known as a reverse cycle

system. It may be centrally installed with ducts to the rooms or individual heat pumps in the rooms.

A floor, wall, or pipeless furnace delivers warm air to the room right above the furnace or to the room(s) on one or both sides of the wall in which the furnace is installed and does not have ducts leading to other rooms.

Any heater that you plug into an electric outlet should be counted as a portable room heater.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS H21 THROUGH H32

- H21. Gas from underground pipes is piped in from a central system such as one operated by a public utility company or a municipal government. Bottled, tank, or LP gas is stored in tanks which are refilled or exchanged when empty. Other fuel includes any fuel not separately listed, for example, purchased steam, fuel briquettes, waste material, etc.
- H22. If your living quarters are rented, enter the costs for utilities and fuels only if you pay for them in addition to the rent entered in H12. If already included in rent, fill the appropriate circle.

The amounts to be reported should be for the past 12 months, that is, for electricity and gas, the monthly average for the past 12 months; for water and other fuels, the total amount for the past 12 months.

Estimate as closely as possible when exact costs are not known.

Report amounts even if your bills are unpaid or paid by someone else. If the bills include utilities or fuel used also by enother apartment or a business establishment, estimate the amounts for your own living quarters. If gas and electricity are billed together, enter the combined amount on the electricity line and bracket ({) the two utilities.

- H23. The kitchen sink, stove, and refrigerator must be located in the building but do not have to be in the same room. Portable cooking equipment is not considered as a range or cook stove.
- **H26.** Answer Yes only if the telephone is located in your living quarters.
- H27. Count only equipment used to cool the air by means of a refrigeration unit.
- H28 H29. Count company cars (including police cars and taxicabs) and company trucks that are regularly kept at home and used by household members. Do not count cars or trucks permanently out of working order.
- H30 H32. Do not answer these questions if you live in a cooperative, regardless of the number of units in the structure.
- H30. Report taxes for all taxing jurisdictions even if they are included in mortgage payment, not paid yet, paid by someone else, or are delinquent.
- H31. When premiums are paid on other than a yearly basis, convert to a yearly basis and enter the yearly amount, even if no payment was made during the past 12 months.
- H32a. The word "inortgage" is used as a general term to indicate all types of loans which are secured by real estate.

- b. A second or junior mortgage is also secured by real estate but has been made by the homeowner in addition to the first mortgage.
- c. Enter a monthly amount even if it is unpaid or paid by someone else. If the amount is paid on some other periodic basis, see instructions for H12 to change it to a monthly amount.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 11 THROUGH 14

11. For persons born in the United States:

Print the name of the State in which this person's mother was living when this person was born. For persons born in a hospital, do not give the State in which the hospital was located unless the hospital and the mother's home were in the same State or the location of the mother's home is not known. For example, if a person was born in a hospital in Washington, D.C., but the mother's home was in Virginia at the time of the person's birth, enter "Virginia."

For persons born outside the United States:

Print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., where the person was born. Use international boundaries as now recognized by the United States. Specify whether Northern Ireland or Ireland (Eire); East or West Germany; England, Scotland or Wales (not Great Britain or United Kingdom). Specify the particular island in the Caribbean, not, for example, West Indies.

 This question is only for persons born in a foreign country. Fill the Yes, a naturalized citizen circle only if the person has completed the naturalization process and is now a citizen.

If the person has entered the U.S. more than once, fill the circle for the year he or she came to stay permanently.

13a. Mark No, only speaks English if the person always speaks English at home; then skip to question 14.

Mark Yes if the person speaks a language other than English at home. Do not mark Yes for a language spoken only at school or if speaking ability is limited to a few expressions or slang.

- b. Print the non-English language spoken at home. If this person speaks two or more non-English languages at home and cannot determine which is spoken most often, report the first language the person learned to speak.
- c. Fill the circle that best describes the person's ability to speak English.
 - The circle Very well should be filled for persons who have no difficulty speaking English.
 - (2) The circle Well should be filled for persons who have only minor problems which do not seriously limit their ability to speak English.
 - (3) The circle Not well should be filled for persons who are seriously limited in their ability to speak English.
 - (4) The circle Not at all should be filled for persons who do not speak English at all.
- 14. Print the ancestry group with which the person identifies. Ancestry (or origin or descent) may be viewed as the nationality group, the lineage, or the country in which the person or the person's parents or ancestors were born before their arrival in the United States. Persons who are of more than one origin and who cannot identify with a single group should print their multiple ancestry (for example, German-Irish).

Be specific; for example, if ancestry is "Indian," specify whether American Indian, Asian Indian, or West Indian. Distinguish Cape Verdean from Portuguese, and French Canadian from Canadian.

A religious group should not be reported as a person's ancestry.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 15 THROUGH 20

- 15a. Mark Yes, this house if this person lived in this same house or apartment on April 1, 1975, but moved away and came back between then and now. Mark No, different house if this person lived in the same building but in a different apartment (or in the same mobile home or trailer but on a different trailer site).
 - b. If this person lived in a different house or apartment on April 1, 1975, give the location of this person's usual home at that time.
 - Part (1) If the person was living in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the name of the State. If the person did not live in the United States on April 1, 1975, print the full name of the foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.
 - Part (2) If in Louisiana, print the parish name. If in Alaska, print the borough name. If in New York City print the borough name if the county name is not known. If an independent city, leave blank.
 - Part (3) If in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island or Vermont, print the name of the town rather than the name of the village or city, unless the name of the town is unknown.
 - Part (4) Mark Yes if you know that the location is now inside the limits of a city, town, village or other incorporated place, even if it was not inside the limits on April 1, 1975.
- 17a. Mark Yes only if this person was on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard. Mark No if the person was in the National Guard or the reserves.
 - b. Mark Yes if the person was attending a college or university either full or part time and was enrolled for credit toward a degree. Mark No if the person was taking only non-credit courses or was attending a vocational or trade school, such as secretarial school.
 - c. Mark Yes, full time if the person worked full time (35 hours or more per week). Mark Yes, part time if the person worked part time (less than 35 hours per week). Mark No if the person only did unpaid volunteer work, housework or yard work at own home, or if the only work done was as a resident of an institution.
- 18a. Mark Yes if this person was ever on active duty in the U.S. Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard, even if the time served was short. For persons in the National Guard or military reserve units, mark Yes only if the person was ever called to active duty; mark No if the only service was active duty for training.
 - b. If this person served during more than one period, fill all circles which apply, even if service was for a short time.
- 19. The term "health condition" refers to any physical or mental problem which has lasted for 6 or more months. A serious problem with seeing, hearing, or speech should be considered a health condition. Pregnancy or a temporary health problem such as a broken bone that is expected to heal normally should not be considered a health condition.
- Count all children born alive, including any who have died (even shortly after birth) or who no longer live with her.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 21 THROUGH 26

- 21. If the exact date of marriage is not known, give your best estimate.
- 22a. Mark Yes if the person worked, either full or part time, on any day of last week (Sunday through Saturday).

Count as work:

Work for someone else for wages, salary, piece rate, commission, tips, or payments "in kind" (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).

Work in own business, professional practice, or farm.

Any work in a family business or farm, paid or not.

Any part-time work including babysitting, paper routes, etc.

Active duty in Armed Forces.

Do not count as work:

Housework or yard work at home.

Unpaid volunteer work.

Work done as a resident of an institution.

- b. Give the actual number of hours worked at all jobs last week, even if that was more or fewer hours than usually worked.
- 23. If the person worked at several locations, but reported to the same location each day to begin work, print where he or she reported. If the person did not report to the same location each day to begin work, print the words "various locations" for 23a, and give as much information as possible in the remainder of 23 to identify the area in which he or she worked most last week.

If the person's employer operates in more than one location (such as a grocery store chain or public school system), give the exact address of the location or branch where the person worked.

If the person worked in a foreign country or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc., print the name of the country in 23e and leave the other parts of 23 blank.

- 24a. Travel time is from door to door. Include time taken waiting for public transportation, picking up passengers in carpools, etc.
 - b. Mark Worked at home for a person who works on a farm where he or she lives, or in an office or shop in the person's home.
 - c. If the person was driven to work by someone who then drove back home or to a non-work destination, mark Drive alone.
 - d. Do not include riders who rode to school or some other non-work destination.
- If the person works only during certain seasons or on a day-to-day basis when work is available, mark No.
- 26a. Mark Yes if the person tried to get a job or to start a business or professional practice at any time in the last four weeks; for example, registered at an employment office, went to a job interview, placed or answered ads, or did anything toward starting a business or professional practice.
 - b. Mark No, already has a job if the person was on layoff or was expecting to report to a job within 30 days.

Mark No, temporarily ill if the person expects to be able to work within 30 days.

Mark No, other reasons if the person could not have taken a job because he or she was going to school, taking care of children, etc.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 27 THROUGH 29

- 27. Look at the instructions for 22a to see what to count as work. Mark Never worked if the person: (1) never worked at any kind of job or business, either full or part time, (2) never did any work, with or without pay, in a family business or farm and (3) never served in the Armed Forces.
- 28a. If the person worked for a company, business, or government agency, print the name of the company, not the name of the person's supervisor. If the person worked for an individual or a business that has no company name, print the name of the individual worked for. If the person worked in his or her own business, print "self-employed."
 - b. Print two or more words to tell what the business, industry, or individual employer named in 28a does. If there is more than one activity, describe only the major activity at the place where the person works. Enter what is made, what is sold, or what service is given.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Furniture company	Metal furniture manufacturing
Grocery store	Wholesale grocery store
Oil company	Retail gas station
Ranch	Cattle ranch

c. Mark Manufacturing if the factory, plant, mill, etc., mostly makes things, even if it also sells them.

Mark Wholesale trade if the business mostly sells things to stores or other companies.

Mark Retail trade if the business mostly sells things (not services) to individuals.

Mark Other if the main activity of the employer is not making or selling things. Some examples of Other are farming, construction, and services such as those provided by hotels, dry cleaners, repair shops, schools, and banks.

29a. Print two or more words to describe the kind of work the person does. If the person is a trainee, apprentice, or helper, include that in the description.

Some examples of what is needed to make an answer acceptable are shown on the census form and here.

Unacceptable	Acceptable
Clerk	Production clerk
Helper	Carpenter's helper
Mechanic	Auto engine mechanic
Nurse	Registered nurse

b. Print the most important things that the person does on the job. Some examples are shown on the census form.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR QUESTIONS 30 THROUGH 33

 If the person was an employee of a private nonprofit organization, such as a church, fill the first circle.

Mark Local government employee for a teacher working in an elementary or secondary public school.

- 31a. Look at the instructions for question 22a to see what to count as work.
 - b. Count every week in which the person did any work at all, even for an hour.
 - c. If the hours worked each week varied considerably, give the best estimate of the hours usually worked most weeks.
 - d. Count every week in which the person did not work at all, but spent any time looking for work or on layoff from a job. Looking for work means trying to get a job or start a business or professional practice; layoff includes either temporary or indefinite layoff.
- 32. Fill the Yes or No circle for each part and enter the appropriate amount. If income from any source was received jointly by household members, report if possible, the appropriate share for each person; otherwise, report the whole amount for only one person and mark No for the other person, unless the other person has additional income of the same type.
 - a. Include sick leave pay. Do not include reimbursement for business

- expenses and pay "in kind," (for example, food, lodging received as payment for work performed).
- b. Include net earnings (gross earnings minus business expenses) from a nonfarm business. If business lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- c. Include net earnings (gross receipts minus operating expenses) from a farm. If farm lost money, write "Loss" above the amount.
- d. Include interest and dividends credited to the person's account (for example, from savings accounts and stock shares), net royalties, and net income from rental property.
- Include Social Security or Railroad Retirement payments to retired persons, to dependents of deceased insured workers and to disabled workers.
- Include public assistance or welfare payments received from Federal, State, or local agencies. Do not include private welfare payments.
- g. Include all other regular payments, such as government employee retirement, union or private pensions and annuities; unemployment benefits; worker's compensation; Armed Forces allotments; private welfare payments; regular contributions from persons not living in the household; etc.
 - Do not include lump-sum payments received from the sale of property (capital gains), insurance policies, inheritances, etc.
- If no income was received in 1979, fill the None circle. If total income was a loss, write "Loss" above the amount.

Please fill out this official Census Form and mail it back on Census Day, Tuesday, April 1, 1980

1980 Census of the United States

If the address shown below has the wrong spartment identification, please write the correct spartment number or location here:

DO A1 A2 A4 A5 A6

Your answers are confidential

By law (title 13, U.S. Code), census employees are subject to fine and/or imprisonment for any disclosure of your answers. Only after 72 years does your information become available to other government agencies or the public. The same law requires that you answer the questions to the best of your knowledge.

Para personas de habla hispana

(For Spanish-speaking persons): SI USTED DESEA UN CUESTIONARIO DEL CENSO EN ESPAÑOL llame a la oficina del censo. El número de teléfono se encuentra en el encasillado de la dirección.

O, si prefiere, marque esta casilla y devuelva el cuestionario por correo en el sobre que se le incluye.

A message from the Director, Bureau of the Census ...

We must from time to time, take stock of ourselves as a people if our Nation is to meet successfully the many national and local chellenges we face. This is the purpose of the 1980 census.

The essential need for a population census was recognized almost 200 years ago when our Constitution was written. As provided by article I, the first census was conducted in 1790 and one has been taken every 10 years since then.

The law under which the census is taken protects the confidentiality of your answers. For the next 72 years — or until April 1, 2052 — only sworn census workers have access to the individual records, and no one else may see them.

Your answers, when combined with the answers from other people, will provide the statistical figures needed by public and private groups, schools, business and industry, and Federal, State, and local governments across the country. These figures will help all sectors of American society understand how our population and housing are changing. In this way, we can deal more effectively with today's problems and work toward a better future for all of us.

The census is a vitally important national activity. Please do your part by filling out this census form accurately and completely. If you mail it back promptly in the enclosed postage-paid envelope, it will save the expense and inconvenience of a census taker having to visit you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of the Census Form D-2

Form Approved OMB No 41-S78006 Please continue -

How to fill out your Census Form

Page 1

See the filled-out example in the yellow instruction guide. This guide will help with any problems you may have.

If you need more help, call the Census Office. The telephone number of the local office is shown at the bottom of the address box on the front cover.

Use a black pencil to answer the questions. Black pencil is better to use than ballpoint or other pens.

Fill circles "O" completely, like this:

When you write in an answer, print or write clearly.

Make sure that answers are provided for everyone here

See page 4 of the guide if a roomer or someone else in the household does not want to give you all the information for the form.

Answer the questions on pages 1 through 5, and then starting with pages 6 and 7, fill a pair of pages for each person in the household.

Check your answers. Then write your name, the date, and telephone number on page 20.

Mail back this form on Tuesday, April 1, or as soon afterward as you can. Use the enclosed envelope; no stamp is needed.

1. What is the name of each person who was living

here on Tuesday April 1 1980 or wh

Please start by answering Question 1 below.

Question 1

List in Question 1

- Family members living here, including babies still in the hospital
- · Relatives living here
- · Lodgers or boarders living here
- · Other persons living here
- College students who stay here while attending college, even if their parents live elsewhere.
- Persons who usually live here but are temporarily away (including children in boarding school below the college level)
- Persons with a home elsewhere but who stay here most of the week while working

Do Not List in Question 1

- Any person away from here in the Armed Forces.
- Any college student who stays somewhere else while attending college.
- Any person who usually stays somewhere else most of the week while working there.
- Any person away from here in an institution such as a home for the aged or mental hospital.
- Any person staying or visiting here who has a usual home elsewhere.

Note

If everyone here is staying only temporarily and has a usual home elsewhere, please mark this box .

Then please:

- answer the questions on pages 2 through 5 only,
- enter the address of your usual home on page 20.

Please continue

e 2			ALSO ANSWER 7	THE HOUSING QUES	STIONS ON PAGE 3
Here are the	These are the columns	PERSON i	n column 1	PERSON I	n column 2
QUESTIONS ↓	Please fill one column for each person listed in Question 1.	First name	Middle initial	First name	Middle initie
in column in Fill one circle if "Other relations in the second in the se	e. ntive" of person in column 1, atlonship, such as mother-in-law,	member (or one of the	ned or rented. If there rt in this column with	If relative of person in co Husband/wife Son/daughter Brother/sister If not related to person in Roomer, boarder Partner, roommal	Of Father/mother Of Other relative column 1:
3. Sex Fill one	e circl e .	O Mala	○ Female	O Paid employee	O Female
		O Male	O Female	О маје	O Female
4. Is this perso		 White Black or Negro Japanese Chinese Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print tribe 	O Asian Indian Hawaiian Guamanian Samoan Eskimo Aleut Other — Specify	O White O Black or Negro Japanese Chinese Filipino Korean Vietnamese Indian (Amer.) Print Iribe Tribe O Black or Negro Indian (Amer.)	Asian Indian Hawaiian Guamanian Samoan Eskimo Aleut Other — Specify —
5. Age, and m	onth and year of birth	a. Age at last c. Year birthday 1	of birth	a. Age at last c. Yea birthday	r of birth
	and fill one circle.	1	8 0 0 0 0 0 0 9 0 1 0 1 0	1 •	80 00 00
c. Print year in below each	n the spaces, and fill one circle number.	D. Month of birth Jan.—Mar. Apr.—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.	2 0 2 0 3 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0	b. Month of birth Jan.—Mar. Apr.—June July—Sept. Oct.—Dec.	2 0 2 0 3 0 4 0 4 0 5 0 5 0 6 0 6 0 7 0 7 0 8 0 8 0 9 0 9 0
5. Marital state	us	Now married	O Separated	O Now married	O Separated
Fill one circle	s.	O Widowed O Divorced	O Never married	O Widowed O Divorced	O Never married
7. Is this person origin or de		No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic		 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano Yes, Puerto Rican Yes, Cuban Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 	
attended re any time? kindergarten, et	nary 1. 1980, has this person igular school or college at Fill one circle. Count nursery school, dementary school, and schooling which school diploma or college degree.	No, has not atten Yes, public schoo Yes, private, chu Yes, private, not	l, public college rch-related	No, has not atter Yes, public scho Yes, private, chu Yes, private, not	rch-related
	highest grade (or year) of ool this person has ever	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	8 9 10 11 12	Highest grade attended: Nursery school Elementary through high	School (grade or year) 7 8 9 10 11 12
person is in.	ling school, mark grade If high school was finished cy test (GED), mark "12."	College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended s.		College (academic year) 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 0 0 0 0 0 Never attended s	
	erson finish the highest year) attended? e/e.	Now attending thFinished this gradDid not finish this	de (or year)	Now attending thFinished this graDid not finish thi	de (or year)
		CENSUS A. O	1 0 N 00	CENSUS A. O	1 0 N 00

O Did not finish this grade (or year)

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Page 3	
ndominium?	
more acres?	
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nat is, how ouse and lot or it were for sale?	0 0 0
	0 97
stablishment operty	
00 to \$54,999 00 to \$59,999 00 to \$64,999 00 to \$69,999 00 to \$74,999	1
00 to \$89,999 00 to \$99,999 000 to \$124,999 000 to \$149,999 000 to \$199,999	8 1
-	
e instruction	
0 \$169 0 \$179 0 \$189 0 \$199 0 \$224	
to \$274 to \$299 to \$349 to \$399 to \$499	
or more	
E Total	

NOW PLEASE ANSWER QUESTIONS H1-H12 If you listed more than **PERSON** in column 7 FOR YOUR HOUSEHOLD 7 persons in Question 1 please see note on page 20. H1. Did you leave anyone out of Question 1 because you were not sure H9. Is this apartment (house) part of a co First ou if the person should be listed - for example, a new baby still in the O No hospital, a lodger who also has another home, or a person who stays here If relative of person in column 1: O Yes, a condominium once in a while and has no other home? O Father/mother Husband/wife H10. If this is a one-family house -Yes - On page 20 give name(s) and reason left out. Son/daughter O Other relative a. Is the house on a property of 10 or Brother/sister O No H2. Did you list anyone in Question 1 who is away from home now -If not related to person in column 1: for example, on a vacation or in a hospital? b. Is any part of the property used Roomer, boarder | O Other commercial establishment or med Partner, roommate O Yes — On page 20 give name(s) and reason person is away. O Paid employee H11. If you live in a one-family house or a c H3. Is anyone visiting here who is not already listed? O Male O Female unit which you own or are buying -O Yes - On page 20 give name of each visitor for whom there is no one What is the value of this property, the at the home address to report the person to a census taker. White Asian Indian much do you think this property (he Black or Negro 0 Hawaiian O No 0 condominium unit) would sell for if 0 Japanese 0 Guamanian H4. How many living quarters, occupied and vacant, are at this Chinese 0 Samoan address? Filipino 0 Eskimo Do not answer this question if this is 0 A mobile home or trailer 0 Aleut Korean A house on 10 or more acres 0 Vietnamese 0 Other - Specifi 2 apartments or living quarters Indian (Amer.) O 3 apartments or living quarters A house with a commercial es or medical office on the pro 4 apartments or living quarters tribe -O 5 apartments or living quarters O Less than \$10,000 0 \$50.0 O 6 apartments or living quarters a. Age at last c. Year of birth \$10,000 to \$14,999 0 \$55.0 7 apartments or living quarters birthday \$15,000 to \$17,499 0 \$60,0 O 8 apartments or living quarters \$17,500 to \$19,999 \$65,0 8 0 0 0 00 9 apartments or living quarters 0 0 \$20,000 to \$22,499 \$70.0 9 0 1 0 10 O 10 or more apartments or living quarters b. Month of \$22,500 to \$24,999 \$75,0 2 0 120 O This is a mobile home or trailer 0 \$25,000 to \$27,499 0 3 0 3 0 \$80.0 H5. Do you enter your living quarters -4 0 4 0 \$27,500 to \$29,999 \$90.0 \$30,000 to \$34,999 0 5 0 5 0 \$100 O Directly from the outside or through a common or public hall? Jan.-Mar. 6 0 6 0 0 \$35,000 to \$39,999 0 \$125 O Through someone else's living quarters? 7 \$150 Apr.-June 0 70 \$40,000 to \$44,999 H6. Do you have complete plumbing facilities in your living quarters, \$45,000 to \$49,999 0 \$200, July-Sept. 8 8 0 0 Oct.-Dec. 9 0 9 0 that is, hot and cold piped water, a flush toilet, and a bathtub or H12. If you pay rent for your living quarters What is the monthly rent? Now married Separated O Yes, for this household only If rent is not paid by the month, see th Widowed Never married 0 Yes, but also used by another household guide on how to figure a monthly rent Divorced 0 No, have some but not all plumbing facilities Less than \$50 0 \$1601 No plumbing facilities in living quarters 0 \$1701 No (not Spanish/Hispanic) \$50 to \$59 H7. How many rooms do you have in your living quarters? \$60 to \$69 0 Yes, Mexican, Mexican-Amer., Chicano 0 \$180 Do not count bathrooms, porches, balconies, foyers, halls, or half-rooms. Yes, Puerto Rican 0 \$70 to \$79 0 \$190 0 0 0 0 Yes, Cuban \$80 to \$89 \$200 O 1 room 0 4 rooms 0 7 rooms Yes, other Spanish/Hispanic 0 \$90 to \$99 \$225 2 rooms 0 5 rooms 0 8 rooms O 3 rooms O 6 rooms O 9 or more rooms 0 \$100 to \$109 \$250 No, has not attended since February 1 0 \$110 to \$119 0 \$275 Yes, public school, public college H8. Are your living quarters -0 \$120 to \$129 \$300 Yes, private, church-related \$130 to \$139 \$350 Owned or being bought by you or by someone else in this household? O Yes, private, not church-related 0 \$140 to \$149 0 \$400 O Rented for cash rent? 0 O Occupied without payment of cash rent? 0 \$150 to \$159 \$500 Highest grade attended: FOR CENSUS USE ONLY Nursery school Kindergarten A4. Block A6. Serial D. Months vacant Elementary through high school (grade or year B. Type of unit or quarters For vacant units 1 2 3 4 5 6 9 10 11 12 number number Is this unit for persons 7 8 Occupied Less than 1 month 000000 00 000 0 O Year round use O First form 1 up to 2 months O Seasonal/Mig. - Skip C2, Continuation 2 up to 6 months College (academic year) 000 000 0000 C3, and D. C2. Vacancy status 6 up to 12 months 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 or more Ι 1 1 1 I 1 I Vacant 2 g S S S S 00000000 2 2 2 2 O For rent O 1 year up to 2 years O Regular 3 3 3 O Never attended school -Skip question 10 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 0 For sale only 2 or more years Usual home 4 4 9-4 99 4 4 4 4 Rented or sold, not occupied elsewhere E. Indicators O Now attending this grade (or year) 5 5 5 Held for occasional use 5 5 5 555 5 1. O O Mail return O Finished this grade (or year) 666 6666 **Group quarters** O Other vacant 666 ??? 2. 0 0 Pop./F ???

O First form

Continuation

C3. Is this unit boarded up?

O Yes

O No

00

888

999

ge 4	ALSO ANSWER THESE	QUESTIONS
<u>H13</u> . Which best describes this building?	H21a. Which fuel is used most for house heating?	CENSUS
Include all apartments, flats, etc., even if vacant. A mobile home or trailer A one-family house detached from any other house A one-family house attached to one or more houses A building for 2 families	Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Glectricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Coal or coke Wood Other fuel No fuel used	USE H22a. ○ ○ ○ ○ I I I ≥ ≥ ≥
 A building for 3 or 4 families A building for 5 to 9 families A building for 10 to 19 families A building for 20 to 49 families A building for 50 or more families A boat, tent, van, etc. 	b. Which fuel is used most for water heating? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc. Coal or coke Wood Other fuel No fuel used	3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
H14a. How many stories (floors) are in this building? Count an attic or basement as a story if it has any finished rooms for living purposes. 1 to 3 — Skip to H15	c. Which fuel is used most for cooking? Gas: from underground pipes serving the neighborhood Gas: bottled, tank, or LP Electricity Fuel oil, kerosene, etc.	H22b. Ø Ø Ø I I I 8 8 8 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5
○ Yes ○ No H15a. Is this building — ○ On a city or suburban lot, or on a place of less than 1 acre? — Skip to H16	H22. What are the costs of utilities and fuels for your living quarters? a. Electricity \$.00 OR OR Included in rent or no charge Average monthly cost Electricity not used	6 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9
 On a place of 1 to 9 acres? On a place of 10 or more acres? 	b. Gas \$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge Average monthly cost O Gas not used	H22c. O O O I I I
b. Last year, 1979, did sales of crops, livestock, and other farm products from this place amount to — Less than \$50 (or None)	c. Water \$.00 OR O Included in rent or no charge	0 3 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
H16. Do you get water from — A public system (city water department, etc.) or private company? An individual drilled well? An individual dug well? Some other source (a spring, creek, river, cistern, etc.)?	* OO OR O Included in rent or no charge	7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 H22d.
H17. Is this building connected to a public sewer? ○ Yes, connected to public sewer ○ No, connected to septic tank or cesspool ○ No, use other means	H24. How many bedrooms do you have? Count rooms used mainly for sleeping even if used also for other purposes. No bedroom 2 bedrooms 3 bedrooms 5 or more bedrooms	1111 2222 3333 4444 5555
H18. About when was this building originally built? Mark when the building was first constructed, not when it was remodeled, added to, or converted. ○ 1979 or 1980 ○ 1960 to 1969 ○ 1940 to 1949 ○ 1975 to 1978 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1939 or earlier ○ 1970 to 1974 □	H25. How many bathrooms do you have? A complete bathroom is a room with flush toilet, bathtub or shower, and wash basin with piped water. A half bathroom has at least a flush toilet or bathtub or shower, but does not have all the facilities for a complete bathroom.	6666 7777 8888 9999
H19. When did the person listed in column 1 move into this house (or apartment)? 1979 or 1980 1950 to 1959 1975 to 1978 1949 or earlier 1970 to 1974 Always lived here 1960 to 1969	No bathroom, or only a half bathroom 1 complete bathroom, plus half bath(s) 2 or more complete bathrooms H26. Do you have a telephone in your living quarters? Yes No	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5
H20. How are your living quarters heated? Fill one circle for the kind of heat used most. Steam or hot water system Central warm-air furnace with ducts to the individual rooms	H27. Do you have air conditioning? ○ Yes, a central air-conditioning system ○ Yes, 1 individual room unit ○ Yes, 2 or more individual room units ○ No	6666 7777 8888 9999
(Do not count electric heat pumps here) Electric heat pump Other built-in electric units (permanently Installed In wall, celling, or baseboard) Floor, wall, or pipeless furnace	H28. How many automobiles are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 2 automobiles O 1 automobile O 3 or more automobiles	0000
Room heaters with flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene Room heaters without flue or vent, burning gas, oil, or kerosene (not portable) Fireplaces, stoves, or portable room heaters of any kind No heating equipment	H29. How many vans or trucks of one-ton capacity or less are kept at home for use by members of your household? O None O 2 vans or trucks O 1 van or truck O 3 or more vans or trucks	6666777788888

0987654301

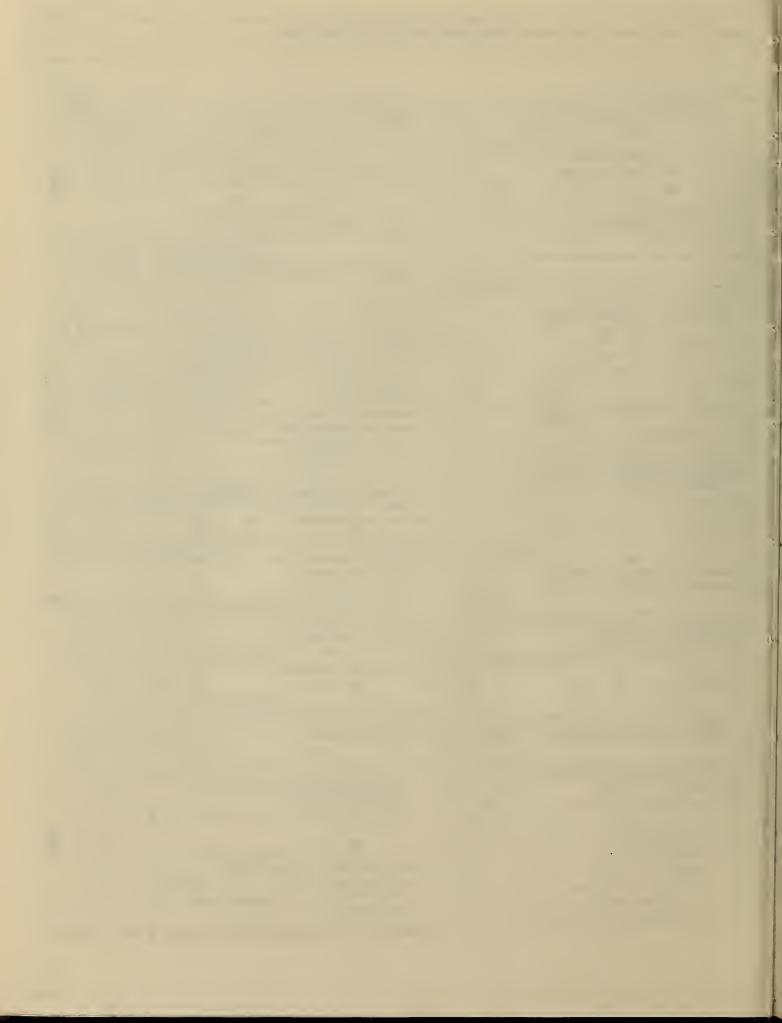
YOUR HOUSEHOLD Please answer H30—H32 If you live in a one-family house								Pa
which you own or are buying, unless this is -	e e							
A mobile home or trailer								
A house on 10 or more acres								
A condominium unit	If any of these, or if you							
A house with a commercial establishment	multi-family structure, sk	rip H30 to H32 d	nd turn to	page 6.				
or medical office on the property								
What were the real estate taxes on this property last year	r?	1				hly payment to		
				ments on a co mortgages on		rchase and to len	aers notaing	
\$.00 OR O None			,	3.3				
		\$.0	00 OR	O No regular p	payment requ	
That is the annual premium for fire and hazard insurance	ce on this property?							page
						(amount enter	ed in H32c)	include
\$.00 OR O None		paym	ents for i	real estate t	axes on thi	is property?		
		0	Yes, taxe:	s included in	payment			
Do you have a mortgage, deed of trust, contract to purc	chase, or similar	0	No, taxes	paid separat	tely or taxes	not required		
debt on this property?								
O Yes, mortgage, deed of trust, or similar debt						(amount enter		include
O Yes, contract to purchase		paym	ents for t	ire and naz	ard insurar	nce on this pro	perty:	
O No — Skip to page 6		0	Yes, insu	rance include	ed in payme	ent		
		0	No, insur	ance paid se	parately or	no insurance		
o you have a second or junior mortgage on this prope	erty?		_					
O Yes O No								
						Please tu	rn to page	6
								_
	FOR CENSU	S USE ONLY	2.	4.	2 2.	4.	3 2.	4.
	FOR CENSU	S USE ONLY S.S. Yes No	0 0	4. 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 7 ? ? ? 8 8 8 9 9 9	2 2. \$.\$. 1 2 Yes 3 0 5 No 7 0 8 9	4. Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I E E E E E E E E E	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 No ? 0 8	4. 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O	Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 7 ? ? 8 8 8	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 6 7 0 8 9	0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 8	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 No ? 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 5 No 7 0 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 ? ? ? 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 Yes 3 9 0 5 No 7 0 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 6 6 7 0 8 9 9 6 2. S.S. 1	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 1 2 2	0 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 9 4 4 6 0 1 1 2 2	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 0 5 6 7 0 8 9 9 5 5 2. S.S. 1 2	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 Yes 3 O 5 No 7 O 8 O 9 S.S. 1	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
	FOR CENSU	S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes	0 0 I I 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 I I 2 3 3	Ø Ø I I 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 9 4 . Ø I I 2 3 3 3	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 6 No 7 5 9 5 2. S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 4 7 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 5 9 9 2 5 S.S. 1 2 2 Yes 3 4 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I
	FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No O	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 1 2 2	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 1 2 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S.S. 1 2 Yes 3 4 0 5 6 No 7 5 9 5 2. S.S. 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 No 7 0 9 9 5 S.S. 1 2 2 Yes 3 3	0 0 0 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 2 8 9 9 9 4.
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O	○ I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6	Ø123456?89 Ø123456?89 4. Ø123456	S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 8 9 5 5 2. S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 5 7 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 8 9 9 6 2. S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	0 0 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No	Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. ■ Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7	Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 5 6 7 7	S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 0 5 5 2. S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 0 5 6 7 0 5 6 7 0 5 6 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7 0 7	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 6 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes O	○ I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 I 2 3 4 5 6	Ø123456?89 Ø123456?89 4. Ø123456	S.S. 1 2 3 4 0 5 6 7 8 9 5 5 2. S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 7 5 7 5	0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 6 9 5 5 S.S. 1 2 8 3 4 5 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8 7 6 8	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 ■ 4. Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 ■ 4. Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 ■ 6. Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 ■ 7. Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 ■ 7. Ø 1 2 3 4 7 8 9 ■ 7. Ø 1 2 3 4 7 8 9 ■ 7. Ø 1 2 3 4 7 8 8 9 ■ 7. Ø 1 2 3 4 7 8 8 9 ■ 7. Ø 1 2 3 4 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8
	FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No O A S.S. Yes O No O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9	S.S. 123456789	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 8 9 9 6 2. Yes 3 4 5 6 7 0 8 9 9 8 6 7 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	Ø 1 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 2 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 8 9 9
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No	0 0 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 4	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 No 7 8 9 H31.	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	(1) S.S. Yes O No O A S.S. Yes O No O	○ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. ○ 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. ○ 2. ○ ○	Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 4 6 7 8 9 9	S.S. 12 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 9 9 6 7 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 8 9 1 8 1 8	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø 1 2 3 3 4 5 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 4	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2 3 5 6 7 8 9 S.S. 1 2	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 No 7 8 9 H31.	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes No O	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø1233456789 Ø1233456789 Ø1233456789	S.S. 12345 Yes 3456789 S.S. 123345678 No 789 S.S. 1233456789 GQ. 011233	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 0 9 9 6 2. Yes 3 4 5 6 7 0 9 9 7 0 9 9 9 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes S.S. Yes S.S.	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 9 1 2 3	S.S. 123456789 No 789 S.S. 123456789 S.S. 23456789 GQ. 01234	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes S.S. Yes Yes Yes	○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4 ○ I 2 3 4	Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789	S.S. 123456789 No 0 5 2.	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø I I I I I I I I I I I I I	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 5 5 5	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No S.S. Yes S.S. Yes Yes Yes	0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2.	Ø 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 9 1 2 3 3 4 5 7 8 9 9 1 2 3	S.S. 123456789 No 789 S.S. 123456789 S.S. 23456789 GQ. 01234	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø
	FOR CENSU	① S.S. Yes No No S.S. Yes S.S. Yes S.S. Yes O	Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 2. Ø I 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789 Ø123456789	S.S. 123456789 No 0 5 2. 0 1 234 56789 S.S. Yes 0 No 0 9 0 1 234 56	Ø 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 4 4 5 5 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 8 8 8 8	S.S. 1 2 3 4 5 5 6 6 6 6 7 8 9 9 H31.	Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø Ø

ana C		ANCINED TUESE OUESTICKS			
Name of Person 1 on page 2: Last name First name Middle initial	16. When was this person born? O Born before April 1965 — Please go on with questions 17-33 O Born April 1965 or later —	ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS FOR 22a. Did this person work at any time last week? Yes — Fill this circle if this O No — Fill this circle person worked full if this person time or part time. did not work,			
11. In what State or foreign country was this person born? Print the State where this person's mother was living when this person was born. Do not give the location of the hospital unless the mother's home and the hospital were in the same State.	Turn to next page far next person 17. In April 1975 (five years ago) was this person — a. On active duty in the Armed Forces? Yes No b. Attending college? Yes No	(Count part-time work such as delivering papers, or helping without pay in of family business or farm. Also count active duty in the Armed Forces.) Skip to 25 b. How many hours did this person work last week			
Name of State or foreign country; or Puerto Rico, Guam, etc. 12. If this person was born in a foreign country— a. Is this person a naturalized citizen of the United States? O Yes, a naturalized citizen	C. Working at a job or business? O Yes, full time O No O Yes, part time 18a. Is this person a veteran of active-duty military	(at all jobs)? Subtract any time off; add overtime or extra hours worked. Hours			
No, not a citizen Born abroad of American parents b. When did this person come to the United States to stay?	service in the Armed Forces of the United States? If Service was in National Guard or Reserves only, see Instruction guide. Yes No — Skip to 19	23. At what location did this person work last week? If this person worked at more than one location, print where he or she worked most last week.			
○ 1975 to 1980 ○ 1965 to 1969 ○ 1950 to 1959 ○ 1970 to 1974 ○ 1960 to 1964 ○ Before 1950	b. Was active-duty military service during — Fill a circle for each period in which this person served. May 1975 or later Vietnam era (August 1964-April 1975) February 1955—July 1964	If ane location cannot be specified, see instruction guide. a. Address (Number and street)			
13a. Does this person speak a language other than English at home? O Yes No, only speaks English — Skip to 14 b. What is this language?	Korean conflict (June 1950–January 1955) World War II (September 1940–July 1947) World War I (April 1917–November 1918) Any other time	If street address is not known, enter the building name, shopping center, or other physical location description. b. Name of city, town, village, borough, etc.			
(For example — Chinese, Italian, Spanish, etc.) c. How well does this person speak English? O Very well Not well	19. Does this person have a physical, mental, or other health condition which has lasted for 6 or more months and which a. <u>Limits</u> the kind or amount	c. Is the place of work inside the incorporated (legal) limits of that city, town, village, borough, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area			
O Well O Not at all 14. What is this person's ancestry? If uncertain about how to report ancestry, see instruction guide.	b. Prevents this person from working at a job? c. Limits or prevents this person from using public transportation?	e. Statef. ZIP Code			
(For example: Afra-Amer., English, French, German, Honduran, Hungarlan, Irish, Italian, Jamaican, Korean, Lebanese, Mexican, Nigerlan, Polish, Ukrainian, Venezuelan, etc.)	had, not counting stillbirths? Do not count her stepchildren 7 8 9 10 11 12 or more	24a. Last week, how long did it usually take this person to get from home to work (one way)? Minutes			
15a. Did this person live in this house five years ago (April 1, 1975)? If In college or Armed Forces In April 1975, report place of residence there.	a. Has this person been married more than once? Once More than once T b. Month and year of marriage? of marriage?	b. How did this person usually get to work last week? If this person used more than one method, give the one usually used for most of the distance. Car Truck Motorcycle			
Born April 1975 or later – Turn to next page for Yes, this house – Skip to 16 No, different house	(Month) (Year) (Month) (Year) c. If married more than once — Did the first marriage end because of the death of the husband (or wife)?	O Van O Bicycle O Bus or streetcar O Walked only O Railroad O Worked at home O Subway or elevated O Other — Specify			
b. Where did this person live five years ago (April 1, 1975)?	O Ves O Ne	If cor, truck, or van in 24b, go to 24c. Otherwise, skip to 28.			
(1) State, foreign country, Puerto Rico, Guam, etc.:	Per. 11. □ 13b. □ 14. □ No. ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ □ <	15b. 23. 0 VL 24a. 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
(2) County: (3) City, town, village, etc.: (4) Inside the incorporated (legal) limits	3 3 <td>3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3</td>	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3			
of that city, town, village, etc.? Yes No, in unincorporated area	7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	777777777777777777777777777777777777777			

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c. When going to work last week, did this person usually -	CENSUS	31a. Last year (1979), did this person	work, even for a few	CENCUS	LICE ONLY
O Drive alone — Sklp to 28 O Drive others only	USE	days, at a paid job or in a busines			USE ONLY
O Share driving O Ride as passenger only	21b.	_		31b. 31c	. 31d.
	,00	O Yes	No — Skip to 31d	00 0	0 00
d. How many people, including this person, usually rode	OII	L	1: 10703	IIII	
to work in the car, truck, or van last week?	5.5	b. How many weeks did this person Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, ar		8 = 8	
0 2 0 4 0 6 0 7 or more	044	Count paid vacation, paid sick leave, ar	a mintary service.	3 4 3	
○ 3 ○ 5 ○ 7 or more After answering 24d, skip to 28.	2.5		Weeks	55 5	
	66	c. During the weeks worked in 1979	hau manu hausa did	166	•
i. Was this person temporarily absent or on layoff from a job or business last week?	0 7 7	this person usually work each we		7 2	t t
O Yes, on layoff	lV ⊜ ⊜	this person usually work each we		ា ខ	ខ ខ
Yes, on vacation, temporary illness, labor dispute, etc.	000		Hours	9	9 9
	22b.	d. Of the weeks not worked in 1979	(if any) how many weeks	32a.	32b.
	© Ø	was this person looking for work of		0000	0000
ia. Has this person been looking for work during the last 4 weeks?	I I	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		IIIII	1111
O Yes O No — Skip to 27	8.8	~~~~	Weeks •	2552	1 2 2 2 2
b. Could this person have taken a job last week?	3 3	32. Income in 1979 —		3333	3 3 3 3
	9- 9-	Fill circles and print dollar amounts.		9-0-0-0-	9-9-9-9-
No, already has a job No, temporarily ill	5 5	If net income was a loss, write "Loss" al	ove the dollar amount.	5555	5555
No, other reasons (in school, etc.)	66	If exact amount is not known, give best	estimate. For Income	6666	10000
O Yes, could have taken a job	7 î	received jointly by household members,	see instruction guide.	7777	7777
	88 90	During 1979 did this person receiv	e any income from the	8888	18888
/. When did this person last work, even for a few days?	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	following sources?		A O	0 40
	28.	If "Yes" to any of the sources below -	How much did this	L	
0 1979 0 1975 to 1977 0 1969 or earlier 31d	ABC	person receive for the entire year?		32c.	32d.
O Never worked J	000	a. Wages, salary, commissions, bonu	ses, or tips from	0000	1111
-30. Current or most recent job activity	DEF	all jobs Report amount before			1 8 8 8 8
Describe clearly this person's chief job activity or business last week.	000	dues, or other items.	,	3333	3333
If this person had more than one job, describe the one at which		○ Yes → •	.00	4444	9999
this person worked the most hours.	GHJ	O No *		5 > 5 5	15555
If this person had no job or business last week, give information for last job or business since 1975.	000	(An	nuai amount – Dollars)	6666	16666
	KLM	b. Own nonfarm business, partnersh	•	7777	1777
3. Industry	000	practice Report net income af	er business expenses.	8888	ଓଟ୍ଟ୍ଟ
a. For whom did this person work? If now on active duty in the		■ ○ Yes → \$.00	5999	9999
Armed Forces, print "AF" and skip to question 31.	000	■ ○ No ĀĀ	nual amount - Dollars)	0 A 0	0 A 0
	i 1 1	c. Own farm		32e.	32f.
(Name of company, business, organization, or other employer)	222	Report net income after operating exp	enses. Include earnings as	0000	0000
b. What kind of business or industry was this?	3 4	a tenant farmer or sharecropper.		1 1 1	1111
Describe the activity at location where employed.	95	○ Yes → s	.00	8 8 8	7 2 2
	66	O No	nual amount – Dollars)	3 3 3	3 3 3
(For example: Hospital, newspaper publishing, mail order hause,	7.7			9-9-9-	999
auto engine manufacturing, breakfast cereal manufacturing)	8.8	d. Interest, dividends, royalties, or n		555	5 5 5
c. Is this mainly — (Fill one circle)	99	Report even small amounts credited to	an account.	666	666
○ Manufacturing ○ Retail trade	AF O	○ Yes → s	.00	777	777
Wholesale trade Other _ (ogriculture, construction,	NW O	○ No ĀĀ	nual amount - Dollars)	888	999
service, government, etc.)		e. Social Security or Railroad Retire	ment	1	
Occupation a. What kind of work was this person doing?	29.	O Yes -> s	.00	32g.	33.
a. What kind of work was this person doing:	NPQ	O No	nual amount - Dollars)	0000	0000
	000			I I I I	IIIII
(For example: Registered nurse, personnel manager, supervisor of	RST	f. Supplemental Security (SSI), Aid		5555	8888
order department, gasoline engine assembler, grinder operator) b. What were this person's most important activities or duties?	000	Dependent Children (AFDC), or of or public welfare payments	mer public assistance	3 3 3 3	3333
THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O				5 5 5 5	5555
s. That was the parent of most impertant solution of duties.	II V W	○ Yes → s	.00	6666	6666
	0 0 0	O No			7777
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising	000		nual amount - Dollars)	7 7 7 7	1 1 1 1
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill)	000 X Y Z	g. Unemployment compensation, ve	terans' payments,	7777	8888
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle)	000	g. Unemployment compensation, ve	terans' payments,		8888
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or	000 X Y Z 000	g. Unemployment compensation, very pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly	eterans' payments, rt, or any other sources	8888	8888
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions	0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0	g. Unemployment compensation, very pensions, alimony or child support income received regularly	eterans' payments, rt, or any other sources	8888	8888 9999
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee	000 X Y Z 000	g. Unemployment compensation, very pensions, alimony or child support income received regularly	elerans' payments, rd, or any other sources money from an inheritance	11 1	8888 9999 0 A O
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) O. Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions. Federal government employee.	0 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 I	g. Unemployment compensation, very pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly	eterans' payments, rt, or any other sources money from an Inheritance .00	1 1 1 1 1 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee	000 X Y Z 000 000 11 22	g. Unemployment compensation, very pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly	elerans' payments, rd, or any other sources money from an inheritance	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) O. Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions. Federal government employee.	0 0 0 0 X Y Z 0 0 0 0 0 1 I I 2 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5	g. Unemployment compensation, very pensions, alimony or child support of income received regularly	terans' payments, It, or any other sources Inoney from an Inheritance Inoney from an Inheritance Inou	\$ 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions. Federal government employee	000 X Y Z 000 00 1 I 22 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6	g. Unemployment compensation, we pensions, alimony or child suppo of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as ror the sale of a home. Yes - \$ No KAR 33. What was this person's total income add entries in questions 32a	terans' payments, it, or any other sources inoney from an Inheritance .00 inual amount — Dollars) ite in 1979?	1 I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 4	8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding mill) Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm — Own business not incorporated	000 X Y Z 000 00 1 I 22 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6 7 : 7	g. Unemployment compensation, we pensions, alimony or child suppo of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as ror the sale of a home. Yes - \$ No KA 33. What was this person's total incom Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.	terans' payments, it, or any other sources noney from an Inheritance .00 nual amount — Dollars) te in 1979?	\$ 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	8 8 8 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9
(For example: Patient care, directing hiring policies, supervising order clerks, assembling engines, operating grinding milli) O. Was this person — (Fill one circle) Employee of private company, business, or individual, for wages, salary, or commissions Federal government employee State government employee Local government employee (city, county, etc.) Self-employed in own business, professional practice, or farm —	000 X Y Z 000 00 1 I 22 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 6 6 6	g. Unemployment compensation, we pensions, alimony or child suppo of income received regularly Exclude lump-sum payments such as ror the sale of a home. Yes - \$ No KA 33. What was this person's total incom Add entries in questions 32a through g; subtract any losses.	terans' payments, it, or any other sources inoney from an Inheritance .00 inual amount — Dollars) ite in 1979?	II I I 2 2 3 3 3 4 4 5 5 6 6 6 7 7 7 8 8 8	8888 99999 0 A C 1 I I I 2 2 3 3 3 3 4 4 4 5 5 5 5 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 7 7 7 7



Appendix F.—Publication and Computer Tape Program

SENERAL	F-1	PUBLICATIONS-Con.
UBLICATIONS		HC80-5, Volume
Population and Housing Census		tial Finance
Reports	F-1	HC80-S1-1, Suppl
PHC80-1, Block Statistics	F-1	Reports
PHC80-2, Census Tracts	F-2	Evaluation and Refer
PHC80-3, Summary Charac-	2	Reports
teristics for Governmental		PHC80-E, Evaluat
Units and Standard Metro-		Research Report
politan Statistical Areas	F-2	
PHC80-4, Congressional		PHC80-R, Referen
Districts of the 98th		PHC80-R1, Us
Congress	F-2	PHC80-R2, His PHC80-R3, Al
PHC80-S1-1, Provisional		
Estimates of Social, Eco-		Index of Indu Occupations
nomic, and Housing		PHC80-R4, Cla
Characteristics	F-2	Index of Indu
PHC80-S2, Advance Esti-		Occupations .
mates of Social, Economic,		PHC80-R5, Ge
and Housing Characteristics.	F-2	Identification
Population Census Reports	F-2	Scheme
PC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	_	COMPUTER TAPES
teristics of the Population	F-2	
PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Num-		Summary Tape Files
ber of Inhabitants	F-2	STF 1
PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General		STF 2
Population Characteristics	F-2	STF 3
PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General		STF 5
Social and Economic	_	
Characteristics	F-3	Other Computer Tap
PC80-1-D, Chapter D,		P.L. 94-171, Popu Counts
Detailed Population		Master Area Refer
Characteristics	F-3	1 and 2 (MARF)
PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject	г о	Geographic Base I
Reports	F-3	Independent Ma
PC80-S1, Supplementary	F 2	(GBF/DIME)
Reports	F-3 F-3	Public-Use Microc
Housing Census Reports	r-3	Samples
HC80-1, Volume 1, Charac-	F-3	Census/EEO Spec
teristics of Housing Units	1 –3	MAPS
HC80-1-A, Chapter A,		MICROFICHE
General Housing	F_3	
Characteristics	1 –3	STF 1 Microfiche
Detailed Housing		STF 3 Microfiche .
Characteristics	F-3	P.L. 94-171 Counts I
HC80-2, Volume 2, Metro-		
politan Housing		
Characteristics	F_3	GENERAL
HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject		
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the 1980 Census of Popuousing are issued in three d reports, computer tape files, and microfiche. Most of the reports listed are issued on a flow basis through 1983. A few may be issued later, such as Subject Reports and Evaluation and Reference Reports.

The publications of the 1980 census are released under three subject titles: 1980 Census of Population and Housing, 1980 Census of Population, and 1980 Census of Housing. The description of the publication program below is organized in sections, by census title, followed by the reports under each title. It should be noted that a number of population census reports contain some housing data and a number of housing census reports contain some population data. Following the description of the publication program are sections on computer tapes, maps, and microfiche.

The data product descriptions include listings of geographic areas for which data are summarized in that product. Note that the term "place" refers to incorporated places and census designated (or unincorporated) places, as well as towns and townships in 11 States (the 6 New England States, the 3 Middle Atlantic States, Michigan, and Wisconsin).

Order forms for these materials are available, subject to availability of the data product, from Data User Services Division, Customer Services, Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233; Census Bureau Regional Offices; U.S. Department of Commerce District Offices; and State Data Centers. After issuance, census reports are on file in many libraries and are available for examination at any Department of Commerce District Office or Census Bureau Regional Office.

PUBLICATIONS

Population and Housing Census Reports

PHC80-1, Block Statistics-These reports, which are issued on microfiche rather than in print form, present population and housing unit totals and statistics on selected characteristics which are based on complete-count tabulations. Data are shown for blocks in urbanized areas and selected adjacent areas, for blocks in places of 10,000 or more inhabitants, and for blocks in areas which contracted with the Census Bureau to provide block statistics.

The set of reports consists of 374 sets of microfiche and includes a report for each standard metropolitan statistical area (SMSA), showing blocked areas within the SMSA, and a report for each State and for Puerto Rico, showing blocked areas outside SMSA's. In addition to microfiche, printed detailed maps showing the blocks covered by the particular report are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set.

PHC80-2, Census Tracts—Statistics for most of the population and housing subjects included in the 1980 census are presented for census tracts in SMSA's and in other tracted areas. Both complete-count data and sample data are included. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of persons in the relevant population group.

There is one report for each SMSA, as well as one for each of the States and Puerto Rico which have tracted areas outside SMSA's. In addition, maps showing the boundaries and identification numbers of census tracts in the SMSA are available as well as a U.S. Summary, which is an index to the set and also provides a historical listing of the total number of tracts by area.

PHC80-3, Summary Characteristics for Governmental Units and Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas-Statistics are presented on total population and on complete-count and sample population characteristics such as age, race, education, disability, ability to speak English, labor force, and income, and on total housing units and housing characteristics such as value, age of structure, and rent. These statistics are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, SMSA's, counties, county subdivisions (those which are functioning generalpurpose local governments), and incorporated places.

There is one report for each State, the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico.

This series does not include a U.S. Summary.

PHC80-4, Congressional Districts of the 98th Congress—These reports present complete-count and sample data for congressional districts of the 98th Congress. The reports reflect redistricting based on the 1982 elections. One report is issued for each of the 50 States and the District of Columbia.

PHC80-S1-1, Provisional Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—This report presents provisional estimates based on sample data collected in the 1980 census. Data on social, economic, and housing characteristics are shown for the United States as a whole, each State, the District of Columbia, and SMSA's of 1 million or more inhabitants.

These data are based on a special subsample of the full census sample. The sample, which represents about 1.6 percent of the total population, was developed to provide users with initial data on characteristics of the population and housing units for the Nation and large areas.

PHC80-S2, Advance Estimates of Social, Economic, and Housing Characteristics—These reports present advance sample data from the 1980 census including such social and economic characteristics of the population as education, migration, labor force, and income as well as housing characteristics such as structural information, mortgage, and gross rent.

The set consists of 50 paperbound reports and includes one report for each State and the District of Columbia. No report will be issued for the United States as a whole.

Each report presents population and housing characteristics for the State, its counties or comparable areas, and places of 25,000 or more inhabitants. Selected data are shown for four race groups (White; Black; combined American Indian, Eskimo, and Aleut; and Asian and Pacific Islander) as well as for persons of Spanish origin.

Population Census Reports

PC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of the Population—This volume presents final

population counts and statistics on population characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of four chapters for each area, chapters A, B, C, and D. Chapters A and B present data collected on a complete-count basis, and chapters C and D present estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The population totals presented in chapters A and B may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Chapters B, C, and D present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A, B, C, and D.

PC80-1-A, Chapter A, Number of Inhabitants—Final population counts are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places and census designated places, standard consolidated statistical areas (SCSA's), SMSA's, and urbanized areas. Selected tables contain population counts by urban and rural residence. Many tables contain population counts from previous censuses.

PC80-1-B, Chapter B, General Population Characteristics—Statistics on household relationship, age, race, Spanish origin, sex, and marital status are shown for the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by total and rural residence), county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's,

SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-C, Chapter C, General Social and Economic Characteristics-Statistics are presented on nativity, State or country of birth, citizenship and year of immigration for the foreign-born population, language spoken at home and ability to speak English, ancestry, fertility, family composition, type of group quarters, marital history, residence in 1975, journey to work, school enrollment, years of school completed, disability, veteranstatus, labor force status, occupation, industry, class of worker, labor force status in 1979, income in 1979, and poverty status in 1979. In addition, data on subjects shown in the PC80-1-B reports are presented in this report in more detail.

Each subject is shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties (by rural and rural-farm residence), places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages.

PC80-1-D, Chapter D, Detailed Population Characteristics—Statistics on most of the subjects covered in the PC80-1-C reports are presented in this report in considerably greater detail and crossclassified by age, race, Spanish origin, and other characteristics. Each subject is shown for the State or equivalent area, and some subjects are also shown for rural residence at the State level. Most subjects are shown for SMSA's of 250,000 or more inhabitants, and a few are shown for central cities of these SMSA's.

PC80-2, Volume 2, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and crossclassifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. A few reports show statistics for States, SMSA's, large cities, American Indian reservations, or Alaska Native villages. Separate reports are issued on such subjects as racial and ethnic groups, type of residence, fertility, families, marital status, migration, education, employment, occupation, industry, journey to work, income, poverty status, and other topics.

PC80-S1, Supplementary Reports—These reports present special compilations of

1980 census statistics dealing with specific population subjects.

Housing Census Reports

HC80-1, Volume 1, Characteristics of Housing Units-This volume presents final housing unit counts and statistics on housing characteristics. It consists of reports for the following 57 areas: the United States, each of the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas-Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. The volume consists of two chapters for each area, chapters A and B. Chapter A presents data collected on a complete-count basis. and chapter B presents estimates based on sample information, except for the Outlying Areas where all data were collected on a complete-count basis.

The housing totals presented in this report may differ from the counts presented earlier in the PHC80-V reports because corrections were made for errors found after the PHC80-V reports were issued. Both chapters present statistics by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group.

The U.S. Summary reports present statistics for the United States, regions, divisions, States, and selected areas below the State level. The State or equivalent Area reports (which include the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, and the Outlying Areas) present statistics for the State or equivalent area and its subdivisions.

Statistics for each of the 57 areas are issued in separate paperbound reports of chapters A and B.

HC80-1-A, Chapter A, General Housing Characteristics—Statistics on units at address, tenure, condominium status, number of rooms, persons per room, plumbing facilities, value, contract rent, and vacancy status are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables contain housing characteristics by urban and rural residence.

HC80-1-B, Chapter B, Detailed Housing Characteristics-Statistics on units in structure, year moved into unit, year structure built, heating equipment, fuels, air-conditioning, source of water, sewage disposal, gross rent, and selected monthly ownership costs are shown for some or all of the following areas or their equivalents: States, counties, places of 2,500 or more inhabitants, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. Selected tables show housing characteristics for rural and rural farm residence at the State and county level. Some subjects included in the HC80-1-A reports are also covered in this report in more detail.

HC80-2, Volume 2, Metropolitan Housing Characteristics—This volume presents statistics on most of the 1980 housing census subjects in considerable detail and crossclassification. Most statistics are presented by race and Spanish origin for areas with at least a specified number of the relevant population group. Data are shown for States or equivalent areas, SMSA's and their central cities, and other cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants.

There is one report for each SMSA and one report for each State and Puerto Rico. The set includes a U.S. Summary report showing these statistics for the United States and regions.

HC80-3, Volume 3, Subject Reports— Each of the reports in this volume focuses on a particular subject and provides highly detailed distributions and cross-classifications on a national, regional, and divisional level. Separate reports are issued on housing of the elderly, mobile homes, and American Indian households.

HC80-4, Volume 4, Components of Inventory Change—This volume consists of two reports presenting statistics on the 1980 characteristics of housing units which existed in 1973, as well as on newly constructed units, conversions, mergers, demolitions, and other additions and losses to the housing inventory between 1973 and 1980. These reports present data derived from a sample survey conducted in the fall of 1980. Data are presented for the United States and regions in report I. Report II has two parts: Part A presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified)

with populations of 1 million or more at the time of the 1970 census, and part B presents data for that group of SMSA's (not individually identified) with populations of less than 1 million at the time of the 1970 census.

HC80-5, Volume 5, Residential Finance—This volume consists of one report presenting statistics on the financing of nonfarm homeowner and rental and vacant properties, including characteristics of the mortgage, property, and owner. The statistics are based on a sample survey conducted in the spring of 1981. Data are presented for the United States and regions. Some data are presented by inside and outside SMSA's and by central cities.

HC80-S1-1, Supplementary Reports— These reports present statistics from the 1980 Census of Housing on general characteristics of housing units for the 50 States and the District of Columbia, counties, and independent cities.

Evaluation and Reference Reports

PHC80-E, Evaluation and Research Reports—These reports present the results of the extensive evaluation program conducted as an integral part of the 1980 census. This program relates to such matters as completeness of enumeration and quality of the data on characteristics.

PHC80-R, Reference Reports—These reports present information on the various administrative and methodological aspects of the 1980 census. The series includes:

PHC80-R1, Users' Guide—This report covers subject content, procedures, geography, statistical products, limitations of the data, sources of user assistance, notes on data use, a glossary of terms, and guides for locating data in reports and tape files. The guide is issued in looseleaf form and sold in parts (R1-A, B, etc.) as they are printed.

PHC80-R2, History—This report describes in detail all phases of the 1980 census, from the earliest planning through all stages to the dissemination of data and evaluation of results. It contains detailed discussion of 1980 census questions and their use in previous decennial censuses.

PHC80-R3, Alphabetical Index of Industries and Occupations—This report was developed primarily for use in classifying responses to the questions on the kind of business (industry) and kind of work (occupation) in which the respondent is engaged. The index lists approximately 20,000 industry and 29,000 occupation titles in alphabetical order.

PHC80-R4, Classified Index of Industries and Occupations—This report defines the industrial and occupational classification systems adopted for the 1980 Census of Population. It presents the individual titles that constitute each of the 231 industry and 503 occupation categories in the classification systems. The individual titles are the same as those shown in the Alphabetical Index. The 1980 occupation classification reflects the new U.S. Standard Occupational Classification (SOC). As in the past, the 1980 industry classification reflects the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC).

PHC80-R5, Geographic Identification Code Scheme—This report identifies the names and related geographic codes for each State, county, minor civil division, place, region, division, SCSA, SMSA, American Indian reservation, and Alaska Native village for which the Census Bureau tabulated data from the 1980 census.

COMPUTER TAPES

Summary Tape Files

In addition to the printed and microfiche reports, results of the 1980 census also are provided on computer tape in the form of summary tape files (STF's). These data products have been designed to provide statistics with greater subject and geographic detail than is feasible or desirable to provide in printed and microfiche reports. The STF data are made available at nominal cost. The data are subject to suppression of certain detail where necessary to protect confidentiality.

There are five STF's (listed below), and the amount of geographic and subject detail presented varies. STF's 1 and 2 contain complete-count data, and STF's 3, 4, and 5 contain sample data. Note that the term "cells" used below refers

to the number of subject statistics provided for each geographic area, and the number of cells is indicative of the detail of the subject content of the file.

Each of the STF's generally consists of two or more files which provide different degrees of geographic detail and, in some cases, race/Spanish origin cross-classification. For each of the files there is a separate tape or tapes for each State. the District of Columbia, and Puerto Rico. Selected files (STF 1 and STF 3) are also produced for Guam, the Virgin Islands of the United States, American Samoa, and the Northern Mariana Islands and the remainder of the Trust Territory of the Pacific Islands. These tapes are issued on a State-by-State basis and are followed by a national summary tape for the particular file. More complete descriptions of the STF's than given in the summaries below can be found in the technical documentation of the specific file and in the PHC80-R1, Users' Guide.

STF 1—This STF provides 321 cells of complete-count population and housing data. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, congressional districts, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas, and blocks and block groups in blocked areas. The data include those shown in the PHC80-1, PHC80-3 (complete-count), and PC80-1-A reports.

STF 2—This STF contains 2,292 cells of detailed complete-count population and housing data, of which 962 are repeated for each race and Spanish origin group present in the tabulation area. Data are summarized for the United States, regions, divisions, States, SCSA's, SMSA's, urbanized areas, counties, county subdivisions, places of 1,000 or more inhabitants, census tracts, American Indian reservations, and Alaska Native villages. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (complete-count), PC80-1-B, and HC80-1-A reports.

STF 3—This STF contains 1,126 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis. The areas covered are the same as in STF 1, excluding blocks. The data include those shown in the PHC80-3 (sample) reports.

STF 4-This STF is the geographic counterpart of STF 2, but the number of cells of data is greater (approximately 8,400). STF 4 provides data covering virtually all of the population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis, as well as some of the complete-count subjects. Some of the statistics are repeated for race, Spanish origin, and ancestry groups. Data are summarized for areas similar to those shown in STF 2, except that data for places are limited to those with 2,500 or more inhabitants. The data include those shown in the PHC80-2 (sample), PC80-1-C, HC80-1-B reports.

STF 5—This STF contains over 100,000 cells of data on various population and housing subjects collected on a sample basis and provides detailed tabulations and cross-classifications for States, SMSA's, counties, cities of 50,000 or more inhabitants and central cities. Most subjects are classified by race and Spanish origin. The data include those shown in the PC80-1-D and HC80-2 reports.

Other Computer Tape Files

P.L. 94-171, Population Counts-In accordance with Public Law (P.L.) 94-171, the Census Bureau provides population tabulations to all States for legislative reapportionment/redistricting. The file is issued on a State-by-State basis. It contains population counts classified by race and Spanish origin. The data are tabulated for the following levels of geography as applicable: States, counties, county subdivisions, incorporated places, census tracts, blocks and block groups in blocked areas, and enumeration districts in unblocked areas. For States participating in the voluntary program to define election precincts in conjunction with the Census Bureau, the data are also tabulated for election precincts.

Master Area Reference Files 1 and 2 (MARF)

MARF 1-This geographic reference file is an extract of STF 1 designed for those who require a master list of geographic codes and areas, along with basic census counts arranged hierarchically from the State down to the block group and enumeration district levels and is issued on a State-by-State basis. The file contains records for States, counties, county subdivisions, places, census tracts, enumeration districts in unblocked areas. and block groups in blocked areas. Each record shows the total population by five race groups, population of Spanish origin, number of housing units, number of households, number of families, and a few other items.

MARF 2—This file is the same as the MARF 1 with the latitude and longitude coordinates for a representative point (centroid) in each block group (BG) or enumeration district (ED) outside block numbered areas.

Geographic Base File/Dual Independent Map Encoding (GBF/DIME)—These files are computer representations of the Metropolitan Map Series, including address ranges and ZIP Codes, which generally cover the urbanized portions of SMSA's. GBF/DIME files are used to assign census geographic codes to addresses (geocoding). The files are available by SMSA.

Public-Use Microdata Samples—Public-use microdata samples are computerized files containing most population and housing characteristics as shown on a sample of individual census records. These files contain no names or addresses, and geographic identification is sufficiently broad to protect confidentiality.

There are three mutually exclusive samples, the A sample including 5 percent of all persons and housing units, and the

B and C samples each including 1 percent of all persons and housing units. States and most large SMSA's will be identifiable on one or more of the files. Microdata files allow the user to prepare customized tabulations.

Census/EEO Special File—This file provides sample census data with specified relevance to EEO and affirmative action uses. The file contains two tabulations, one with detailed occupational data and the other with years of school completed by age. The data in both tabulations are crossed by sex, race, and Spanish origin. These data are provided for all counties, for all SMSA's, and for places with a population of 50,000 or more.

MAPS

Maps necessary to define areas are generally published and included as part of the corresponding reports. Maps are published for Block Statistics (PHC80-1) and Census Tracts (PHC80-2), but must be purchased separately from the report. Maps necessary to define enumeration districts are available on a cost-of-reproduction basis.

MICROFICHE

Some of the computer tape products are available on microfiche. The STF microfiche are issued for each State or Area and for the United States. These include:

STF 1 Microfiche—Data from STF 1 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 1 geographic levels described previously, except blocks.

STF 3 Microfiche—Data from STF 3 are presented in tabular form for all the STF 3 geographic levels.

P.L. 94-171 Counts Microfiche—The data from the P.L. 94-171 computer file are presented in a listing format.

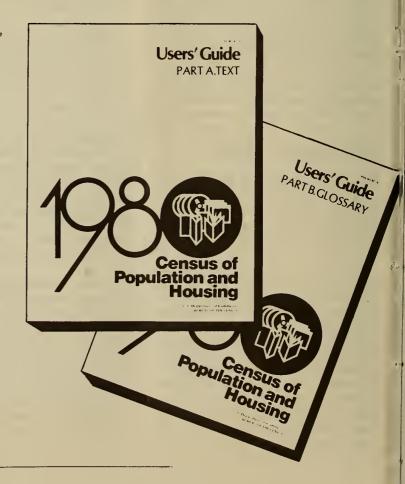
1980 Census of Population and Housing

Users' Guide

The Users' Guide, a reference work on the 1980 census, is now available. It consists of:

- Part A. Text-Covers census data subjects; geographic considerations; reports, tapes, maps, and other products; services available to users; and many other topics central to understanding and using 1980 census data.
- Part B. Glossary—Provides detailed definitions of population, housing, geographic, and technical terms associated with the census—especially important for people using 1980 data on tape or microfiche.
- Sources of Assistance—Furnishes addresses and phone numbers of public and private sector organizations offering a variety of products and services, such as tape processing, area profiles, training, and reference assistance.
- Updates—Provide information on new developments relating to the 1980 census. Each update is keyed to the particular point in "Part A. Text" that needs revision.

Part C, a table finder, and Part D, a guide to tape contents, are planned for publication later.



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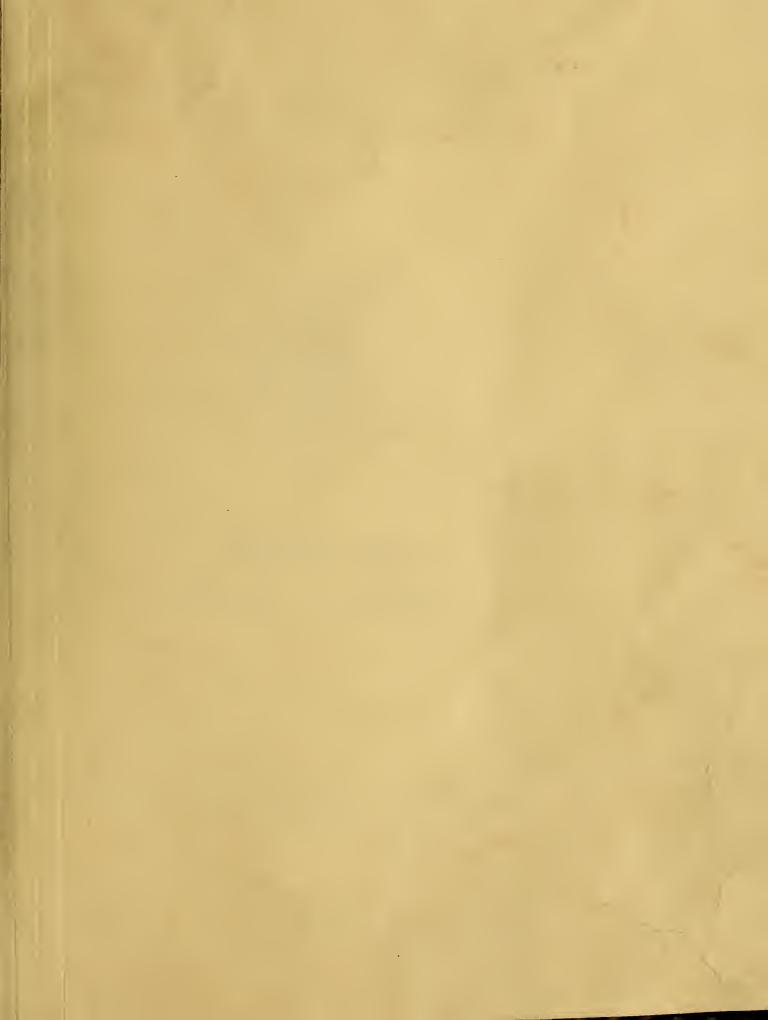


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